

TEST 7H

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.

1. A. relax B. behave C. paradise D. cavern
2. A. laughed B. watched C. played D. talked

Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the others.

3. A. history B. exciting C. wonder D. limestone
4. A. preserve B. custom C. value D. transport

Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence.

5. We need to take _____ to help preserve historical buildings.
A. distance B. action C. activity D. condition
6. I wish I _____ all the natural and man-made wonders of Viet Nam.
A. visit B. could visit C. will visit D. am visiting
7. The bus _____ before I reached the bus-stop.
A. had left B. left C. was leaving D. leaves
8. Please _____ the lights. It's getting dark.
A. go away B. go out C. turn off D. turn on
9. That's too expensive! I suggest _____ by train.
A. going B. to go C. to going D. go
10. You must be _____ when you open that door.
A. careless B. careful C. carefully D. care
11. Viet got up late, _____ he couldn't catch the first bus.
A. because B. although C. so D. but
12. Tet holiday is the most important traditional festival _____ Vietnamese people.
A. in B. about C. for D. at
13. Don't eat those vegetables. They're _____.
A. clean B. poisonous C. fresh D. healthy

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions

14. People in the South speak more direct than people in the North do.
A B C D
15. Nam asked Mai what he can do to help her.
A B C D
16. My mother says she used writing a diary when she was young.
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

17. Nga: "I can't join the trip to Bat Trang with you all."

Trang: "_____"

- A. How do you go there? B. That's awesome!
C. How was that? D. What a pity!

18. Sue: "This morning I was stuck in a traffic jam for an hour."

Jack: "_____"

- A. That's Ok. B. That's exciting
C. How bad! D. Good job!

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. Watching the movie with all of my school friends was fun, but it was too lengthy.

- A. short B. funny C. nice D. silly

20. Linh often volunteers to do presentations in front of the class. She's a very confident student.

- A. sociable B. responsible C. shy D. friendly

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. You shouldn't walk at night alone in this area. It's very dangerous.

- A. unsafe B. crowded C. entertaining D. convenient

22. I hope to come back to New Zealand one day in the future.

- A. go B. return C. visit D. see

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Chu Van An High School is one of the oldest and most prestigious public schools in Viet Nam. Established (23) _____ 1908 by the French, the school is located by the West Lake, and was originally named (24) _____ the location it was in. It is a very pleasant, spacious school with a great view of the lake from the classroom windows.

In 1943, the school was moved to Ninh Binh, and was moved back to Ha Noi in 1945. In that year, the school was renamed Chu Van An after a famous Vietnamese Confucianism teacher of the Tran Dynasty. Professor Nguyen Gia Tuong (25) _____ the first Vietnamese principal of the school. Many famous people like ex-Prime Minister Pham Van Dong, Doctor Ton That Tung and poet Xuan Dieu used to be the school's students.

Today, the school is still located in the same area and has maintained its prestige, as well as its reputation as one of the top high schools in Ha Noi. It is very difficult (26) _____ to the school. Every year, there are around three thousand (27) _____ but only about five hundred of them are admitted. Those applicants have to take an entrance examination conducted by the Department of Education and Training of Ha Noi.

23. A. at B. on C. of D. in
24. A. after B. about C. for D. with
25. A. got B. took C. became D. had
26. A. admitting B. be admitted C. to admit D. to be admitted
27. A. applicants B. student C. visitors D. teachers

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Unlike life in the countryside, which is often considered to be simple and traditional, life in cities is modern and complicated. People, from different regions, move to cities to seek a better life for them and their children. The inhabitants in cities work as secretaries, businessmen, teachers, government employees, factory workers and even street vendors or construction workers.

The high cost of living requires city dwellers, especially those with low incomes, to work harder or to take part-time jobs. For many people, an ordinary day starts as usual by getting up in the early morning to do exercise in public parks, preparing for a full day of work and study, then travelling along boulevards or narrow streets filled with motorists and returning home after a busy day. They usually live in large houses, or high-rise apartment blocks or even in small rented rooms equipped with modern facilities, like the Internet, telephones, televisions, and so on. Industrialization and modernization as well as global integration have big **impacts** on the lifestyle in cities. The most noticeable impact is the Western style of clothing. The “Ao Dai” – Vietnamese women’s traditional dresses are no longer worn in their daily life. Instead, jeans, T-shirts and fashionable clothes are widely preferred.

28. The most important reason why people move to cities is _____.
 A. to have busy days B. to take part-time jobs
 C. to look for a complicated life D. to look for a better life
29. We can infer from the passage that _____.
 A. most of the urban dwellers have low incomes
 B. people leave the countryside because the life there is simple
 C. there is a big gap between the rich and the poor in cities
 D. people do morning exercise in public parks because they have much free time
30. Industrialization and modernization may lead to _____.
 A. the fact that women no longer wear Ao Dai B. some changes in lifestyle
 C. the disappearance of Western-styled clothing D. global integration
31. The word “impacts” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
 A. action B. effects C. force D. situation
32. According to the passage, the city life can offer city dwellers all of the following things EXCEPT _____.

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| A. a variety of jobs in different fields | C. the Internet |
| B. friendly communication with neighbors | D. modern facilities |

Choose the second sentence which has the same meaning as that of the root one.

33. Unless you see Tom, you will not know the truth.
 A. You will not see Tom, so you will not know the truth.
 B. You know the truth, but you will not see Tom.
 C. You cannot know the truth because you have seen Tom.
 D. You will know the truth if you see Tom.
34. "John, please don't tell anyone my new address", said Mary.
 A. Mary asked John don't tell anyone her new address.
 B. Mary asked John not to tell anyone his new address.
 C. Mary asked John not to tell anyone her new address.
 D. Mary asked John not tell anyone her new address.
35. She is too young to see the horror film.
 A. She is not old enough to see the horror film.
 B. She is so young for her to see the horror film.
 C. She is so young for her to see the horror film.
 D. She is so young that she can see the horror film.
36. Dad started collecting stamps five years ago.
 A. Dad has been collecting stamps for five years.
 B. Dad was collecting stamps for five years.
 C. Dad collected stamps for 5 years.
 D. Dad has collected stamps for 5 year.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the meaningful sentence from the cues given.

37. we/ should/ think/ positive/ how/ protect/ environment/.
 A. We should think positively how to protecting our environment.
 B. We should think positive how protecting our environment.
 C. We should think positively how to protect our environment.
 D. We should think positive how to protect our environment.
38. number/ Vietnamese student/ study/ overseas/ increase/ considerable/.
 A. The number of Vietnamese students studying overseas has increased considerably.
 B. Number of Vietnamese students to study overseas has increased considerably.
 C. The number of Vietnamese students study overseas has increased considerable.
 D. The number of Vietnamese students studying overseas have increased considerable.

39. read/ newspaper/ morning/ give/ he/ please/.
- A. Read newspapers in the morning gives he please.
 - B. Reading newspapers in the morning gives him pleasure.
 - C. Reading newspapers on the morning will give him pleased.
 - D. To read newspapers in the morning give him please
40. fortunate/,/ biogas/ not/ total/ harmful/ people/.
- A. Fortunately, biogas is not total harmful for people.
 - B. Fortunately, biogas is not totally harmful to people.
 - C. Fortunately, biogas is not totally harmful with people.
 - D. Fortunate, biogas is not totally harmful of people.