

TEST YOURSELF 1

TEST 1

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. <u>media</u>	B. <u>re</u> cipte	C. <u>re</u> gular	D. <u>ge</u> neration
2. A. <u>s</u> uffer	B. <u>c</u> ulture	C. <u>infl</u> uence	D. <u>m</u> um
3. A. <u>availa</u> ble	B. <u>radiat</u> ion	C. <u>geograph</u> y	D. <u>inhabit</u> ant
4. A. <u>organ</u> ism	B. <u>ener</u> gy	C. <u>gap</u>	D. <u>ingred</u> ient
5. A. <u>netw</u> ork	B. <u>dwell</u> er	C. <u>waste</u>	D. <u>overcrow</u> ded

II. Find the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

1. A. organ	B. parent	C. promote	D. transport
2. A. family	B. reaction	C. opinion	D. essential
3. A. benefit	B. exercise	C. honesty	D. understand
4. A. familiar	B. generate	C. pollutant	D. assignment
5. A. renewable	B. sustainable	C. environment	D. infrastructure

III. Choose the word which is closest in meaning to the underlined word of the following sentences.

1. People of different generations often come into conflict with one another.
A. quarrel B. support C. belief D. agreement
2. Here are some principles for people to stick to if they want to stay healthy.
A. laws B. duties C. rules D. principals
3. If we have solar panels on our roofs, we'll be able to generate our own electricity.
A. afford B. light C. bring D. produce
4. Many city dwellers, especially those in developing countries, still live in poverty.
A. parents B. children C. residents D. immigrants
5. My brother grew up with technology and started using a computer at an early age.
A. old B. young C. middle D. late

IV. Choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the underlined word of the following sentences.

1. Regular exercise will help to strengthen your muscles.
A. boost B. increase C. build up D. weaken
2. It is important for parents to respect children's privacy.
A. obey B. love C. disrespect D. adore
3. He wants to be more independent when he grows up.
A. free B. dependent C. self-sufficient D. self-supporting
4. To reduce carbon emissions into the atmosphere, ways to limit the use of private cars must be found.
A. great B. public C. personal D. shared
5. High streets and regular shopping trips are becoming a thing of past, as so many of us are shopping online.
A. usual B. general C. common D. irregular

V. Choose the best option A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences.

1. He seemed a bit _____ yesterday.
A. badly B. awfully C. strange D. strangely
2. My mom _____ aerobics ten years ago.
A. does B. did C. has done D. is doing
3. All employees _____ late for work.
A. must B. mustn't C. have to D. don't have to
4. No one can prevent them _____ supporting her.
A. from B. against C. off D. on

5. People who live in towns and cities live in an _____ environment.
A. rural B. remote C. urban D. suburban

6. She left a message with a request _____ in the contract.
A. don't sign B. not sign C. to not sign D. not to sign

7. The government _____ to increase taxes on private cars.
A. just decides B. just decided C. had just decided D. has just decided

8. I think you _____ do exercise regularly in order to keep your body in good shape.
A. should B. shouldn't C. must D. have to

9. My parents don't let me get married until I graduate from university and they never _____ their mind about that.
A. keep B. change C. impose D. substain

10. The Internet of Things (IoT) allows the city planners and leaders to make cities more sustainable and provide enough _____.
A. accommodate B. accommodated C. accommodating D. accommodation

VI. Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with the most suitable word.

Millions of people today are overweight and out of shape. This is due in part to their diet, which is often high in sugars and fats. Another (1) _____ is that too many of us spend our evenings glued (2) _____ the television, instead of doing something to keep ourselves fit. Today hectic lifestyles also prevent us from spending as much time as we (3) _____ on staying in shape. Long hours at school and work don't leave us (4) _____ time for healthy eating. Convenience food, such as (5) _____ meals and canned vegetables, saves time but is often (6) _____. Fast food and takeaways are also responsible (7) _____ many health problems. In order to enjoy good health, a regular programme of (8) _____ is essential.

1. A. effect	B. reason	C. result	D. consequence
2. A. to	B. on	C. at	D. in
3. A. mustn't	B. have to	C. should	D. shouldn't
4. A. little	B. few	C. many	D. much
5. A. freeze	B. freezing	C. frozen	D. unfrozen
6. A. healthy	B. healthful	C. healthfully	D. unhealthy
7. A. for	B. to	C. about	D. with
8. A. homework	B. housework	C. exercise	D. exercises

VII. Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to each question.

The generation gap, which refers to a broad difference between one generation and another, especially between young people and their parents, usually leads to numerous conflicts. Such family conflicts can seriously threaten the relationship between parents and children at times.

It goes without saying that, however old their children are, parents still regard them as small kids and keep in mind that their **offspring** are too young to protect themselves cautiously or have wise choices. Therefore, they tend to make a great attempt to help their children to discover the outside world. Nevertheless, they forget that as children grow up, they want to be more independent and develop their own identity by creating their own opinions, thoughts, styles and values about life.

One common issue that drives conflicts is the clothes of teenagers. While teens are keen on wearing fashionable clothes which try to catch up with the youth trends, parents who value traditional clothes believe that those kinds of attire violate the rules and the norms of the society. It becomes worse when the expensive brand name clothes teens choose seem to be beyond the financial capacity of parents.

Another reason contributing to conflicts is the interest in choosing a career path or education between parents and teenagers. Young people are told that they have the world at their feet and that dazzling future opportunities are just waiting for them to **seize**. However, their parents try to impose their choices of university or career on them regardless of their children's preference.

Indeed, conflicts between parents and children are the everlasting family phenomena. It seems that the best way to solve the matter is open communication to create mutual trust and understanding.

1. Why do most parents still treat their teenage children like small kids?
 - A. Because children usually make mistakes.
 - B. Because they think that children can't protect themselves well.
 - C. Because they think that children are too young to live independently.
 - D. Because they think that children often quarrel with them.
2. The word "**offspring**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 - A. mind
 - B. children
 - C. parents
 - D. grandparents
3. What do parents usually do to help their children as they are young?
 - A. They take care of their children carefully.
 - B. They prepare everything for their children.
 - C. They want their children to be independent.
 - D. They encourage their children to explore the outside world.
4. Which kinds of clothes do teenagers want to wear?
 - A. casual clothes
 - B. traditional clothes
 - C. latest fashionable clothes
 - D. expensive sports clothes
5. The word "**seize**" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.
 - A. catch
 - B. find
 - C. impose
 - D. choose
6. What is the best way to solve conflicts between parents and children?
 - A. It is an everlasting family phenomena.
 - B. It is creating mutual trust.
 - C. It is creating mutual understanding.
 - D. Both B and c are correct.

VIII. Fill each of the numbered blanks with a correct sentence to complete the dialogue. Giaoandethitienga.info suru tam

- A. Sounds great!
- B. I'm not really sure about it.
- C. How will they do that?
- D. What makes you think like that?
- E. They will promote advanced technology to make greener motorbike.

Mike: Do you think Ho Chi Minh City will be a good place to live in 2050?

Phong: (1) _____ But I believe that it will better than now.

Mike: (2) _____

Phong: Well, although it's now an overcrowded city with lots of traffic jams and pollution, there are plans to improve the situation.

Mike: (3) _____

Phong: They will build smart underground transport networks. The city will no longer be full of cars.

Mike: Anything else?

Phong: (4) _____ What's more, they are growing more trees and encouraging people to use solar panels.

Mike: (5) _____ I hope their plans will come true and Ho Chi Minh city will become a more livable place.

IX. Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the given one.

1. If I were you, I would tell your parents the truth.
 - A. I think you don't tell your parents the truth.
 - B. I think you shouldn't tell your parents the truth.
 - C. I think you should tell your parents the truth.
 - D. I think you have to tell your parents the truth.
2. The burden will be lighter on everyone if household chores are shared.

- A. Everyone needs to share the household chores to reduce the burden.
- B. Everyone doesn't have to share the household chores to reduce the burden.
- C. Everyone shouldn't share the household chores to reduce the burden.
- D. Everyone must share the household chores not to reduce the burden.

3. I wanted to ask about going on a diet, so I went to see the doctor.

- A. Having been on a diet, I went to see the doctor.
- B. I went to see the doctor in order to ask about going on a diet.
- C. I went to see the doctor because I have wanted to ask about going on a diet.
- D. I have asked the doctor about going on a diet, so I don't have to see him.

4. I went on a strict diet in order to lose some weight.

- A. I think I should lose some weight.
- B. I thought I shouldn't go on a strict diet to lose some weight.
- C. I went on a strict diet because I wanted to lose some weight.
- D. I had to lose some weight before I went on a strict diet.

5. You have to finish your homework before you go to bed.

- A. You have to go to bed after you finish your homework.
- B. You can finish your homework after you go to sleep.
- C. Before you finish your homework, you can go to bed.
- D. You mustn't go to bed until you finish your homework.

6. He is a big fan of sports.

- A. He is really keen on playing sports.
- B. Playing sports makes him sick.
- C. He is not interested in sports.
- D. He never wears sports shoes.