

Listening

- 1 You are going to listen to two people talking about an invented language called Toki Pona. What would you like to know about Toki Pona? Think of questions to ask.

Who invented it?

Do the words Toki Pona mean anything?

- 2 Read these incomplete notes. Do they answer any of your questions in 1?

Toki Pona

- 1 Sorija Lang is the creator of Toki Pona. She also works as a (a) journalist.
- 2 Toki Pona means 'communicate' and positive 'feelings' and 'joy'.
- 3 Toki Pona means (a) happy and (a) good.
- 4 Sorija created Toki Pona in the year (a) 2001.
- 5 Toki Pona has (a) (1) fewer and (a) fewer words.
- 6 In Toki Pona you can say many things using (a) fewer words.
- 7 The Toki Pona word 'lalo' means (a) happy.

In the beginning Toki Pona only had words for the numbers one, two and (a) three.

You can't say 'please' or 'thank you' in Toki Pona. You need to use (a) you can be happy instead.

The idea is that you can learn Toki Pona in (a) fewer hours.

People are learning Toki Pona in Japan, Belgium, (a) few and (a) few.



- 3 Listen and complete the notes in 2 with one or two words or a number in each gap.

Look back at your questions in 1. Did you find all the answers? If not, where could you find the answers?

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Critical thinkers

Grammar in context

Defining relative clauses
Look at these sentence questions.

- 1 It's a language (that) is called Toki Pona.
- 2 It isn't a language (that) is called Toki Pona.
- 3 Sorija Lang is the person (who) created Toki Pona.
- 4 'Pona' is a word (which) means 'good'.
- 5 Lang is the person (who) created Toki Pona.
- 6 Japan is just one country (that) uses it.
- 7 2001 was the year (when) Toki Pona was created.

Look at the sentences in 1. Which ones are defining relative clauses? Write the number of the sentence in the box.

- a things?
- b possessions?
- c places?
- d times?

2a Look at the sentences in 1. Which ones are defining relative clauses? Write the number of the sentence in the box.

2b Do defining relative clauses always come at the end of the sentence? Write 'yes' or 'no'.

3 Choose the correct alternative. Write the number of the sentence in the box.

- 1 She's the teacher (who) is from England.
- 2 These are the words (that) are in the dictionary.
- 3 An Americanism is a word (that) comes from the USA, not the UK.
- 4 The boy (who) I met on holiday is from London.
- 5 Swahili is one of the languages (that) are spoken in Kenya.
- 6 James Joyce was a writer (who) lived in Ireland.