

Full name:

SECOND MID-TERM TEST 2

Time allowed: 60 minutes

PART A: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

For questions from 1 to 50: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer.

I. Choose the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.

II. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D whose stress pattern is pronounced differently from the others.

III. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

Tom: It's a place where a type of plant or animal lives.

- A. What does “habitat” mean?
- B. Could you show me the zoo?
- C. What makes up a habitat?
- D. Have you ever visited a habitat?

9. Ann: Over 1,000 people were killed in an earthquake in Afghanistan last year.

Stefanie:

- A. It was an earthquake
- B. That's awful
- C. Are you from Afghanistan?
- D. How do you do?

10. Mrs. Martinez was reading a mystery novel at 8 p.m. _____.

11. Take your student card with you, you'll get a _____ of 30%.

12. _____ my family applied the Save Our Energy rules, our monthly use of

13. Our project aims to promote the _____ to make our planet Earth healthy.

IV. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

22. Car owners are asked to cut down on travel in the city centre during the peak hours.
A. completely stop B. ride together C. reduce D. increase

23. Shop owners may utilise store space by attractively positioning products on display.
A. waste B. decorate C. upgrade D. make use of

V. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

VI. There is one mistake in each sentence. Find and correct it.

A. As soon as	B. the	C. was moving	D. a
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28. There is no need to hurry because the train is not leaving until 11.

A. is	B. need	C. because	D. is not leaving
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29. The burning of fossil fuel creates carbon dioxide, which contributes greatly to global warming.

A. fossil fuel	B. creates	C. greatly	D. to
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30. Many organizations are working to help save endangered animals from extinct.

A. organizations	B. working	C. endangered animals	D. extinct
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VII. To complete the following text, choose the correct word A, B, or C for each gap.

Water pollution happens (31) _____ toxic substances enter water bodies such as lakes, rivers, oceans and so on, getting dissolved in them, lying suspended in the water or depositing on the bed. This degrades the quality of water. Not (32) _____ does this spell disaster for aquatic ecosystems, the pollutants also seep through and reach the groundwater, which might end up in our households as contaminated water we use in our daily activities, including drinking.

Water pollution can be (33) _____ in a number of ways, one of the most polluting being city sewage and industrial waste discharge. Indirect sources (34) _____ water pollution include contaminants that enter the water supply from soils or groundwater systems and the atmosphere via rain. Soils and groundwater contain (35) _____ residue of human agricultural practices and also improperly disposed of industrial wastes.

Pollutants can be of varying kinds: organic, inorganic, radioactive and so on. In fact, the list of possible water contaminants is just too vast to be listed here.

31. A. what	B. when	C. why	D. while
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32. A. both	B. only	C. well	D. either
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33. A. cause	B. caused	C. causing	D. causes
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34. A. of	B. in	C. at	D. for
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35. A. a	B. an	C. the	D.
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VIII. Read the following article and mark the letter A, B, or C to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

THE BIG THAW

The Chacaltaya ski area in Bolivia used to be the highest in the world. Although it was less than a kilometre long, it hosted international ski competitions. Today the snow has almost gone, and so have Chacaltaya's days as a popular ski resort.

The ski area sits upon a small mountain glacier, which was already getting smaller when the ski area opened in 1939. In the past ten years, however, the glacier has been melting at an increased rate. As the glacier melts, dark rocks beneath it are uncovered. The sun then heats the rocks, causing faster melting. Despite attempts to make snow with snow machines, this cycle seems unstoppable **IN THE LONG RUN**.

As experts debate how to solve the global warming problem, ice in mountains such as Chacaltaya and near the North and South Poles is melting faster than even the most pessimistic environmentalists may have once feared. Rising air and sea temperatures are two well-known causes, but researchers have recently discovered other unexpected processes that take place as glaciers melt. The effects are having an impact on humans even now, and they could change the face of the world in the future.

Serious Consequences

The glaciers of the Himalayas and the Andes could disappear in this century. As a result, the millions of people in India, Bolivia, and Peru who now depend on melting water from mountain glaciers could find themselves in a critical situation. The ice sheet of Greenland is also melting more quickly than scientists predicted. Greenland's largest outlet glacier,* the Jacobshavn Isbra glacier, is moving toward the sea twice as fast as it was in 1995. One cause could be meltwater" that runs down to the bottom of the glacier and gets between the ice and the rock below. This water makes it easier for the glacier to slide along to the ocean.

Many ice researchers believe that Greenland's melting if it continues, will add at least three feet to global sea levels by the year 2100. If the ice sheet of Antarctica, now largely unaffected, begins to melt, the next few centuries could see a six-foot rise in sea levels, forcing tens of millions of people out of their homes.

How can we avoid these dire consequences of global warming? "We have to have a serious and immediate shift in attitude," says Laurie David, producer of the prize-winning movie *An Inconvenient Truth*, which helped to raise awareness of the problem. Many believe that an attitude of hope and a desire to stay informed make a good beginning. An informed public is in a better position to help address this critical issue.

For questions 36-39, choose the best answer for each question.

36. What was the author's purpose in writing this passage?

- A. to explain the problem of melting glaciers
- B. to suggest how to slow the melting of glaciers
- C. to illustrate how glaciers are formed and disappear
- D. to explain the causes of global warming

37. In paragraph 2, the phrase "IN THE LONG RUN" is closest in meaning to

- A. in the near future
- B. over a long period of time.
- C. depending on the length of time.
- D. for a long time without stopping.

38. What do many researchers believe will happen by the year 2100?

- A. The ice sheet of Antarctica will begin to melt.
- B. Tens of millions of people will be forced out of their homes.

- C. The melting of Antarctic ice will add 20 feet to sea levels.
- D. Global sea levels will rise at least three feet.

39. What is happening to the ice sheet of Antarctica?

- A. It is melting dangerously quickly.
- B. Its outlet glaciers are all speeding up.
- C. Its condition isn't changing very much.
- D. It is causing a rise in global sea levels.

For questions 40-45, match three of the processes with each glacier. Put them in the correct order.

- a. Water gets between the glacier and the rock below
- b. The glacier melts more quickly.
- c. The rocks absorb heat from the sun.
- d. Meltwater runs down to the bottom of the glacier.
- e. Dark rocks beneath the glacier are uncovered.
- f. The glacier slides more quickly.

GLACIER

Chacaltaya

40. ____ 41. ____ 42. ____

Jacobshavn Isbrae

43. ____ 44. ____ 45. ____

IX. LISTENING 1:

For questions 46 - 50, choose the correct answer.

You will hear a radio interview with the manager of a new shopping centre, Rob Stevens.

46. How long has the shopping centre been open?

- A. less than six months
- B. a little more than a year
- C. about eight months

47. One advantage of the shopping centre is _____.

- A. it's close to the city centre.
- B. the free bus service.
- C. you can access it by car, bus and underground.

48. What problem might drivers have in the city centre?

- A. They can't leave their car there for a long time.
- B. Parking is very expensive.
- C. Cars aren't allowed in the city centre.

49. What is true about the play area?

- A. Children must be with their parents at all times.
- B. There will always be someone looking after the children.
- C. There are doctors ready to help if needed.

50. What can you do in the gardens?

- A. go fishing in the lake
- B. play outdoor sports
- C. row a boat

PART B: WRITING

For questions from 51 to 65: Write your answers on the answer sheet.

X. LISTENING 2:

For questions 51 - 55, write the correct answer in the gap. Write ONE WORD or TWO WORDS or a NUMBER or a DATE or a TIME.

You will hear a radio presenter called Erica talking about how we can help the environment.

HOW TO HELP THE ENVIRONMENT

- Remember that when we're (51) _____ we always have the choice to buy something somewhere else.
- Take (52) _____ with you the next time you go shopping.
- Recycle unwanted things by giving them to (53) _____.
- See how you might be able to help with (54) _____ problems where you live.
- Ask your friends to help you clear rubbish and litter from (55) _____ and streets in your area.
- Try car-sharing with your neighbor if you work in the same area.

XI. Complete the sentence by changing the form of the word in capitals.

56. Companies should always tell the truth in their _____ (ADVERTISE)

57. Even very good-quality clothes are quite _____ in this shop. (AFFORD)

58. Lead and aluminium are common _____ that can be found in drinking water. (CONTAMINATE)

59. Many environmentalists believe that _____ is the main cause of climate change. (FOREST)

60. Credit cards are really _____, but you have to be careful with them. (USE)

XII. Complete the second sentence using the word given so that it has the same meaning as the first.

61. The film started, and then we got to the cinema. (BY THE TIME)

62. If he doesn't come in time, he will not be able to join the meeting. (COMES)

63. She didn't sell her house until her company went bankrupt. (DID)

Not until _____

64. She waited for an answer. At the same time, someone opened the door. (WHILE)

65. The ocean water became contaminated as a result of the oil spills. (RESULTED IN)
