

**REPORT TEXT**

# E-LKPD

**STUDENTS' WORKSHEET**



Name:

# Analysing Report Text

## Activity 1

Watch the video and answer the questions!



1. What is the video about?
2. What do you see from the video?
3. What do you think the purpose of the video?



# Analysing Report Text

## Activity 2

Identify the structure and the passive sentence of the following text

Dolphin



Dolphin is a very intelligent animal. They are mammals that live in the sea. Although classified as mammals, many people call them as fish, because these animals can indeed live in the water and swim like a fish. In fact, dolphins like cats, cows, and goats which are truly a mammal or a breastfeeding animal.

They are one part of the aquatic cetaceans' nation. To move easily, they have a body that is tapered and shaped like a torpedo. They can move in the water easily because they have two parts of body namely the pectoral fins and dorsal fins.

They are one type of marine animal that is very flexible because they can live in all waters that exist in the world. They can be met anywhere either tropical or sub-tropical regions. There are many species of dolphins that choose to live in coastal waters as we often find at the Kiluan Bay in Lampung. Nevertheless, most of the dolphins prefer to live in the open sea or called as oceanic.

Indonesia has a lot of waters where the dolphins live in it. In addition to Lampung coastal waters, dolphins spread from the Mahakam river until Segara lagoon area in Central Java. Meanwhile, the sea which has dolphins inside it is Sawu Sea in Maluku.

Source: [www.belajarbahasainggrisgrisku.com](http://www.belajarbahasainggrisgrisku.com)

# Analysing Report Text

## Activity 2

Identify the structure and the passive sentence of the text above. Write on the right column!

Title

General  
Classification

Description

Passive  
Sentence



# Understanding Report Text

## Activity 3

Rearrange the following sentences into a good Report Text, make 5 questions about it and then read the text carefully to answer your questions!

1. The longest blue whale on record is a female measured at a South Georgia whaling station in the South Atlantic (1909); she was 33.58m.
2. The heaviest blue whale was also a female hunted in the Southern Ocean, Antarctica, on 20 March 1947.
3. She tipped the scales at 190 tons which is equivalent to about 30 elephants or 2500 people.
4. Blue whales are now extremely rare due to uncontrolled commercial whaling.
5. Some populations could be endangered to the point of extinction.
6. The blue whale is not only the biggest whale living today; the blue whale is the biggest creature ever to have lived on Earth.
7. They are mind-bogglingly gigantic; much larger than any of the dinosaurs.
8. Blue whales and the other ocean giants live their whole lives in seawater.
9. Blue whales commonly reach the colossal length of 29m, that's roughly as long as three London red double-decker buses parked end to end.
10. Blue whales in the Southern Hemisphere are generally larger than those in the Northern Hemisphere and female blues are larger than males.

# Understanding Report Text

## Activity 3

Make 5 questions about the text and then read the text entirely to answer your questions!

### Questions

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

### Answer

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.



# Understanding Report Text

## Activity 4

Read the text carefully and answer the questions!



The platypus is a semi-aquatic mammal endemic to East to North Australia, including Tasmania. It is one of the five extreme species of mono-dreams. The only mammal that lays eggs instead of giving birth to live young.

The body and the broad flat tail of these animals are covered with dense brown fur, that traps a layer including ear to keep the animals warm. It uses its tail for storage of fat. It has webbed feet and the large robbery's net. These are species that are be closer to those of ducks, then to these any known mammals. Weight varies considerably from 0.7 to 2.4 kg with males being larger than females. And male averages 50 cm total length while the female major approximately 45 cm. The platypus has an average temperature of 32 degrees Celsius rather than 37 degree Celsius that is typical of the placental mammals





**Read the text carefully and answer the questions!**

1. The text mainly talk about...
  - A. Semi-aquatic
  - B. The Platypus
  - C. The duck
  - D. Mammal endemic
2. The following statements are true about the platypus, except...
  - A. Platypus can be found in North of Australia
  - B. It lays eggs instead of giving birth
  - C. The weight of females platypus is larger than the males
  - D. It is one of extreme species of mono dreams
3. The body and the broad flat tail of platypus are covered by ...
  - A. Fur
  - B. Ear
  - C. Webbed feet
  - D. Large robbery's net
4. This semi-aquatic mammal endemic can be found in ...
  - A. East Australia
  - B. America
  - C. Singapore
  - D. Water
5. The writer intention of writing this text is to ...
  - A. inform the reader about the semi-aquatic mammal endemic in general
  - B. describe about the platypus in detail
  - C. get information about the platypus
  - D. tell the detail information of platypus





**Rearrange the following sentences into a good Report Text & put the sequence number on the right column!**

“  
Their front legs are very strong and armed with heavy curved claws with which they break open the nests of ants and termites and then, when the insects rush out, use their long, sticky tongues to lick them up at great speed.  
”

Ant-eaters are perhaps the most curious looking animals.

Scaly ant-eaters, or pangolins, are found in Africa and tropical Asia.

True ant-eaters are found in the swamps and forests of central and South America.

Their long head and snout look like tubes, and they have no teeth at all.