Resuelve las siguientes ecuaciones cuadráticas por formula general

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

EJERCICIO1

$$x^2 - 3x - 28 = 0$$

a=

b=

c=

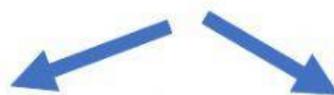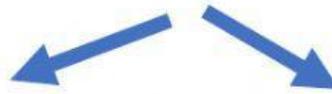$$x = \frac{-(\quad) \pm \sqrt{\quad^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{+}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{\quad}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{\quad}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 =$$

$$x_1 =$$

EJERCICIO 2

$$12x^2 + 8x - 4 = 0$$

a=

b=

c=

$$x = \frac{- \quad \pm \sqrt{^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{- \quad \pm \sqrt{}}{}$$

$$x = \frac{- \quad \pm \sqrt{}}{}$$

$$x = \frac{- \quad \pm }{}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{- \quad + }{}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{- \quad - }{}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{}{}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{}{}$$

$$x_1 =$$

$$x_1 =$$

EJERCICIO 3

$$6x^2 - \mathbf{12}x + 7 = 0$$

a=

b=

c=

$$x = \frac{-(\quad) \pm \sqrt{\quad^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\rule{3cm}{0.4pt}}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\rule{3cm}{0.4pt}}$$

$$x = \frac{-\quad \pm}{\rule{2cm}{0.4pt}}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{+}{\rule{2cm}{0.4pt}}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-}{\rule{2cm}{0.4pt}}$$

$$x_1 = \text{—}$$

$$x_1 = \text{—}$$

$$x_1 =$$

$$x_1 =$$

EJERCICIO 4

$$x^2 - 10x + 9 = 0$$

a=

b=

c=

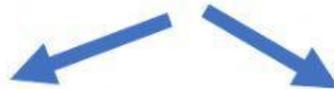$$x = \frac{-(\quad) \pm \sqrt{\quad^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{+}{\quad} \qquad\qquad x_1 = \frac{-}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{\quad}{\quad} \qquad\qquad x_1 = \frac{\quad}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \qquad\qquad\qquad x_1 =$$