

A / An – The

- **A / An** is used only with singular countable nouns to talk about things in general. We don't use **a / an** with uncountable or plural nouns. We can use **some** instead. **A / An** is often used after the verbs **be** and **have**. *A dog is a domestic animal.* (Which dog? Dogs in general.) *Bring me some milk, please!*
- We can use **a / an** or **the** before a singular countable noun to refer to a class of people, animals or things. However, we omit **a / an** or **the** before a noun in the plural when it represents a class. *A / The dolphin is a mammal.* Also: *Dolphins are mammals.* Exception: *Man is a mammal, too.* (NOT: *The man*)
- **The** is used with singular and plural nouns, countable and uncountable ones, to talk about something specific or when the noun is mentioned for a second time.
Whose is the van parked in front of our house? (Which van? The one parked in front of our house.)
He found a cat in the park. He took the cat home. (The word 'cat' is mentioned for a second time.)
- **The** is also used with the words **beach, cinema, country(side), ground, jungle, radio, sea, seaside, theatre, world**, etc. *He likes going to the theatre.* We usually say **television** without **the**. We often watch **television**. but: *Turn on the television (set).* We also say: *He lives near the sea.* but: *They are at sea* (= they are sailing). We normally omit **the** before the words **last** and **next** when we talk about a period of time immediately before or after the moment of speaking. *He graduated last year. I'll meet you next week. I went to the gym on Saturday but the next day I stayed at home.*

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Fill in: **a, an** or **the**.

1) ... *The* tiger is 2) large carnivorous animal which belongs to 3) cat family. 4) males are about three feet high and have 5) length of about twelve feet, including their tail. There are about eight varieties of tiger found around 6) world. They live in 7) jungle where water and food is plentiful. 8) tiger will only attack 9) person if it is starving or if it is threatened. It is 10) easily recognised animal as it has 11) impressive thick yellow or white coat with distinctive black stripes.

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Fill in the gaps with **a, an** or **the**.

Butter Biscuit Recipes



Ingredients

1 egg
200 gr butter
2 cups flour
1/2 cup sugar

Oven temperature: 180 °C

Cooking Time: 20 minutes

- 1 In ... *a* ... large bowl, mix flour and sugar.
- 2 Add egg.
- 3 Heat butter in frying pan and add it to mixture.
- 4 Stir well, then separate mixture into balls and place them on tray.
- 5 Bake biscuits in oven at 180°C for 20 minutes.

The is used before:

- nouns which are unique. *the Earth, the Eiffel Tower*
- names of cinemas (*the Rex*), hotels (*the Sheraton*), theatres (*the Apollo*), museums (*the Prado*), newspapers / magazines (*The Guardian*, but: (*Newsweek, Time Magazine*), ships (*the Marie Celeste*), institutions (*the RSPCA*), galleries (*the Tate Gallery*).
- names of rivers (*the Seine*), seas (*the Black Sea*), groups of islands / states (*the Bahamas, the USA*), mountain ranges (*the Alps*), deserts (*the Sahara desert*), oceans (*the Atlantic*) and names or nouns with of (*the Tower of London, the Statue of Liberty*).
Note: *the North / South Pole, the north of England, the South / West / North / East*
- musical instruments, dances. *the piano, the tango*
- names of families (*the Browns*), nationalities ending in *-sh, -ch* or *-ese* (*the English, the Dutch, the Japanese*). Other plural nationalities are used with or without *the* (*the) Greeks, (the) Italians, etc.*).
- titles (*the Queen, the Prince*). **The** is omitted before titles with proper names (*Queen Victoria*).
- the superlative degree of adjectives / adverbs. *She's the tallest girl in her class.*
- the words **station, shop, cinema, library, city, village**, etc. *She went to the station to see Jim off.*
- morning, afternoon, evening, night. *I'll be at home in the evening. but: at night, at noon, at midnight, by day / night, at 4 o'clock, etc.*

The is omitted before:

- proper nouns. *Jim comes from New York.*
- names of sports, games, activities, days, months, holidays, colours, meals and languages (not followed by the word *language*). *She plays squash well. She likes red. We speak English. but: The English language is spoken all over the world.*
- names of countries (*Italy*), cities (*Rome*), streets (*Oxford Street, but: the High Street*), parks (*Hyde Park*), stations (*Victoria Station*), mountains (*Everest*), islands (*Cyprus*), lakes (*Lake Michigan*), continents (*Europe*) but: *the Argentine, the Netherlands, (the) Sudan, the Hague, the Vatican.*
- possessive adjectives. *This isn't your bag.*
- bed, church, college, court, hospital, prison, school, university, when we refer to the purpose for which they exist. *Tom goes to school. (He is a student.) but: His mother went to the school yesterday to get his report. (She went to the school as a visitor.)*
Note: *work* (place of work) never takes *the*. *She's at work.*
- the words **home, father / mother** when we talk about our own home / parents. *Mother is at home.*
- means of transport: *by bus / by car / by train / by plane*, etc. but: *in the car, on the bus / train, etc.* *She travelled by plane. but: She left on the 6 o'clock plane yesterday.*
- illnesses. *He's got malaria. But we say: flu / the flu, measles / the measles, mumps / the mumps*

13 Fill in **the** where necessary.**Did you know ... ?**

- 1 **The** largest volcano in world is Mauna Loa in Hawaii.
- 2 Earth is 3.68 times bigger than Moon.
- 3 It snowed in Sahara desert on February 18, 1979.
- 4 More than half population of Kenya is under age of 15.
- 5 Cleopatra wasn't Egyptian, she was Greek.
- 6 There are ten towns named Hollywood in USA.
- 7 The filming of *Titanic* cost more than *Titanic* itself.
- 8 Europe is the only continent without a desert.
- 9 Venus is hottest planet in our solar system.
- 10 Hair grows faster in morning than at any other time of day.

14 Fill in: *a*, *an* or *the* where necessary.

1 A: George, have you ever been to Amsterdam?
 B: Yes, I was there during half term. We stayed at *the* Art Gallery Hotel.

2 A: Were you at yesterday's football match?
 B: No, but I saw it on TV. What amazing game!

3 A: What's name of hotel you're staying at?
 B: King's Cross. It's old hotel but it's next to train station on William Street.

4 A: I read that Mayor is going to open new youth centre.
 B: Yes, next Friday. We should go!

5 A: Did you do a lot of sightseeing when you were in Athens?
 B: Of course. We saw Acropolis, Ancient Theatre of Dionysus and we visited extraordinary area called Plaka.

6 A: This is my friend Irma.
 B: It's pleasure to meet you.

7 A: What do you know about Machu Picchu?
 B: It's ancient city found in Andes Mountains in Peru.

8 A: What language course are you taking this term?
 B: Chinese but I find it's very difficult language to learn.

9 A: Is this Barbara's dictionary?
 B: No, it's mine.

10 A: I called you yesterday but nobody answered.
 B: We visited my grandmother who's in hospital.

11 A: Have you ever seen live tiger or gorilla?
 B: Yes, I have. At city zoo!

12 A: Where is Barbados?
 B: In Caribbean.

13 A: What did you see on your tour today?
 B: Sydney Opera House and Blue Mountains.

15 Read the text below and choose the correct word for each space.

Tibet



Tibet is in 1) East Asia, north of the Himalayas. It is the highest region on earth and is sometimes called, "the roof of the world". Tibet has some of 2) world's tallest mountains, including Mount Everest, which 3) on the border with Nepal.

It is 4) magical tourist destination full of green lakes and beautiful snow-capped mountains. Places like Lake Namtso and the Yangtse River attract thousands of visitors each year.

Tibet 5) a long and rich history. Tourists will enjoy travelling to 6) Lhasa, the capital of Tibet. If you go there, you 7) a taste of Tibet's magic and charm. Don't forget to visit Lhasa's greatest attractions, 8) Potala Palace and the Jokhang Temple. Take the chance 9) the traditions of the Tibetan people 10) warmth and hospitality is known all over the world.

1 A an	B the	C –
2 A the	B –	C a
3 A finds	B found	C is found
4 A –	B the	C a
5 A is having	B has	C has had
6 A –	B a	C the
7 A get	B would have got	C will get
8 A the	B –	C a
9 A experiencing	B to experience	C experience
10 A whose	B who	C which

16 Read the text and fill in a, an or the where necessary.

Popular Tourist Destinations and Attractions

- 1) *The* island of Bali is 2) exciting holiday destination located in 3) Indonesia. Many tourists travel there each year to explore its magnificent coral reefs and white sandy beaches.
- 4) Delphi, lying on the slopes of 5) Mt Parnassus is 6) famous archaeological site in 7) Greece. Some of the ruins that you can see there today are 8) Temple of Apollo, 9) gymnasium, the stadium and the theatre.
- 10) Ice Hotel at 11) Balea Lake in 12) Romania is the first ice hotel in 13) Eastern Europe. It was built in 2006 deep in 14) Fagaras Mountains, at 15) altitude of 2,034 metres.



17 Filling a, an or the where necessary.

Dear Nicole,

Hi. How are you? My family and I just came back from Japan and we had such 1) fantastic time! Japan is 2) extraordinary country rich in culture and tradition. We stayed at 3) traditional Japanese hotel in 4) Asakusa. This gave us the chance to experience Japanese customs and taste 5) local cuisine. Luckily, our hotel was only 6) fifteen-minute walk from 7) city centre.

Tokyo is 8) city full of modern architecture. First, we went to 9) Tokyo Tower from where we had 10) wonderful view of the city. Next, we went to 11) Tokyo National Museum which has 12) enormous collection of Japanese Art. On the last day, we went shopping. Shopping is 13) extremely popular activity in Tokyo and not just for 14) travellers.

Well, that's all my news. Write back soon.

Jill

Speaking Activity

(talking about a place)

In pairs, ask and answer about an interesting trip you went on. Talk about:

- time • place • who with • transport • activities • feelings

A: *Last month, I went on holiday to Rome.*

B: *Who did you go with? etc.*

Writing Activity

Write an email to your friend about an interesting trip you went on using your answers from the Speaking Activity. Use Ex. 17 as a model.

Dear

Hi. How are you? and I just came back from and we had such a great time!