

Ministry of Health Care of Ukraine
Donetsk National Medical University
Department of Languages and Humanities № 2
Final Modal Control
Discipline: "Foreign Language in Professional Area"
Specialty: Dentistry
Course, group number _____

Name _____

Date _____

Task 1 Match the following terms with the definitions.

1/ _____	lesion	5/ _____	tumor
2/ _____	analgesia	6/ _____	halitosis
3/ _____	-pathy	7/ _____	periodontitis
4/ _____	sarcoma	8/ _____	xero-

A absence of pain
B any disease of
C an oncogene is a gene that causes
D prefix that denotes something is dry
E a malignant neoplasm arising from muscle or connective tissue
F inflammation of gums
G bad-smelling breath
H a distinct area of damaged tissue, an injury or wound

Task 2 Define terminological elements and explain their meanings.

1. Endodontist _____
2. Glossitis _____
3. Pulpitis _____
4. Homodontia _____
5. Pulpectomy _____
6. Necrosis _____
7. Fibroma _____
8. Cystic _____
9. Myalgia _____

Task 3 Complete the sentences with the term which best fits each blank.

Infection/leukoplakia/candidiasis/cancer/tumor/canker

- 1) Candida albicans is a yeast causing _____ or " thrush " in humans.
- 2) In it was her bucket list, a list of things she hoped to do before she died from the terminal brain _____ she no longer possessed.
- 3) Children who have frequent _____ sores may benefit from dietary supplements of B-complex vitamin or may undergo blood and allergy tests to see if some other underlying cause can be identified.

4) _____ is more common in middle-aged and elderly males than in other group studies.

5) They did another x-ray this morning and the _____ has spread to the other lung.

6) Essentially, chemotherapy is a medical way of saying, Let's fill you so full of poison either you or the _____ dies.

Task 4 Complete the description of good communication practice using the words in the box.

Important, avoid, eye, relaxed, reassuring, terminology, quickly, ease, friendly, sit, smile, close

The clinician initiates communication with the patient by speaking in a _____ manner during anesthesia administration. Imagine the patient is a _____ family member or friend and treat him or her as you wish to be treated yourself. Always try to put your patient at _____ and make them feel _____. It is possible, _____ at the same level as the patient. The expression on your face is _____, so _____ and maintain _____ contact with your patient. When you talk, don't rush the patient or speak too _____ and always use a _____ open tone of voice. The subject matter can range from describing the process in patient friendly _____, to storytelling or even counting. _____ words like shot, pain, hurt and injection.

Task 5 Read the sentence pairs. Choose which word or phrase best fits each blank.

1. viral infection/fungal infection

A A _____ is an infection that results from a virus.
B A _____ is one that results from fungi.

2. herpes simplex/chronic infection

A The patient suffers from _____, so he often gets sores inside his mouth.
B It's a _____ so it does not go away even while on medication.

3. cold sore/blister

A Jenny has a nasty _____ on the side of her mouth.
B Bruce has a nasty _____ on his feet because of his new boots.

4. measles/vesicles

A Sue had to take her daughter to the doctor because she had _____.

B The patient had lots of small, white _____ on the inside of her cheek.

Task 6 Match the words with the definition.

1. ____ gingivoplasty	5. ____ smile makeover
2. ____ enameloplasty	6. ____ cosmetic dentistry
3. ____ whitening	7. ____ full mouth reconstruction
4. ____ bonding	

- A** a procedure that reshapes the gums around the teeth
- B** a dental treatment to improve the appearance of the mouth
- C** the addition of a composite material to the teeth
- D** the removal of tooth enamel
- E** a surgery or treatment to change the shape of the mouth
- F** making something look whiter
- G** a treatment to make someone more attractive when they smile

Task 7 Choose the most appropriate word from the given to complete the text “Composite Bonding”.

A Composite bonding 1 _____ to the repair of decayed, damaged or discolored teeth using material that 2 _____ the color of tooth enamel.

- 1** **A** corresponds **B** refers **C** address **D** prescribe
- 2** **A** resembles **B** reminds **C** corresponds **D** similars

B Your dentist drills out the tooth decay and 1 _____ the composite onto the tooth's 2 _____, then “sculpts” it into the right shape before curing it with a high-intensity light.

- 1** **A** uses **B** puts **C** attaches **D** applies
- 2** **A** upside **B** superficies **C** side **D** surface

C Composite bonding (or bonding) effectively _____ tooth damage while restoring the appearance of the original tooth.

- A** shelters **B** overspreads **C** covers **D** wraps

D Often, bonding even improves the look of the _____ tooth or teeth!

- A** original **B** inborn **C** innate **D** inherent

E Compared to many other cosmetic 1 _____, bonding is inexpensive, making it an economical and effective 2 _____ for patients with decay, chipped or cracked teeth or worn-down tooth edges.

- 1** **A** campaigns **B** procedures **C** operations **D** processes
- 2** **A** cure **B** therapy **C** treatment **D** healing