

RELATIVE CLAUSE

CÁCH LUẬC BỎ ĐẠI TỪ QUAN HỆ

1) *Dùng cụm V-ing :*

Dùng cho các mệnh đề mang nghĩa chủ động

The man who is standing there is my brother.

→ The man standing there is my brother

2) *Dùng cụm P.P: (V3/ V-ed)*

Dùng cho các mệnh đề mang nghĩa bị động .

I like books which were written by Nguyen Du.

→ I like books written by Nguyen Du.

3) *Dùng cụm to inf: (to V)*

Dùng khi danh từ đứng trước có các từ sau đây: **ONLY, LAST, FIRST, SECOND**

This is the only student who can do the problem.

→ This is the only student to do the problem.

* Lưu ý:

- Nếu chủ ngữ của 2 mệnh đề khác nhau thì thêm “**for sb**” trước **to inf**.

We have some picture books that children can read.

→ We have some picture books for children to read.

- Nếu chủ ngữ là đại từ có nghĩa chung chung **we, you, everyone....** → không cần ghi ra.

Studying abroad is the wonderful thing that we must think about.

→ Studying abroad is the wonderful (for us) to think about.

- Nếu trước ĐTQH có giới từ → đem xuống cuối câu.

Ex: We have a peg on which we can hang our coat.

We have a peg to hang our coat on.

Exercise 1: Chọn đáp án đúng

1. Can the students give back their books? The students are leaving tomorrow.
 - A. Can the students whom are leaving tomorrow give back their books?
 - B. Can the students who leaving tomorrow give back their books?
 - C. Can the students leaving tomorrow give back their books?
 - D. Can the students whose leaving tomorrow give back their books?
2. The children were attracted by the show. It was performed by the animals.
 - A. The children attracted by the show which was performed by the animals.
 - B. The children were attracted by the show to have been performed by the animals.
 - C. The show performing by the animals attracted the children.
 - D. The children were attracted by the show performed by the animals.
3. The tree should be cut down. Its branches are dead.
 - A. The tree whose branches are dead should be cut down.
 - B. The tree its branches are dead should be cut down.
 - C. The tree where the branches of which are dead should be cut down.
 - D. A and C are correct.
4. I saw a lot of new people at the party, _____ seemed familiar.
 - A. some of whom
 - B. some of who
 - C. whom
 - D. some of that
5. The man is my uncle. He is talking to Mr Brown.
 - A. The man talking to Mr Brown is my uncle.
 - B. The man is talking to Mr Brown is my uncle.
 - C. The man talks to Mr Brown is my uncle.
 - D. The man talked to Mr Brown is my uncle.
6. The road which joins the two villages is very narrow.
 - A. The road joins the two villages is very narrow.
 - B. The road joining the two villages is very narrow.
 - C. The road joined the two villages is very narrow.
 - D. The road is joining the two villages is very narrow.
7. Which is the European country ____ economy is growing the fastest ?

Exercise 2: Use reduced relative clauses in place of the relative clauses

1. I've got a bottle of wine but I haven't got anything that I could open it with.

→.....

2. My files are all over the place. I wish I had a box that I could keep them in.

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3. She said that she wasn't going to buy any cards; she hadn't had anyone to whom she could send cards.

→.....

4. You are the last person who saw her alive.

→

5. He simple loves parties. He is always the first who comes and the last who goes.

→.....

6. The Queen Elizabeth is the largest ship which had been built on the Clyde.

→.....

7. People who listen to very loud music may suffer gradual hearing loss .

→.....

8. The teacher who takes the responsibility for the class is Ms Lan.

→.....

9. She's just bought a handbag which was made of crocodile skin.

→.....