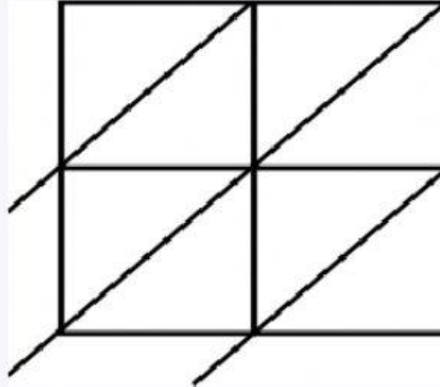


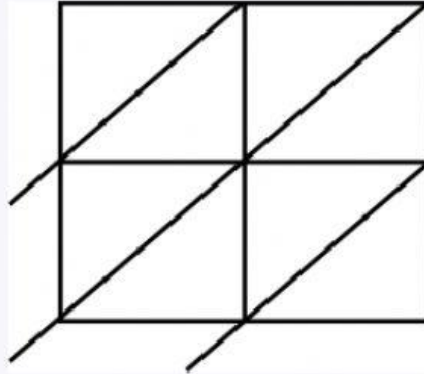


Lattice Multiplication practice

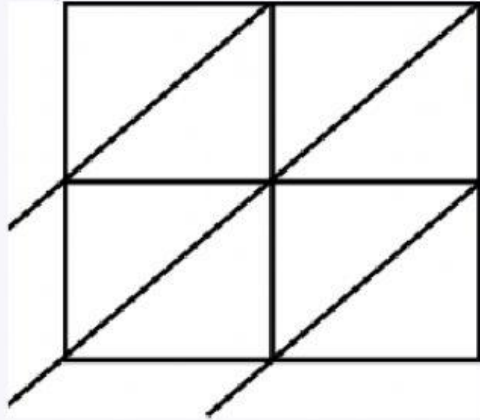
$$23 \times 14 =$$



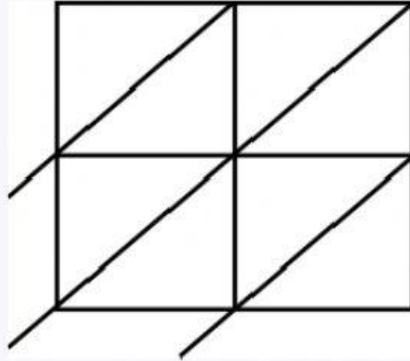
$$42 \times 24 =$$



$$65 \times 31 =$$



$$48 \times 48 =$$



$$23 \times 14 =$$

The grid-in response area consists of a large grid of boxes for digits. The grid is divided into two sections by a horizontal line. The top section has a plus sign (+) on the left and a multiplication sign (X) above the grid. The bottom section has a plus sign (+) on the left. The grid is composed of 10 rows and 4 columns of boxes. The first row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The second row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The third row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The fourth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The fifth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The sixth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The seventh row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The eighth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The ninth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column. The tenth row has a plus sign (+) in the first column and a multiplication sign (X) in the second column.

$$42 \times 24 =$$

$$65 \times 31 =$$

48 x 48 =