

FRANKENSTEIN: Using the PAST TENSE



AFFIRMATIVE: write the verbs in the affirmative SIMPLE PAST.

1. Victor (live) in Geneva and (study) in Ingoldstadt.
2. The monster (be) afraid. He (feel) alone.
3. Elizabeth (have) no family, so the Frankensteins (adopt) her.
4. When the monster (open) its eyes, Victor (run) away.
5. Victor (read) his dad's letter. It (give) him bad news.
6. Victor (go) to Geneva and (see) the monster.
7. There (be) lots of lightnings. Victor (find) lightnings interesting.
8. The monster (visit) Geneva and (kill) William.
9. The judge (ask) questions and Justine (answer) them.
10. The monster (watch) the family and (learn) the language.



NEGATIVE: write the verbs in the negative form.

1. The monster (not speak) the language and it (not be) happy.
2. I (not have) friends and (not know) anybody.
3. Victor (not give) the monster a wife.
4. Victor (not tell) anybody about the monster.
5. The blind man (not be) worried because he (not see) the monster.

QUESTIONS: write the verbs in the question form. ANSWER using the SHORT FORM.

Example: ...*Did Victor kill*..... Henry? - No, *he didn't*

1. (the Frankensteins / live) in England? - No,
2. (Justine / kill) William? - No,
3. (the monster / help) the girl? - Yes,
4. (Victor / have) friends? - Yes,
5. (you / read) the book? - Yes, I



MIXED FORMS: affirmative and negative and interrogative. Complete.

1. The monster (find) Victor's journal and (read) it.
2. Justine (not kill) William but people (think) that she (be) the killer because she (have) William's locket.
3. The monster (want) a wife because it (not have) friends.
4. Mr. Kremple (laugh) at Victor because he (find) alchemy interesting.
5. Victor's father (think) that Victor (be) sad because he (not want) to marry Elizabeth.
6. «I (not understand) that the monster (have) terrible plans for me», (say) Victor.
7. Victor (tell) Robert Walton his story. Then he (die).