Too – Enough

Too comes before adjectives. It has a negative meaning and shows that something is more than enough, more than necessary or more than wanted.

- too + adjective + to-infinitive
  The tea is **too hot to drink**. (It's so hot that we can't drink it.)

The baby is **too young** to walk.
(He can't walk.)

Enough comes before nouns but after adjectives. It has a positive meaning and shows that there is as much of something as wanted or needed.

- adjective + enough / enough + noun } + to-infinitive
  Her house is **big enough** to have a party.
  (She can have a party at her house.)
  They have **enough money to go** on holiday this summer.
  (They can go on holiday.)

Mandy is **old enough to drive** a car.
(She can drive a car.)

- not ... enough + to-infinitive **(negative meaning)**
  She is **not strong enough to carry** her bike.
  (She can't carry her bike.)
- too ... **(for somebody/something)** + to-infinitive **(negative meaning)**
  This ring is **too expensive for me to buy**. (The ring is very expensive, I can't buy it.)

Too much – Too many – Not enough

There's **too much traffic** today. **(Uncountable)**
There are **too many cars** in the streets. **(Countable)**

There **isn't enough butter** left. **(Uncountable)**
There **aren't enough chairs**. **(Countable)**

18 **Complete the sentences with *too* or *enough*.**

1 You can't borrow my car. You aren't old ...*enough*... to drive.
2 I'm sorry Tim but I can't meet you this week. I'm ..... busy.
3 Can you help me with these boxes? I'm not strong ..... to lift them.
4 I haven't got ..... money. Can you lend me some?
5 I'm ..... tired to go to the gym this evening.
6 Let me help you. You aren't tall .... to reach the top shelf.
7 This video game is ..... expensive for me to buy.
8 There aren't ..... parks in the city for children to play.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3 Adjectives – Adverbs – Comparisons

19 Complete the responses using *too* or *enough*.

1 A: Can you walk to the restaurant? **(close)**
B: Yes, it is close enough.
2 A: Can Wendy do these exercises? **(difficult)**
B: No, they're too difficult.
3 A: Can we buy this sofa? **(cheap)**
B: Yes, ...
4 A: Can baby Annie walk yet? **(young)**
B: No, ...
5 A: Can she carry this suitcase? **(light)**
B: Yes, ...
6 A: Can Mario come out to play? **(busy)**
B: No, ...

20 Circle the correct word.

1 Don't spend too **much** / **many** time watching TV. You haven't finished your essay yet.
2 I haven't got **enough** / **much** eggs to make a cake.
3 You've spent too **many** / **much** money on these clothes.
4 There are too **many** / **much** flowers in the vase.
5 Jenny doesn't have **many** / **enough** money to buy a computer.
6 There isn't **much** / **many** jam left in the jar.

21 Complete the exchanges with *too much* or *too many*.

1 A: Can you see Sarah?
B: No, there are ...too many... people in front of me.
2 A: Please don't make ..... noise. I'm trying to study.
B: Okay, we promise to keep it down.
3 A: Did you pass your Science quiz?
B: I don't think so. I made ..... silly mistakes.
4 A: Are you coming out later?
B: No, sorry. I have ..... homework to do.

GAME

Compare

Play in teams. Use the adjectives and nouns to make sentences using the *comparative* form.

cars / bicycles, football / tennis, burgers / vegetables, cats / dogs

fast, friendly, entertaining, healthy, loyal, noisy, boring, tasty, dangerous, expensive, comfortable, popular

Team A S1: Cars are faster than bicycles.
Team B S1: Cats are less friendly than dogs, etc.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Speaking Activity

(Making comparisons)

Use the adjectives in the list to compare the means of transport in the pictures.

- comfortable • fast • cheap • dangerous • expensive • slow
- safe • relaxing

A: Which is more comfortable, a plane or a bus?
B: A plane is more comfortable than a bus.
A: And which is the most comfortable?
B: A train is the most comfortable of all, etc.

Writing Activity

How do you like to travel: by train or by bus? Write a short paragraph. Use the adjectives from the Speaking Activity.

I like travelling by ..... because
..... and it
is much ..... .
..... isn't as
..... as
..... .
..... is too
..... .

LIVEWORKSHEETS