

REVISION FOR THE 2nd MID- TERM TEST

A. THEORY

1. Phonetics

- /θ/ and /ð/
- /e/ and /æ/
- /əʊ/ and /aʊ/

2. Vocabulary: main topics

- Television
- Sports and games
- Cities of the world

3. Main grammatical points

- Wh- question words
- Conjunction in compound sentences: and, but, so
- Past simple
- Imperatives
- Possessive adjectives
- Possessive pronouns

4. Language skills

- Reading skills: reading comprehension, gap-filling ...
- Listening (units 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6): multiple choice, sentence completion ...
- Writing: rewriting sentences, writing a sentence based on cue words ...

B. PRACTICE

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>pr</u> ize | B. exc <u>i</u> te | C. de <u>s</u> ign | D. ca <u>p</u> ital |
| 2. A. <u>c</u> old | B. ph <u>o</u> to | C. <u>t</u> ower | D. po <u>s</u> ter |
| 3. A. <u>c</u> ity | B. <u>c</u> apital | C. n <u>i</u> ce | D. exc <u>i</u> te |
| 4. A. to <u>m</u> orrow | B. <u>t</u> ower | C. cr <u>o</u> wd | D. <u>a</u> round |
| 5. A. <u>l</u> eft | B. w <u>e</u> st | C. <u>s</u> ee | D. <u>b</u> ell |
| 6. A. <u>g</u> ame | B. <u>f</u> amily | C. pr <u>o</u> gramme | D. <u>t</u> raffic |
| 7. A. hea <u>l</u> thy | B. wea <u>th</u> er | C. b <u>o</u> th | D. mara <u>th</u> on |
| 8. A. <u>t</u> he | B. <u>t</u> hink | C. w <u>i</u> th | D. <u>t</u> hey |
| 9. A. <u>t</u> ennis | B. <u>e</u> xercise | C. b <u>a</u> dminton | D. <u>c</u> hess |
| 10. A. po <u>s</u> tcards | B. <u>h</u> ome | C. s <u>o</u> | D. <u>p</u> ower |

II. Choose A, B, C, D to indicate the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. bicycle | B. motorbike | C. running | D. boat |
| 2. A. shoes | B. gloves | C. sunglasses | D. tennis |
| 3. A. viewer | B. MC | C. studio | D. newsreader |
| 4. A. programme | B. reporter | C. journalist | D. weatherman |
| 5. A. interesting | B. boring | C. thrilling | D. shopping |
| 6. A. aerobics | B. fishing | C. club | D. jogging |
| 7. A. Europe | B. Japan | C. Korea | D. Thailand |
| 8. A. Germany | B. Egypt | C. Moscow | D. India |
| 9. A. Australia | B. France | C. America | D. Africa |

III. Choose the correct answer.

1. 'Why are you laughing so hard?' 'I am watching a.....It's really funny!'
A. drama B. news C. comedy D. romance
2. "Who wants to be a millionaire" is a kind of
A. music programmes B. game shows C. talk shows D. reality shows
3. I want to buy a new jacket,.....I don't have enough money.
A. and B. so C. but D. because
4. I'd like to see that Korean bandtheir music is pretty cool.
A. or B. so C. because D. but
5. You must hurry...you will miss your train.
A. so B. but C. and D. or
6. "Who wants to be a millionaire" is... at eight o'clock every Tuesday night.
A. in B. on C. at D. From
7. does Sam watch the "Muppet Show"? - On every Sunday afternoon.
A. What B. When C. What time D. Why
8. Football is an example of a/an...sport where you play with several other people.
A. team B. individual C. indoor D. dangerous
9.up the tree! You'll fall down.
A. Climb B. Climbing C. Not to climb D. Don't climb
10.are the Olympic Games held? - Every four years.
A. Where B. Where C. How long D. How often
11. Which sport happens in a ring?
A. Boxing B. Basketball C. Aerobics D. Swimming.
12. Manchester is famous for football teams.
A. it B. his C. her D. its
13. People in Tokyo are very politefriendly.
A. or B. and C. but D. So
14. Yesterday, Ito a souvenir shop near the exit of the aquarium.
A. go B. gone C. went D. goes
15.is a marathon in miles? About 26 miles.
A. How often B. How many C. How long D. How wide
16. The Statue of Liberty is one of the most famous in the United States.
A. towers B. landmarks C. capitals D. cities

17. Disney Channel is one of the most channels.....children .
 A. good - for B. exciting - of C. popular - to D. popular – for
18. VTV is a..... television channel in Viet Nam, and it attracts millions of TV viewers in Viet Nam.
 A. wide B. local C. international D. national
19. Because it doesn't snow in Viet Nam, we cannot..... skiing.
 A. play B. go C. do D. went
20. What's your favourite.....?" – "I like swimming."
 A. subject B. game C. sport D. teacher
21. My house is near house, so I usually go there and play badminton with her.
 A. his B. she C. her D. hers
22. "..... watch TV too much". "I see"
 A. Don't B. Do C. Did D. didn't
23. Tamthree goals for our team and made it a hat trick.
 A. scores B. scored C. plays D. played
24. _____does your sister watch TV? - Every evening.
 A. When B. How much C. What time D. How often
25. *Shaun the Sheep*_____ his favourite cartoon when he was a child.
 A. is B. are C. was D. were
26. Peter was the _____for the gameshow, and we were viewers.
 A. MC B. interviewer C. newsreader D. writer
27. Kids like _____because they are so funny.
 A. cartoons B. discovery C. documentary D. news
28. Billy turned on the radio to listen to the _____.
 A. documentary B. cartoon C. sports news D. romance
29. He likes outdoor _____such as football and cycling.
 A. events B. exercises C. activities D. games
30. Their city is very _____, and it has a lot of new buildings.
 A. old B. modern C. polluted D. noisy

IV. Find a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence.

1. Where was you last weekend? - I was at home.
 A B C D
2. The car stoped at the traffic lights.
 A B C D
3. Paul is very tired because he didn't slept well last night.
 A B C D
4. When did you buy this house? - We buy it three years ago.
 A B C D

5. What activity do you prefer, doing aerobics or playing tennis?

A B C D

V. Choose the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

- "Have a nice weekend". "_____"
A. My pleasure B. So polite C. Same to you D. Never mind
- A: Excuse me? B: _____
A. What B. Yes C. No D. Thank you
- "Sam, I passed the exam." "Did you? _____."
A. Congratulations B. Good idea C. Best wishes D. With pleasure
- "Hi, Bill! Congratulations!" "_____"
A. All right B. You are right C. That's good D. Thank you
- "I won the high jump yesterday." "_____"
A. It's a small thing B. That's all C. I hope so D. Congratulations to you!

VI. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the questions.

- He started drawing cartoons when he was still at school.
A. live show B. talent show C. animated films D. game show
- He is an intelligent boy. He answers questions quickly and correctly.
A. clever B. silly C. caring D. confident
- This dish is delicious with ice cream.
A. beautiful B. tasty C. interesting D. sunny
- I love looking at tall buildings at night with their colourful lights.
A. sky trains B. skyscrapers C. skylines D. sky zones
- Oxford University is the most ancient university in Britain.
A. biggest B. youngest C. oldest D. most famous

VII. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the questions.

- This channel has many educational programmes.
A. entertaining B. best C. popular D. live
- This music show is very interesting.
A. relaxing B. boring C. shopping D. funny
- Close the window, it's rainy outside.
A. Park B. Keep C. Try D. Open
- This bag is very expensive, so be sure to use it in warm weather.
A. cheap B. small C. old D. large
- March is the rainy season in Britain.
A. windy B. cloudy C. snowy D. sunny

VIII. Choose the word which best fits each gap.

Television first came some sixty years ago in the 1950s. Nowadays, it is one of the most (1)_____ sources of entertainment for both the old and the young. Television brings (2)_____ for children, world news, music and many other (3)_____. If someone likes sports, he can just choose the right sports (4)_____. It is not difficult for us to see why (5)_____ is a TV set in almost every home today.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. cheap | B. expensive | C. popular | D. exciting |
| 2. A. news | B. cartoons | C. sports | D. plays |
| 3. A. sets | B. reports | C. channels | D. programmes |
| 4. A. television | B. channel | C. time | D. studio |
| 5. A. it | B. this | C. that | D. there |

IX. Read the passage, and then choose the correct answers.

Tokyo is the capital of Japan. In Tokyo, there are always too many people in the place where you want to come. People are very polite even when they often spend a long time on traffic jams. Tokyo is different from London when you want to walk to a place. During the day, most people travel to work by train. Tokyo people buy six million train tickets every day. Although they are usually crowded, Japanese trains are very good. They always leave and arrive on time. On a London train, everybody in a seat seems to be asleep whether the journey is long or short. The worst time to be in the street at night is about 11.30 when the nightclubs are closing and everybody wants to go home.

1. **Tokyo is different from London because _____.**
A. it has a larger population B. it is a noisy city
C. it is more difficult to walk to somewhere D. its people are friendly and more polite
2. **When does the writer think the worst time to go into the street?**
A. When the nightclubs are closing. B. At 8.00 am.
C. When the trains are full. D. At 11.30 am
3. **What does the writer think of Japanese trains?**
A. They are very nice and comfortable. B. There are not enough trains.
C. They often run late. D. They leave and arrive on time.
4. **In London trains, every British _____ in a seat.**
A. reads a newspaper B. looks like being asleep
C. talks with other people D. looks out of the window.
5. **Which statement is NOT TRUE according to the passage?**
A. Most people in Tokyo travel to work by train.
B. It is very difficult to go around in Tokyo.
C. When Japanese people are on traffic jams, they are not polite.
D. Trains in Tokyo are very good - they always leave and arrive on time.

X. Make questions for the underlined words.

1. My family moved to Sydney in 1997.
.....

2. He travelled to Mexico by train.
.....

3. The students usually play football after school.
.....

4. Minh goes to the karate club three times a week
.....

5. He met Andy at the cinema last week.
.....

XI. Rearrange the words to make correct sentences.

1. wonderful/ in/ We/ time/ are/ Hanoi/ a/ having.
.....

2. the/ Yesterday/ Temple of Literature/ visited/ we.
.....

3. you/ practise/ table tennis/ How often/ do/ playing?

4. the match / win / your team / Did / last Sunday?

5. arrive / the stadium / at / What time / you / did?

XII. Make the sentences using a conjunction: but; and; or; so.

1. We know him. We know his friends.

2. It is stupid to do that. It is quite unnecessary.

3. I wanted to go. He wanted to stay.

4. You can go there by bus. You can go there by train.

5. He often watches news programmes. He gets a lot of information about society.

XIII. Use imperatives to write the following sentences.

1. The class is very noisy when the teacher is away for a few minutes.

You say, "....."

2. Nam watches too much television but doesn't play any sports.

You say, "....."

3. The examinations are coming, but your classmate, Hung, doesn't study hard enough.

You say, "....."

4. The pool is very deep, and it also has rocks.

You say, "....."

5. Teasing wild animals is very dangerous.

You say, "....."

---GOOD LUCK TO YOU --