

Name:

Date: ... / ... /20...

Class: S5

Tel: 034.200.9294



Từ vựng:

Viết:

Nghe:

Mini Test:

GLOBAL ENGLISH 5

UNIT 9: ANIMAL KINGDOM – VOCABULARY 1

❖ **Lưu ý 1:** Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu đề có chú thích nghĩa: con về nhà chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ nhé.

❖ **Lưu ý 2:** Con không sử dụng dạng viết tắt của các trợ động từ ở thể phủ định.

❖ **Lưu ý 3:** Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.

❖ **Lưu ý 4:** Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

A. VOCABULARY

No.	Words	Meaning	No.	Words	Meaning
1	Antarctica (n)	Nam Cực	11	African dwarf frog (n)	ếch bò châu Phi
2	freshwater (adj)	nước ngọt	12	camouflage (n/v)	ngụy trang
3	mountain (n)	núi	13	predator (n)	thú ăn thịt
4	ocean (n)	đại dương	14	prey (n)	con mồi
5	desert (n)	sa mạc	15	habitat (n)	môi trường sống
6	horned viper (n)	rắn sừng	16	pygmy seahorse (n)	cá ngựa lùn
7	stick insect (n)	bọ que	17	chameleon (n)	tắc kè hoa
8	elephant seal (n)	hải tượng	18	territory (n)	lãnh thổ
9	clownfish (n)	cá hề	19	cuttlefish (n)	mực nang
10	golden eagle (n)	chim ưng vàng			

Vocabulary from KET

No.	Words	Meaning	No.	Words	Meaning
1	organise (v)	tổ chức	4	cartoon (n)	hoạt hình
2	fantastic (adj)	tuyệt vời	5	drawer (n)	ngăn kéo
3	skateboard (n)	ván trượt	6	blonde (adj)	màu vàng (của tóc)

❖ **Note :** v = verb: động từ, n = noun: danh từ, adj = adjective: tính từ

❖ Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép vào vở mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

Exercise 1: Circle the most appropriate answers

0. I went hiking to the top of the _____ yesterday.

☒ A. mountain B. ocean C. habitat D. resident

1. _____ are too fragile (yếu đuối) to fend off (đối phó) predators, so they camouflage to survive.

A. Gorillas B. Territory C. Habitat D. Pygmy seahorses

2. The _____ is a poisonous animal but usually feeds on lizards.

A. golden eagle B. horned viper C. elephant seal D. stick insect

3. We had an amazing and inspiring adventure to _____ - the land of ice last month.

A. desert B. ocean C. freshwater D. Antarctica

4. It is not true to think that all _____ have high temperature.

A. oceans B. mountains C. deserts D. prey

5. Many animals use camouflage to protect their _____ and themselves from predators.

A. center B. territory C. seahorse D. ground

Exercise 2: Fill in the blank with words from the box

camouflage	chameleon	predator	ocean	clownfish	elephant seal
------------	-----------	----------	-------	-----------	---------------

0. The sound of waves crashing against the shore is one of the most calming sounds of the ocean.

1. The soldier put on his _____ uniform before heading out on the mission.

2. The lion is a powerful _____ and its roar can be heard for miles.

3. The _____ is a master of disguise, able to change its colour to match its surroundings.

4. The famous _____ from the film Finding Nemo is in danger.

5. The _____ is a mammal that eats fish and lives partly in the sea.

Exercise 3: Circle the correct answer

Most animals need to be very clever in order to survive in the animal kingdom. One of their most amazing skills is called camouflage - their bodies copy the colour of their (0) _____ to hide from their (1) _____ or to help them hunt for their prey.

The pygmy seahorse is a tiny animal that is between 1.4 and 2.7 cm long. They live in coral reefs and suck their prey through their tube-like mouth. Their (2) _____ is so good that it's very difficult to see them in their (3) _____.

The cuttlefish is also excellent at camouflage. It can change (4) _____ in seconds, but it also can change its body shape to look like something else.

0. A. environment B. mountain C. freshwater D. desert

1. A. prey B. territory C. desert D. predator

2. A. habitats B. camouflage C. predator D. kingdom

3. A. living B. house C. habitats D. chameleon

4. A. colour B. mouth C. ocean D. prey

Questions 14–18

For each question, choose the correct answer.

Will's blog

One day my dad said, 'Why don't we have a street party?' This means that the street is closed so cars can't use it, and people put tables and chairs out in the street, then have a party! Dad said there was one in 1977 and he still remembers it well. Everyone loved it! I couldn't believe that since 1977 they never had another one. If it was so good, why not do it again?

We started to organise it, together with some other people. I helped to make the web page, so everyone on the street knew about the party and could post their old photos from the party in 1977. There were some pictures of my dad when he was a kid, together with his friends, who have moved away from the street now. It was interesting to see that the buildings on the street haven't changed at all!

My mum was a bit worried about the party. 'But a lot of people on the street don't really know each other', she said. 'What if they don't have anything to talk about?' I just said, 'Relax, Mum. It'll be great.'

So, what was the party like? It was fantastic! My friends and I really liked speaking to an old lady called Louisa. She's 89 and was telling us about when she and her friends were our age. So now I always chat to her when I see her on the street. I didn't know who she was before, so I'm glad we had the party.



14 Why was Will surprised?

- A His father wanted to have a street party.
- B There hasn't been a street party for a long time.
- C Many people remembered the last street party.

15 What did the photos from 1977 show?

- A The street still looks the same now.
- B There are more children living in the street now.
- C The same people still live on the street now.

16 Why was Will's mother worried?

- A She thought that the party was too expensive.
- B She thought that people might not come to the party.
- C She thought that the guests might not talk to each other.

17 Will and his friends enjoyed

- A hearing Louisa's stories.
- B meeting Louisa's friends.
- C telling Louisa about their lives.

18 What is the best title for the article?

- A Why I love street parties
- B The street party we had
- C How to have a street party

Advice

14 What does Will say he couldn't believe?

16 What did Will's mother actually say?

18 Which information (A, B or C) is in every paragraph?

Exam Practice Test 1

Listening Part 1

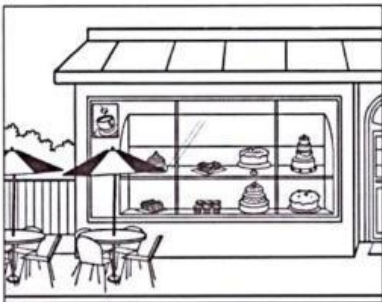


Questions 1-5

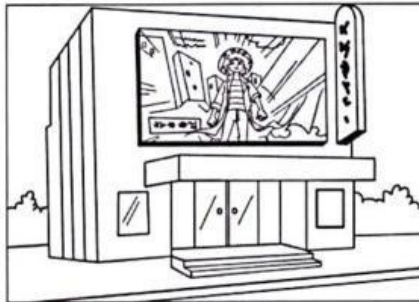
05

For each question, choose the correct answer.

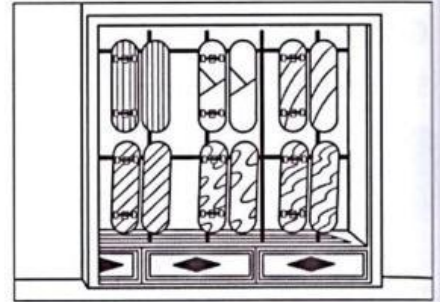
1 Where's the girl going this afternoon?



A

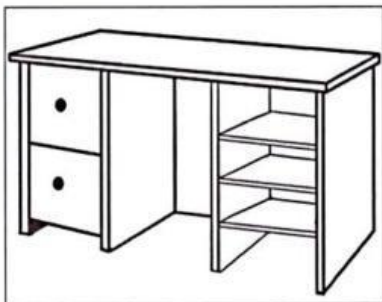


B

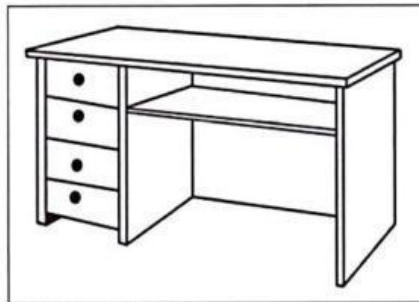


C

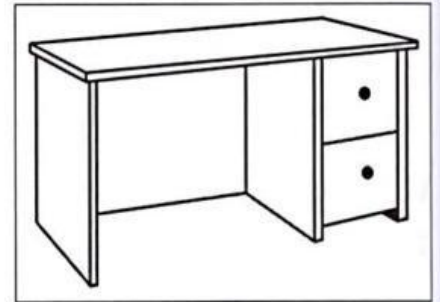
2 Which is the boy's new desk?



A



B

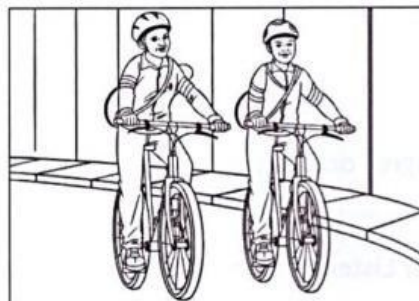


C

3 How will they get to their tennis class?



A



B



C

4 Which woman is Laura's new English teacher?



A

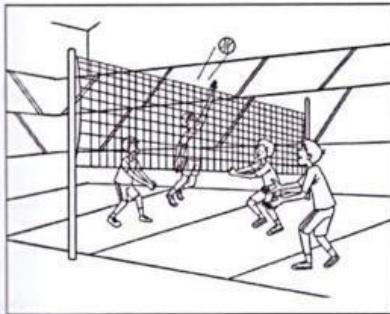


B

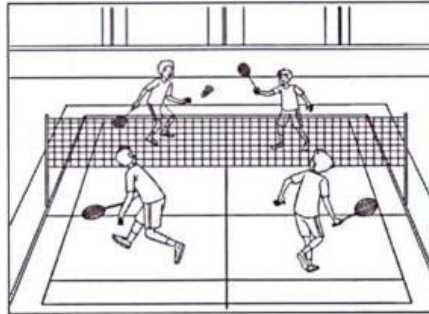


C

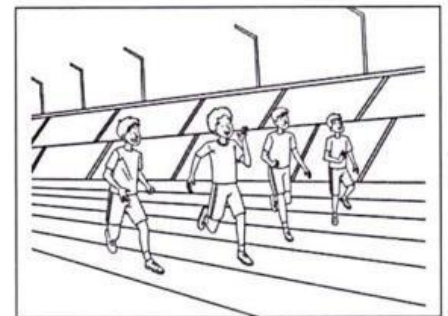
5 What might Harry do if it rains on Saturday?



A



B



C

Advice

1 Read the question carefully! It's asking about the girl (not the boy or his mum).

3 Listen until the end of the conversation before you choose the answer. Here the answer comes when you hear *Good idea*.

Exercise 1: Circle the correct answer

0. If you do not (**blink** / snap / cure / bright), your eyes will quickly become dry.
1. He removed his shoes and (waved / wiggled / endangered / hang) his toes.
2. The panda is one of hundreds of (bright / diurnal / bouncy / endangered) species.
3. Our father has gotten (mellow / nocturnal / buddy / appearance) over the years and doesn't get upset easily.
4. Sloths spend their entire life (snapping / whistling / hanging / curing) in trees.
5. Most creatures on Earth are (bright / sleepy / nocturnal / diurnal), especially human beings.

Exercise 2: Rewrite the sentence

0. I want to buy an old flower vase. It is white and from India. (**Indian**)
→ I want to buy an old white Indian flower vase.
1. My father has three little cats. They are all brown and from Japan. (**Japanese**)
→ My father has _____ cats.
2. He ate biscuits well. There is only one biscuit left. (**almost**)
→ He _____ all biscuits.
3. The President's speech is good. It is incredible. (**incredibly**)
→ The President's speech is _____.
4. The sun is bright so children shouldn't go out. (**too**)
→ The sun is _____ for children to go out.
5. This reptile might have extreme poison. (**extremely**)
→ This reptile might be _____.

*Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 1 dòng.