

FOOD CONTAINERS

CAN / TIN

BOTTLE

BOWL

JAR

MUG

GLASS

CARTON



Complete dialogues with the following words:

CARTON

CAN

BOTTLE

JAR

BOWL

GLASS

MUG

- HOW MANY SUGAR IS THERE IN ONE _____ OF COLA?
- ABOUT 10 TEASPOONS.
- WOW, THAT'S A LOT! I NEED TO STOP DRINKING SO MUCH COLA.

- I MADE MYSELF A BIG _____ OF COCOA AND A _____ OF OATMEAL.

- HOW MANY _____ OF COFFEE DO YOU DRINK PER DAY?
- NOT MANY. AROUND 3.

CARTON
- HEY, COULD YOU GRAB THE _____ OF JAM FROM THE FRIDGE?
- SURE THING. WHICH FLAVOR?
- STRAWBERRY, PLEASE.

- HEY, COULD YOU GRAB THE _____ OF EGGS FROM THE FRIDGE?
- SURE. HOW MANY DO YOU NEED?
- JUST TWO, PLEASE.
- GOT IT! TWO EGGS ARE COMING.

- COULD YOU GRAB THE _____ OF WINE FROM THE KITCHEN?
- RED OR WHITE?
- RED, PLEASE. AND COULD YOU POUR ME A _____ OF WINE?
- ABSOLUTELY. HERE YOU GO.

HOW MUCH? - HOW MANY?

1. QUANTITY OR AMOUNT

МЫ ИСПОЛЬЗУЕМ HOW MUCH ИЛИ HOW MANY ЧТОБЫ УЗНАТЬ КОЛИЧЕСТВО ЧЕГО-ТО.

MUCH + НЕИСЧИСЛЯЕМОЕ СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ (НЕЛЬЗЯ ПОСЧИТАТЬ)

MANY + ИСЧИСЛЯЕМОЕ СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ ВО МНОЖЕСТВЕННОМ ЧИСЛЕ (МОЖНО ПОСЧИТАТЬ)

MUCH + UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

- How much time do we have?
- How much money do you need?
- How much sugar would you like in your coffee?
- How much paper will I need?
- How much milk is in the fridge?
- How much traffic was there on the way to work?

MANY + PLURAL COUNTABLE NOUNS

- How many days are there in January?
- How many people work in your company?
- How many cousins do you have?
- How many books did you buy?
- How many countries are there in the world?
- How many chairs are there in this room?
- How many pieces of chocolate would you like?

2. PRICE (ЦЕНА)

WE USE MUCH WHEN WE WANT TO KNOW THE PRICE OF SOMETHING

МЫ ИСПОЛЬЗУЕМ MUCH + СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ В ЕДИНСТВЕННОМ ИЛИ
МНОЖЕСТВЕННОМ ЧИСЛЕ, КОГДА ХОТИМ ЗНАТЬ ЦЕНУ ЧЕГО-ЛИБО

MUCH + SINGULAR/PLURAL COUNTABLE NOUNS

- How much is that painting?
- How much are those shoes?
- How much did your jacket cost?
- How much is the dress on display in the window?
- How much will it cost me?
- How much does it cost?

3. OMITTING THE NOUN

ПРОПУСК СУЩЕСТВЕЛЬНОГО

OFTEN THE NOUN IS OMITTED IN THE QUESTION WHEN IT IS OBVIOUS WHAT WE ARE TALKING ABOUT.

ЧАСТО СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ ОПУСКАЕТСЯ В ВОПРОСЕ, КОГДА ОЧЕВИДНО, О ЧЕМ МЫ ГОВОРИМ.

A: I would like to buy some cheese.

B: How much (cheese) would you like?

THE NOUN CHEESE IS NOT NECESSARY AFTER HOW MUCH SINCE WE ALREADY KNOW WE ARE TALKING ABOUT CHEESE.

МЫ УЖЕ ЗНАЕМ, ЧТО РЕЧЬ ИДЕТ О СЫРЕ, ПОЭТОМУ МЫ НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЕМ ЕЩЕ РАЗ ЭТО СЛОВО ПОСЛЕ HOW MUCH.

MORE EXAMPLES:

A: I need some coins.

B: How many do you need?

A: I need some sugar.

B: How much do you need?

1. Complete with how much or how many.

- How _____ work do you have to do?
- How _____ countries have you visited?
- How _____ students are in the room?
- How _____ does that dress cost?
- How _____ milk is in the fridge?
- How _____ days are in February?
- How _____ food do you eat?
- How _____ planets are there in our solar system?

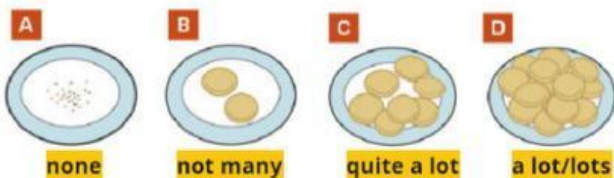


2. Choose how much or how many.

- How many / How much eggs did you buy?
- How many / How much coffee did you drink last night?
- How many / How much girls are there in your group?
- How many / How much cans of beer do you want?
- How many / How much are the oranges?
- How many / How much time have you got?
- How many / How much stars can you see in the sky?
- How many / How much sugar would you like in your tea?
- How many / How much money did you pay for your laptop?
- How many / How much hours do you sleep every night?
- How many / How much English words do you know?
- How many / How much water do you drink?

QUANTIFIERS

How many cookies are there?



How much water is there in?



WE USE **QUANTIFIERS** FOR SHORT ANSWERS TO **HOW MUCH/HOW MANY**.

МЫ ИСПОЛЬЗУЕМ **QUANTIFIERS** ДЛЯ КОРОТКИХ ОТВЕТОВ НА **HOW MUCH/HOW MANY**.

How much cheese do we have? - None

How many friends do you have? - None,

WE USE **A LOT / LOTS (OF), QUITE A LOT (OF), NOT MUCH/MANY + NOUN**.

1 MAKE SENTENCE B OPPOSITE OF SENTENCE A.

СДЕЛАЙТЕ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЕ Б ПРОТИВОПОЛОЖНЫМ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЮ А.

USE QUANTIFIERS IN THE BOX.

a lot of much many none no

- a) I don't drink very much coffee.

b) I drink a lot of coffee.
- a) I have a lot of friends.

b) I don't have _____ friends.
- a) There's a lot of pasta in the jar.

b) There isn't _____ pasta in the jar.
- a) I don't have much time to relax.

b) I have _____ time to relax.
- a) There are some tomatoes in the fridge.

b) There are _____ tomatoes in the fridge.
- a) Stamps? Yes, there are some here.

b) Stamps? No, there are _____ here.

A LOT / LOTS (OF)

МНОГО

- There are **a lot of** flowers in the garden.
- There are **lots of** stars in the night sky.
- There are **a lot of** people at the concert.
- We bought **lots of** groceries (products) for the party.
- How many fruits do you eat? - **A lot.**

QUITE A LOT (OF)

ДОСТАТОЧНО МНОГО

- He has **quite a lot of** friends in university.
- We ate **quite a lot of** pizza at the party.
- They spent **quite a lot of** money on their holiday.
- How much water do you drink? - **Quite a lot.**

NOT MUCH/MANY

НЕМНОГО

- I don't **drink much** water.
- There's **not much** time left before the movie starts.
- There's **not much** milk left in the fridge.

VOCABULARY

RESTAURANT WORDS

Match the word to the meaning

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 a menu | a) you pay this at the end |
| 2 a chef | b) he/she brings the food |
| 3 a dish | c) food cooked in a special way |
| 4 a bill | d) a list of food with prices |
| 5 order | e) he/she cooks |
| 6 a tip | f) ask for food |
| 7 a waiter/waitress | g) extra money for service |

1 Complete the article with the words in the box. Use each word twice.

menu chef dishes bill order tip waiter

The American diner

The American diner is a great place to eat, but it's strange for foreigners. When you sit down, someone brings you a glass of ice water. You don't ¹ order the water – it just comes. The ² _____ is not a simple list of food. It's a long list with hundreds of ³ _____. A ⁴ _____ in a diner can cook anything and everything! Luckily, there are often pictures of some of the ⁵ _____ in the ⁶ _____ to help you choose. When you ⁷ _____ a simple sandwich, the ⁸ _____ asks you lots of questions – what sort of bread, if you want cheese on it, etc. He writes all the information down and gives it to the ⁹ _____. At the end of the meal, you ask for the ¹⁰ _____. Usually, you leave the money on the table with the ¹¹ _____ and you leave a ¹² _____ of 15–20 percent. It's important to leave a ¹³ _____ – in the U.S., a ¹⁴ _____ doesn't get much money!



2 A Put the words in the correct order to make a conversation.

- Waiter: ready / you / order / to / are
¹ Are you ready to order ?
- Customer: soup, / like / I'd / onion / please / some
² _____
- Waiter: like / a / you / would / course / main
³ _____ ?
- Customer: some / could / lamb / I / roast / have
⁴ _____ ?
- Waiter: you / would / like / what / vegetables
⁵ _____ ?
- Customer: I / and / have / please / potatoes / peas, / can
⁶ _____ ?
- Waiter: drink / something / to
⁷ _____ ?
- Customer: I / some / mineral / have / could / water
⁸ _____ ?

B Complete the conversation with sentences a)–f).

- a) No, thanks.
 b) Eat in, please.
 c) Can I have two chicken sandwiches, please?
 d) Can I have a soda and a water?
 e) No, medium fries, please.
 f) A large soda, please.
- Server: Afternoon. What can I get you?
- Customer: ¹ C
- Server: Certainly – two chicken sandwiches. Large fries with those?
- Customer: ² _____
- Server: What drink would you like with your meal?
- Customer: ³ _____
- Server: Sure. Small, medium or large soda?
- Customer: ⁴ _____
- Server: Anything else?
- Customer: ⁵ _____
- Server: Is that eat in or take away?
- Customer: ⁶ _____
- Server: Thanks. Have a nice meal.