

Pollination

Pollination is the process that helps flowers make seeds. Bees and other insects are important for pollination. When bees land on flowers, tiny grains called pollen stick to their hairy bodies. Then, when the bees land on another flower, some of the pollen falls off and lands on a female part of the flower. This helps new seeds grow. Birds and butterflies can also help with pollination. Pollination is important because it helps plants grow and make more flowers and fruits.

1. What is the main purpose of pollination?
 - A. Making honey
 - B. Helping flowers make seeds
 - C. Providing shelter for bees
 - D. Protecting flowers from insects
2. What happens to the pollen when bees land on flowers?
 - A. It dissolves in the nectar
 - B. Bees eat it for nutrition
 - C. It sticks to their bodies
 - D. It creates a new flower instantly
3. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a pollinator in the text?
 - A. Bees
 - B. Birds
 - C. Ants
 - D. Butterflies
4. Why is pollination important for plants?
 - A. It helps prevent diseases
 - B. It makes the flowers look pretty
 - C. It helps plants grow and produce more flowers and fruits
 - D. It attracts more insects to the garden
5. How does pollination occur in flowers when bees visit them?
 - A. Bees eat the pollen directly
 - B. Bees carry the pollen on their bodies to other flowers
 - C. Flowers release the pollen into the air
 - D. Other insects take the pollen from the flowers

