

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1- Complete the sentences with the correct word or phrase.

Example: Michel is more generous than Andreas.

the more generous more generous as generous

- 1 Naomi works _____ David. David has too many breaks!
as hard as more hard than harder than
- 2 My shoes were _____ than yours. I got mine in the sale.
lesser less expensive as expensive
- 3 This test isn't _____ difficult as last week's test.
as more too
- 4 I drive _____ than my father.
more care more carefully as carefully
- 5 Our office is _____ this month than it was last month.
busier more busy the busiest

2- Write the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

Example: Yesterday was the hottest (hot) day of the year.

- 1 Who's _____ (good) teacher you've ever had?
- 2 Alan's _____ (friendly) boy I know. He talks to everybody!
- 3 Is Russia _____ (big) country in the world?
- 4 This is _____ (exciting) game I've ever played. I can't stop playing it!
- 5 _____ (far) we've ever been is Hong Kong.

3- Underline the correct form.

Example: I must / **don't have to** do the washing. I don't have any clean clothes.

- 1 They **haven't to** / **don't have to** work today. It's Sunday.
- 2 Entrance to the museum is free. We **mustn't** / **don't have to** pay.
- 3 You **mustn't** / **don't have to** play football near the road. It's dangerous.
- 4 Harry **has to** / **doesn't have to** go to bed early. He's very young.
- 5 I **must** / **mustn't** revise tonight. I have an exam tomorrow.
- 6 You **don't have to** / **must** tidy the kitchen. It's very untidy.

4- Complete the sentences with *will* / *'ll*, *won't*, or *shall* and a verb.

not drive not forget go have help make open
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Example: 'I can't do this exercise.' 'Don't worry I ll help you.'

- 1 _____ I _____ you a cup of coffee?
- 2 We _____ to Glasgow; we'll take the bus.
- 3 'It's hot in here.' 'I _____ the window.'
- 4 I'll ring you tomorrow – I _____!
- 5 'How will you get to Lyon?' 'I _____ by train.'

5- Write the opposite.

Example: win a match → lose a match

- 1 lose a key _____
- 2 buy a car _____
- 3 forget a name _____
- 4 start work _____
- 5 pass an exam _____

6- Complete the sentences with the correct verb.

go come give pay send call take

Example: I'll come back here after the meeting.

- 1 I'm going to _____ this skirt back to the shop. I don't like it.
- 2 Please lend me the money. I'll _____ you back tomorrow.
- 3 Give me your phone number and I'll _____ you back in half an hour.
- 4 That's my dictionary. _____ it back to me.

7- Make first conditional sentences.

Example: If we / not leave / now / we / miss / the last bus
If we don't leave now, we'll miss the last bus.

- 1 If Harry / ring / me / I / tell you

- 2 Yasuko / be / upset / if she / not pass / the exam

- 3 If you / catch / the 11.15 train / you / get / to London at 12.30

- 4 I / not be able / to go to work / if it / snow

8- Make statements and questions with *should* and the words in brackets.

Example: Do you think I should look for another job? (I / look for)

- 1 _____ so fast. The roads are very icy. (you / not drive)
- 2 If he wants to learn Spanish, _____ in Spain. (he / study)
- 3 This computer is old. _____ a new one? (we / buy)
- 4 _____ to bed late. You've got an exam in the morning. (you / not go)
- 5 _____ nicer to each other. (people / be)

9- Complete the second conditional sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Example: If I didn't have to (not have to) work tomorrow, I 'd go out (go out) tonight.

- 1 If they _____ (have) enough money, they _____ (buy) a new car.
- 2 We _____ (travel) around India if we _____ (not have) young children.

- 3 Mia's parents _____ (be) disappointed if she _____ (not do) well at university.
- 4 You _____ (get) better marks if you _____ (work) harder.

10- Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: What are you doing? I'm looking for my keys.
looking my keys for looking for my keys

- 1 'This programme's boring.' 'Well, turn _____.'
off it it off
- 2 Will you _____ while I'm away?
look after my cat look my cat after
- 3 Bella rang. Can you call _____ this afternoon?
back her her back
- 4 What time do _____ during the week?
get they up they get up

11- Complete the sentences using the present or past passive.

Example: My niece played the part of Cinderella.
The part of Cinderella was played by my niece.

- 1 My mother decorated the kitchen.
The kitchen _____.
- 2 I didn't write these letters.
These letters _____.
- 3 Millions of people speak English.
English _____.
- 4 Rubbish pollutes our rivers.
Our rivers _____.

12- Rewrite the sentences with *might* or *might not*.

Example: Perhaps Bruce won't want to come to the cinema.
Bruce might not want to come to the cinema.

- 1 Perhaps it will snow tomorrow.

- 2 Perhaps you'll meet someone interesting at the party.

- 3 Perhaps I'll phone Simone later.

- 4 Perhaps she won't pass the exam.

READING

13- Read the article and answer the questions

Safety on safari

Do you want to see lions and elephants, buffalo and crocodiles, and many other wild animals? For 35 years Go Botswana have provided expert safari holidays. All safaris have an element of danger. That's what makes them fun! But do you know what the real dangers are?

Hippos

Hippos are the second largest animal in Africa – only the elephant is bigger. The males weigh as much as three small cars! Hippos are also the most dangerous land animal you will meet on safari. That might sound surprising because most people think hippos are slow and lazy. But if you saw a hippo get angry, you'd soon change your mind. They can run very fast and they have very big teeth. In fact, they killed around 500 people across Africa last year. During the hot African day, hippos need to keep cool. They spend almost all day asleep in rivers and lakes. It isn't a good idea to go swimming while you're on safari. We also suggest that you don't walk on the lake beaches at night, as this is when hippos are awake.

Safety tips

If all safari tourists followed these simple rules, the number of people hurt by animals each year would go down.

- Stay in your vehicle. If you see an interesting animal, do not get out of your safari vehicle to take a picture. It's not a good idea to see how close you can get to a lion. Our drivers will get you to the closest and safest possible location.
- Don't wave at the animals. Animals can become aggressive if people wave their hands or other objects at them. Remember, humans are dangerous too – it's a good idea for these animals to be afraid of us.
- If you meet an animal that seems nervous, stay quiet and walk backwards to get away.
- Always wear walking boots and long socks. You will be walking in long grass and also on the beaches around our lake areas. Wearing the correct shoes will protect you from snakes, scorpions and biting spiders.

- 1 How much does a male hippo weigh?

- 2 What do most people think about hippos?

- 3 What can happen if you wave at the animals?

- 4 Where will the safari drivers take you?

- 5 When is it a good idea to walk backwards on safari?

LISTENING

14 - Tick (✓) the five sentences that are true.

- 1 Natalya goes to the gym every morning. ☐
- 2 Natalya isn't very interested in food. ☐
- 3 During the Olympics, men's gymnastics isn't as popular as women's. ☐
- 4 Natalya is an unusual athlete because she sleeps during the day. ☐
- 5 Natalya compares gymnastics to ice skating. ☐
- 6 Natalya would like male and female gymnasts to perform on the same team. ☐
- 7 Natalya is one of the youngest athletes in her team. ☐
- 8 Natalya doesn't plan to give up gymnastics yet. ☐

15 - Listen to five speakers. Match the speakers with what they do when they wake up at night (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Speaker 1 ☐
- Speaker 2 ☐
- Speaker 3 ☐
- Speaker 4 ☐
- Speaker 5 ☐

- A drinks hot chocolate
- B goes outside
- C watches TV
- D reads a book
- E walks around the house
- F checks the children are asleep
- G goes to work

SHORT STORY

Making Sentences 1

Put the words in the correct order to make full sentences.

- 1 BECAUSE HE HAD STOLEN HIS BOOTS SOMEONE WAS ANGRY.

He was angry because someone had stolen his boots.

- 2 DARTMOOR HAS A PRISON FROM ESCAPED PRISONER.

- 3 BELIEVED SIR HENRY BASKERVILLE HOLMES SOMEONE TO MURDER THAT WANTED.

- 4 BACKWARDS AND FORWARDS THE CANDLE MOVED BARRYMORE.

Dr Watson's Map

Complete the gaps with the correct word from the brackets.



Dr Watson ¹(arrived / came)

..... arrived at

Grimpen Station by ²(train / coach)

Baskerville Hall is located about half a mile ³(north / south)

..... of

Grimpen Village.

Dr Watson saw a ⁴(soldier / policeman)

..... on the

road ⁵(from / between)

..... ~~Grimpen~~ Grimpen and Baskerville Hall. The driver said that a ⁶(prisoner / big dog) had escaped from Dartmoor Prison.

High Tor is the ⁷(highest / lowest) place on the moor. There are ⁸(roads / paths) across the moor from Baskerville Hall. Merripit House is ⁹(east / west)

..... of High Tor, and High Tor Farm is to the

¹⁰(east / west) – just ¹¹(north / south)

..... of Coombe Tracey. Laffer Hall is situated

roughly ¹²(south-east / south-west) of Merripit House.