

I. MATCH THE PICTURE WITH THE DESCRIPTION BELOW



1

These tools are ones of the most basic functions of Photoshop. They let you directly focus on one area of an image, in any shape that you wish. You can outline an area and then apply different effects to that particular area. Say you have a portrait of a person standing with a house or sky in the background. You can outline objects in rectangular areas, elliptical areas and other ways.

2

This tool lets you select and alter the colors and opacity of different layers. This comes in handy when you have photos with foreground and backgrounds of different color saturation. If you saturate the full image, the foreground may come out oversaturated or vice-versa, so you want to isolate one or the other. You can use this tool over the areas that you'd like to remove in order to bring out the colors of the image to those areas alone.

3

This is a great tool for covering out spots from your photograph. This includes such things as skin blemishes or other small spots around the photograph that you'd rather not include. This tool works great for areas where you can blur the same tone and color onto the spot you'd like to remove (like skin or sky).

4

This tool is used to "duplicate" an area of the image. Imagine you have a photo of a view from a window and one area of the window's edge is cluttered or blurred. You can use this tool to select an area that is crisp and uncluttered, replicate it and layer it over the original area in order to repair it.

(Source: blog.udemy.com/how-to-use-photoshop/)

II. Read the text below then answers the following questions.

Text I

Nowadays everyone seems to "want it now" and want it fast when it comes to food. Having microwave at home can be very helpful. Operating a microwave oven correctly can be quite convenient and beneficial when preparing food, drinks or snacks. For those who are still new to this, the following steps may help you.

1. Open microwave door (depending on the style you may have to pull handle or push a button to open). Do not set oven for excessive cook times.
2. Place the item (plate, container, mug) containing the food or drink inside the microwave. If the food or drink is in an aluminum container, remove and place into something that is microwave compatible.
3. Close the door and set cook or reheat time as suggested for the particular food or drink. If no suggestions or recommendations are given, you may want to start with one to two minutes, depending on the contents' temperature. If contents are frozen, you can defrost first before actually cooking.
4. Restart microwave if additional cooking is needed after four minutes.
5. Check contents periodically and (turn, or stir) to ensure even cooking.
6. Remove food carefully and/or allow food to cool before removing.

Question:

1. The best title for the text above is
 - A. How to Operate a Microwave
 - B. How to Maintain a Microwave
 - C. How to Reheat Food on Microwave
 - D. How to Prepare Food with Microwave
 - E. How to Restart a Microwave
2. If the food or drink is in an aluminum container, we have to
 - A. remove the container and place the food in the microwave
 - B. change the food or drink into something compatible for the microwave
 - C. change the container with something safe for the microwave
 - D. find another container which size is compatible for the microwave
 - E. place the container in the microwave first to make sure if it is suitable
3. If contents are frozen, you can defrost first before actually cooking. (Step 3)
The underlined word can be replaced by

- A. Thaw
- B. Freeze
- C. Harden
- D. Solidify
- E. Mold

Text II

Cleaning the refrigerator isn't quite as straightforward as cleaning other areas of the kitchen, and certain products shouldn't be used to clean the fridge. However, fridge cleaning doesn't need to be a daunting process, this guide explains what products are suitable for cleaning the fridge and some simple techniques to help you get the task done in no time!

1. It may seem obvious, but remove all food before starting. Even if you're only using natural products, you don't want to be reaching around objects. Having an empty fridge makes the process so much easier, and removes the possibility of contamination.
 2. Take out all removable parts, such as shelves and drawers. Fill a basin with warm water and regular dishwashing soap and leave these parts to soak before wiping and rinsing.
 3. Wipe all surface areas either with commercial wipes, or with a combination of dishwashing soap and warm water. Use a microfiber cloth or a good quality sponge – these cleaning tools will not fall apart and leave little particles behind in the fridge.
 4. For stubborn stains, mix a small amount of baking soda with a little water to produce a thick paste. Apply the paste to the stain and leave for an hour before wiping with a damp sponge or cloth. The baking soda should loosen the stain, making it easy to wipe away.
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1. In the beginning of the process, we have to
 - A. take out all food from the refrigerator
 - B. use natural product to clean the fridge
 - C. remove parts such as shelves and drawers
 - D. clean the fridge with regular dishwasher
 - E. empty the fridge and wipe it with commercial wipes
 2. For stubborn stains, mix a small amount of baking soda with a little water to produce a thick paste. (Step 4). In that context, the underlined word means
 - A. difficult to remove
 - B. hard to change

- C. easy to clean
- D. harmful to touch
- E. obvious to find

3. Which statement is true about cleaning a refrigerator?

- A. A refrigerator can be cleaned with regular dish soap.
- B. A refrigerator should be cleaned every day.
- C. All parts of a refrigerator must be removed to be cleaned.
- D. A refrigerator can be cleaned with baking soda and water.
- E. A refrigerator must be cleaned with a special cleaning product.

4. The water used to soak removable refrigerator parts should be:

- A. Cold.
- B. Warm.
- C. Hot.
- D. Cold or warm, depending on the type of soap used.
- E. Hot or cold, depending on the severity of the stain.

5. The most effective cleaning tool for cleaning a refrigerator is/are ...

- A. A sponge.
- B. A microfiber cloth.
- C. A sponge and a microfiber cloth.
- D. Baking soda.
- E. A special cleaning product.

III. True or False. Decide the statements below.

No	Statements	T	F
1.	Cleaning the refrigerator is exactly as straightforward as cleaning other areas of the kitchen.		
2.	You should remove all food from the fridge before cleaning it.		
3.	Using natural products means you can clean the fridge without removing the food.		
4.	Taking out removable parts and soaking them in soapy water is a recommended cleaning step.		

5.	You can use any cleaning tool for the fridge.		
6.	Commercial cleaning wipes are a valid option for wiping down the fridge surfaces.		
7.	Baking soda paste is a good solution for removing stubborn stains in the fridge.		
8.	You should leave the baking soda paste on for only 15 minutes		