HISTORICAL SOURCES

PRIMARY SOURCES Primary sources are immediate, first-hand accounts of a topic, from people who had a direct connection with it. It serves as an original source of information about the topic.

Secondary sources are one step removed from primary sources, though they often quote or otherwise use primary sources. They can cover the same topic, but add a layer of interpretation and analysis. **SECONDARY SOURCES**

Archaeological Artifacts = Primary Sources

Look at each of the 4 artifacts below, what inferences can you draw from them about the people who owned/made them? Write 1 or more detail about the people who owned each artifact in the blanks.






ARTIFACT, ECOFACT, OR FEATURE

Drag each card below onto the correct pile.

Artifacts

Any object made or altered by a person

Ecofacts

A natural object used by people with no changes

Features

Something made or altered by people that is too large and/or fragile to collect


Burnt maize on the cob.


Remains of a post (a post mold)


Deer bone awls (sewing needles)


A metal ring.


A bone toothbrush and a set of dentures


The remaining walls of a stone cottage


Metal scissors.


A domino tile made from animal bone.


Carbonized pumpkin seeds


Chert Arrowpoints


A sherd of pottery.


Pottery


Beaver jaw with teeth.


Carbonized bean seeds


A hearth (fire pit)

Draw lines connecting each source to the correct source type:

PAINTINGS FROM REFERENCE, MEMORY, OR IMAGINATION



DIARY



FILMS



GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS



PHOTOGRAPHS



ESSAYS



PRIMARY SOURCES

SECONDARY SOURCES

HISTORIES



ARCHAEOLOGICAL ARTIFACTS



Hint: link each source directly to one dot

TEXTBOOKS



ARTICLES



CLOTHING



MOVIES



PAINTINGS FROM REAL LIFE SUBJECTS



LIVEWORKSHEETS