

**II. Answer the following questions in ONE sentence.**

9. Who introduced the subsidiary alliance?  
Lord \_\_\_\_\_ introduced the Subsidiary Alliance.
10. In which year was the Indian Constitution adopted?  
The Indian Constitution was adopted in 19\_\_ \_\_.
11. What is disarmament?  
Disarmament is the \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ of arms and ammunition to end the armaments race.
12. Who was the prominent leader of the socialist wing of the Congress?  
\_\_\_\_\_ was the prominent leader of the Socialist wing of the Congress.
13. The winter season is the season of the lowest rainfall. Give a reason.  
The winter season is the season of the lowest rainfall because India receives only \_\_\_\_% of rainfall during this period.
14. Why are north Indian rivers called Himalayan rivers?  
North Indian rivers are called Himalayan rivers because they \_\_\_\_\_ in the Himalayas.
15. Which agency of the UNO formed a criterion known as Human Development Index?  
The United Nations Development Index came up with the criterion for Human Development Index.
16. Which is the first Indian company to be listed in NASDAQ?  
Infosys was the first Indian company to be listed on NASDAQ.

**III. Answer the following in TWO-THREE sentences.**

17. Mention the causes for the Battle of Plassey.  
The causes for the Battle of Plassey were,  
i) Siraj-ud-Daulah was furious that the British officers misused \_\_\_\_\_.  
ii) This caused losses to his \_\_\_\_\_.  
iii) The British made repairs to \_\_\_\_\_ without the permission of \_\_\_\_\_.  
iv) \_\_\_\_\_ conquered \_\_\_\_\_ and imprisoned \_\_\_\_\_ soldiers, many of whom died.
18. What were the problems faced by India after independence. Explain.  
The problems faced by India after independence were,  
i) Rehabilitation of \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.  
ii) \_\_\_\_\_ riots took place.  
iii) Formation of the \_\_\_\_\_ and formulation of the \_\_\_\_\_ of India.  
iv) Production of \_\_\_\_\_ and the development of \_\_\_\_\_ were also important problems.

19. A. What were the immediate causes of the First War of Independence?

The immediate causes for the First War of Independence were,

- i) A rumour was spread the \_\_\_\_\_ were greased with \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ fat.
- ii) Soldiers \_\_\_\_\_ to pull the safety catch and revolted against the \_\_\_\_\_.
- iii) A soldier named \_\_\_\_\_ shot a \_\_\_\_\_ officer.
- iv) He was \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

What are the reasons for the tension between India and Pakistan?

The reasons for the tension between India and Pakistan are,

- i) Tensions began during the partition of India and Pakistan.
- ii) The wars between India and Pakistan in 19\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, 1971 and 19\_\_\_\_ have caused tensions.
- iii) The border disputes in the state of \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv) India has accused \_\_\_\_\_ of sponsoring \_\_\_\_\_.

20. Explain India's role in favour of Human Rights.

India's role in favour of human rights \_\_\_\_\_,

- i) India has championed the case of \_\_\_\_\_.
- ii) She has made a provision for \_\_\_\_\_ in the Indian Constitution.
- iii) In the UN's General Assembly, India has upheld the cause of \_\_\_\_\_ rights.
- iv) India has stood against slavery, \_\_\_\_\_ human beings, child \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of women.

21. Mention the difference between mob and mob-violence.

The difference between mob and mob violence is as follows,

Mob	Mob-Violence
i) A mob is a _____ assembly of people.	i) _____ acts are called mob violence.
ii) Members of a mob are easily _____.	ii) _____ is necessary to control mob behaviour.