

# do, make, have, take, bring

I can use do, make, have, take and bring.

## 1 Complete the table. Use the words below.

an argument a bed the bus the cleaning a conversation  
a drink friends the hoovering housework  
nothing / something a shower somebody's advice

| do       | have     |
|----------|----------|
| 1 _____  | 5 _____  |
| 2 _____  | 6 _____  |
| 3 _____  | 7 _____  |
| 4 _____  | 8 _____  |
| make     | take     |
| 9 _____  | 11 _____ |
| 10 _____ | 12 _____ |

## 2 Complete the dialogues. Use the correct form of do, make, have and take.

1

Elvina How are you, Jed?

Jed Not very well. I've got a bad headache.

Elvina Lie down. <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a rest. <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a drink of water and <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ some painkillers.

Jed I've done those things. I'm going to <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ an appointment to see the doctor.

Elvina Do you want to borrow my phone to <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the phone call?

Jed Yes, please. And can you <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ me another favour? Can you give me a lift to the doctor's?

Elvina Sure. No problem.

2

Amelia Shall we <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a game of cards?

Alfie No, sorry. I haven't got time. I have to <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the washing up. Then I have to <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the rubbish out and <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ my homework. That will <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ ages!

## 3 Complete the sentences with the words below.

your best breakfast dinner the exam mistakes a photo the shopping

1 What time did you have \_\_\_\_\_ this morning?

2 When you take \_\_\_\_\_, don't worry if you make \_\_\_\_\_. Just do \_\_\_\_\_.

3 I took \_\_\_\_\_ of the beautiful sunset.

4 Mum's doing \_\_\_\_\_ at the supermarket.

5 Dad's in the kitchen. He's making \_\_\_\_\_ for us.

## 4 Complete the rules. Use away from and towards.

1 We use *bring* when the direction of travel is \_\_\_\_\_ the speaker: *Please bring me a glass of water.*

2 We use *take* when the direction of travel is \_\_\_\_\_ the speaker: *Don't forget to take your homework to school.*

## 5 Circle the correct verbs to complete the sentences.

1 Don't forget to **bring** / **take** your passport when you go to the airport.

2 I'm hungry. Can you **bring** / **take** me a sandwich?

3 Can I **bring** / **take** a friend to your party?

4 Please **bring** / **take** this letter to the post office for me.

5 **Bring** / **Take** an umbrella when you go out.

6 **Bring** / **Take** your holiday photos to show me.

### VOCAB BOOST!

In dictionary entries for common verbs like *do*, *make*, *have* and *take*, you can find useful set phrases and idioms. If you find a useful phrase or idiom, make a note of it. They are often in the example sentences. For example, in this extract from the entry for *take*, we can find the phrases *take medicine* and *take advice*.

**take** /teɪk/ verb 4 to eat or drink something: *don't forget to take your medicine.* 5 to agree to have something; to accept something: *If you take my advice, you'll forget all about him.*

## 6 Read the Vocab boost! box. Then look at the dictionary entry for have. Read the examples in points 2, 3 and 4 of the entry, and find 9 nouns that you can use with have / have got.

**have**<sup>2</sup> /həv/ verb 1 (also **have got**) to own or keep something: *She has blue eyes • They've got (= have got) a big car • Do you have any brothers and sisters?* 2 a word that you use with many nouns to talk about doing something: *What time do you have breakfast? • Let's have a drink • I had a shower • Jill and I have had a fight.* 3 a word that you use with many nouns to talk about experiencing something: *Have fun! • He has had an accident • Did you have a good holiday?* 4 (also **have got**) to be ill with something: *She's got a headache • I have flu.*

### Point 2

a have \_\_\_\_\_

b have a \_\_\_\_\_

c have a \_\_\_\_\_

d have a \_\_\_\_\_

### Point 3

e have \_\_\_\_\_

f have an \_\_\_\_\_

g have a \_\_\_\_\_

### Point 4

h have / have got a \_\_\_\_\_

i have / have got \_\_\_\_\_