

UNIT 7

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. programme B. project C. focus D. local
2. A. respect B. better C. technical D. equal
3. A. growth B. health C. with D. think

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

4. A. poverty B. advantage C. develop D. solution
5. A. opportunity B. international C. agricultural D. organisation

II. Choose the correct word.

6. Several new companies have already **gone to / entered / supplied** the market to sell their products.
7. WHO has called developing countries to **commit / say / state** themselves to decade programmes.
8. The organization **takes / welcomes / fills** applications from people of all races to participate in its programmes.
9. They want to **set out / set off / set up** their own import-export business.
10. The international organisation plans to **take / create / get** more jobs for social workers.

III. Complete the text with the words given.

support opportunities introduce farming
farmers offers focuses management

FAO and the smart farming project in Viet Nam

The four-year project¹¹ _____ on the northern mountainous provinces in Viet Nam.

The project provides technical help and ¹² _____ for greenhouse ¹³ _____ of fresh vegetables.

The project ¹⁴ _____ help of protected production systems of different vegetables, the post-harvest ¹⁵ _____ and marketing in order to have more ¹⁶ _____ to benefit.

After this project, another one will be launched to ¹⁷ _____ and foster hydroponics farming to ¹⁸ _____ in big cities and other provinces.

IV. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative forms.

19. Those banners of that campaign are _____ (nice) than these ones.
20. Ann is much _____ (beautiful) than Mary.
21. Today is _____ (hot) than yesterday.
22. These shoes are _____ (cheap) than those ones.
23. Tom's haircut is _____ (bad) than Mike's.
24. Mai is _____ (popular) than Lan.

V. Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

25. The speed of light is _____ the speed of sound.

- A. faster B. much faster than
C. the fastest D. as fast

26. Keith is _____ taller than her brother.

A. lightly B. delicately C. sparely D. slightly

27. Which of the following is _____ title for the passage?

A. the best B. better C. best D. good

28. I was relieved to see that the new computer software was _____ complicated to use than I had thought it would be.

A. much less B. far too C. the most D. so much

29. Of the three courses I did, this one is _____ interesting.

A. the hardest and more B. harder but more
C. the harder but more D. the hardest but most

30. Of the two films we watched yesterday, Titanic is _____.

A. the more interesting B. the most interesting
C. better interesting D. as interesting

VI. Complete the dialogue with the phrases below. There is one extra that you do not need.

- A. with enough essential nutrients, especially vegetables, sodium, and carbohydrates
- B. improve the diets of young mothers
- C. in northern mountainous provinces and Central Highlands region
- D. poor eating and feeding practices start from early days
- E. milk for children at primary schools in several provinces in our country
- F. among children under the age of five

Mai Our team is going to present one of UNICEF programmes in Viet Nam next Monday. We've decided to talk about poor diets for children.

Anna I think it's very interesting to talk about how to improve children's health.

Nam Me first. It is reported that there is a lack of important nutrients
31 _____

Nick Where can we find the problem?

Nam The _____ problem _____ is _____ alarming
32 _____.

Anna What does UNICEF provide to improve the situation?

Mai It sponsors lunch for children at the kindergartens in those regions ³³ _____

Nam Besides that, UNICEF also provides ³⁴ _____.

Nick Great. Milk is an essential nutrient for physical development in small children.

Mai One more detail. We cannot achieve progress in solving the problem unless we also ³⁵ _____

Anna You're right. UNICEF takes various measures to recommend healthy diets, and tries to lower underweight and overweight women who are likely to have low birth weight babies.

Mai Thank you all of you. I think we collect enough information for our presentation.

VII. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

The World Health Organization (WHO) is one of the ³⁶ _____ agencies of the United Nations, its constitution formally coming in force on the first World Health Day (April 7, 1948), when it was ratified by the 26th member state.

As well as coordinating international efforts to monitor outbreaks of infectious diseases, such as SARS, malaria, and AIDS, the WHO also ³⁷ _____ programmes to prevent and treat such diseases. The WHO supports the development and ³⁸ _____ of safe and effective vaccines, pharmaceutical diagnostics, and drugs. After years of fighting smallpox, the WHO declared in 1979 that the disease had been eradicated, the first disease in history to be eliminated by human effort.

The WHO is ³⁹ _____ in developing vaccines against malaria and aims to eradicate polio within the next few years. The organization has already endorsed the world's first official HIV/AIDS Toolkit for Zimbabwe (from October 3, 2006), making it an international ⁴⁰ _____.

36. A. former B. later C. original D. new
37. A. introduces B. sponsors C. shows D. makes
38. A. production B. storage C. distribution D. management
39. A. limited B. developed C. improved D. successful
40. A. requirement B. condition C. level D. standard

VIII. Choose the item among A, B, C or D that best answers the question about the passage.

The United Nations International Children's Fund (or UNICEF) was founded in 1946 to provide emergency food and healthcare to children in countries that had been devastated by World War II. Headquarters in New York City, it provides long-term humanitarian assistance to children and mothers in developing countries. UNICEF is currently focused on such problems as basic education and gender equality, child protection from violence, exploitation and abuse, and HIV/AIDS. Its child protection programmes also aim at children who are vulnerable to these abuses when living without parental care. These children are at risk of death, poor physical and mental health, HIV infection, educational problems, and poor parenting skills later in life.

Right now, UNICEF is working to help the **disabled** children in provinces in Central Viet Nam. Its first priorities are to find out where children with disabilities live and what their needs are. It will also work to meet disabled children's immediate needs: help build more centers for disabled children, give them access to medical care and make sure they receive aids like wheelchairs. Half of all children with disabilities are illiterate and most of them do not finish primary school. For the long term, UNICEF is already working with the Vietnamese government to fully integrate those with disabilities into society and to improve the rights of all disabled children.

41. What is one of the main tasks of UNICEF?
A. It creates opportunities for children to enjoy good educational system abroad.
B. It helps the old to have a comfortable life in the society.
C. It has programs to help poor and disabled children to have better life and overcome their educational problems.
D. It teaches illiterate people in developing countries to read and write.
42. Children are at risk of the problems such as _____.
A. illiteracy B. HIV infection
C. poor health D. All are correct
43. According to the passage, being lacked parental care means that _____.
A. children find it hard to be good parents in the future

- B. children become disabled
 - C. UNICEF built centers for them
 - D. children pay more attention to school life
44. UNICEF is now helping the disabled children in provinces in Central Viet Nam by_____.
- A. preventing them from HIV/AIDS infection
 - B. providing them with medical care
 - C. teaching them about gender equality
 - D. finding parents for them
45. The word ‘disabled’ in paragraph 2 means _____.
- A. unable to speak at all
 - B. unable to hear
 - C. unable to use part of the body in a normal way
 - D. unable to read and write

IX. Write about one of the UNICEF projects and the benefits, using the prompts below.

UNICEF Tap Project

46. UNICEF Tap Project / start / 2007 / New York City restaurants / where / each diner / donate /\$1/ support UNICEF water and hygiene programmes

47. since then / Tap Project / expand / and / many restaurants / throughout / USA / many countries / participate / project

48. water / a daily privilege / most of us / take for granted / but / some children / die every day / due to / lack / clean water

49. many governments, organizations and celebrities / support / project / and / also help / send UNICEF’s message / world water crisis / social networking sites

50. nowadays / children / many countries / enjoy / clean water / free
