

1. What was the significance of the wildflowers in the story?
 - A. They were a source of income for the protagonist.
 - B. They were a means of transportation.
 - C. They symbolized a form of communication with the mother.
 - D. They were a gift for the nurse, Tuti.
 - E. They represented the protagonist's love for nature.
2. How did the protagonist communicate with their mother as her health deteriorated?
 - A. Through written notes.
 - B. Through singing songs.
 - C. Through a phone app.
 - D. Through the help of a speech therapist.
 - E. Through placing wildflowers in a vase.
3. What is the appropriate response when someone says, "I'm sorry for your loss"?
 - A. "Thank you for your kind words."
 - B. "Congratulations on your success."
 - C. "Don't mention it."
 - D. "I don't need your sympathy."
 - E. "You should have been here earlier."
4. What was the significance of the wildflowers that the narrator discovered on their trips to visit their mother?
 - A. They were used as a decoration in the car.
 - B. They brought a glimmer to the mother's eyes and facilitated communication.
 - C. They were sold at a local market.
 - D. They added color to the side of the road.
 - E. They were used as a gift for the nurse, Tuti.
5. What is the purpose of the exposition in a narrative text?
 - A. To resolve the conflict
 - B. To introduce the characters, setting, and basic situation
 - C. To build suspense
 - D. To present the main problem
 - E. To conclude the story
6. How did the narrator learn about their mother's deteriorating condition at the end of the year?
 - A. They received a letter from the hospital.
 - B. They saw it on the news.
 - C. They received a call from the nurse, Tuti.
 - D. They read about it in a magazine.
 - E. They found a note from their mother.

7. Which of the following is NOT a common expression of sympathy in English?

- A. "I'm so sorry for your loss."
- B. "My deepest condolences."
- C. "Congratulations on your achievement."
- D. "You have my sympathy."
- E. "My heart goes out to you."

8. What is the climax of a narrative text?

- A. The introduction of the characters
- B. The resolution of the conflict
- C. The turning point or most intense moment
- D. The conclusion of the story
- E. The events leading up to the conflict

9. What is the estimated prevalence of Internet Gaming Disorder (IGD) in a survey of individuals in the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada, and Germany?

- A. 0.3 percent to 1 percent
- B. 27.5 percent
- C. 7.3 percent
- D. 150 million
- E. 2 billion

10. What did the narrator do during their visits to the hospital at the end of the year?

- A. They brought a collection of books to read to their mother.
- B. They recited their mother's favorite childhood stories.
- C. They held their mother's hand and had their final conversation.
- D. They brought a music player with their mother's favorite songs.
- E. They cooked a special meal for their mother.

11. What is the meaning of 'Lombok' in Indonesian language, and how does it relate to the island's geography?

- A. 'Lombok' means paradise, and it reflects the island's natural beauty.
- B. 'Lombok' means chili, and the island's shape resembles a chili.
- C. 'Lombok' means peaceful, signifying the island's tranquility.
- D. 'Lombok' means adventure, emphasizing the island's trekking opportunities.
- E. 'Lombok' means remote, highlighting the island's seclusion.

12. When offering sympathy in English, what is the primary purpose of using phrases like "I'm here for you" or "You're in my thoughts"?

- A. To express happiness for the person.
- B. To offer congratulations.
- C. To convey empathy and support.
- D. To share personal achievements.
- E. To provide advice and solutions.

13. What was the outcome of the protagonist's last visit to the hospital?

- A. The mother miraculously recovered.
- B. The nurse, Tuti, passed away.
- C. The protagonist and their mother had a heartfelt conversation.
- D. The mother's condition worsened, and it was their final conversation.
- E. The protagonist decided to stay in the hospital.

14. Which facial expression is commonly associated with happiness?

- A. Scowling
- B. Frowning
- C. Smiling
- D. Wincing
- E. Glaring

15. What is a common gesture people use to express happiness?

- A. Clapping their hands
- B. Covering their ears
- C. Crossing their arms
- D. Stomping their feet
- E. Pointing their finger

16. Which of the following phrases is commonly used to express happiness or joy in English?

- A. "My heart aches."
- B. "I'm on cloud nine."
- C. "I'm feeling blue."
- D. "I'm in a funk."
- E. "I'm at my wit's end."

17. When someone shares good news in English, what is the politest response to show happiness for them?

- A. Ask them why it's a big deal.
- B. Offer a sarcastic comment.
- C. Smile and say, "That's wonderful news!"
- D. Change the topic to your own accomplishments.
- E. Express indifference.

18. What does the name 'Lombok' mean in Indonesian language, and how does it relate to the island's geography?

- A. Lombok means "island of mountains."
- B. Lombok means "chili," and it is circular with a tail in the southwest.
- C. Lombok means "peaceful island."
- D. Lombok means "volcano," and it's shaped like one.
- E. Lombok means "dense cloud."

19. Why is Lombok Island considered an ideal destination for tourists looking for a more peaceful experience compared to Bali?

- A. Lombok is more popular than Bali.
- B. Bali is geographically similar to Lombok.
- C. Lombok has stunning beaches.
- D. Bali has a circular shape.
- E. Lombok's popularity has not reached the level of Bali.

20. What is the primary factor that makes Lombok Island an ideal destination for tourists, especially in comparison to Bali?

- A. Lombok's stunning beaches.
- B. Bali's popularity and crowdedness.
- C. The presence of Mount Rinjani.
- D. Lombok's thriving nightlife.
- E. The island's remote location.

21. Why has Mount Rinjani become a popular destination for adventurous travelers in Southeast Asia?

- A. Mount Agung, 2,563 meters
- B. Mount Bromo, 2,392 meters
- C. Mount Rinjani, 3,726 meters
- D. Mount Merapi, 2,930 meters
- E. Mount Semeru, 3,676 meters

22. Why might some tourists prefer Lombok Island over Bali Island, based on the information in the text?

- A. Because Lombok is more popular and crowded than Bali.
- B. Because Lombok offers similar stunning scenery but with more peace.
- C. Because Lombok doesn't have any beautiful beaches.
- D. Because Lombok's Mount Rinjani is not suitable for trekking.
- E. Because Lombok is more developed for mass tourism compared to Bali.

23. Which of the following is an appropriate way to politely request information?

- A. "Tell me now!"
- B. "Give me the answer!"
- C. "Could you please provide me with the information I need?"
- D. "I demand the information!"
- E. "Answer my question immediately!"

24. If someone ignores the warning and drops fragile materials, what could happen?

- A. The materials will become stronger
- B. The materials will multiply
- C. The materials will float in the air
- D. The materials may get damaged or break
- E. The materials will turn into a different color

25. What is the purpose of the statement "Fragile materials Please do not drop"?

- A. To instruct people to drop fragile materials
- B. To remind people to handle materials with care
- C. To encourage people to play with materials
- D. To challenge people to test the durability of materials
- E. To suggest dropping materials from a higher height

26. Which action is advised in relation to fragile materials?

- A. Bouncing them
- B. Storing them in a safe place
- C. Dropping them from a height
- D. Throwing them around
- E. Using them as a cushion

27. Which country had a nationwide study on "internet addiction" that showed a wide range of IGD indicators from 0.7 percent to 27.5 percent?

- A. United States
- B. Canada
- C. Germany
- D. Japan
- E. Norway

28. What is the purpose of the resolution in a narrative text?

- A. To introduce the characters
- B. To create suspense
- C. To conclude the story and resolve conflicts
- D. To present the main problem
- E. To describe the setting

29. What percentage of the sample in the Japanese study showed indicators of Internet Gaming Disorder (IGD)?

- A. 0.3 percent
- B. 1 percent
- C. 27.5 percent
- D. 7.3 percent
- E. 1.4 percent

30. What is the role of the antagonist in a narrative story?

- A. To support the main character
- B. To create conflict for the main character
- C. To provide comic relief
- D. To narrate the story
- E. To resolve the conflict

31. According to statistics, how many people worldwide play video games?

- A. 0.3 percent
- B. 150 million
- C. 1.4 percent
- D. 7.3 percent
- E. 2 billion

32. In the context of IGD, what percentage of Norwegian gamers were categorized as addicted based on the research?

A. 0.7 percent C. 27.5 percent E. 7.3 percent
B. 1 percent D. 1.4 percent

33. When someone is going through a difficult time, which of the following statements shows empathy and sympathy?

A. "Get over it; life is tough for everyone."
B. "I understand what you're going through, and I'm here to support you."
C. "Stop complaining; there are people worse off than you."
D. "You should toughen up and handle your problems yourself."
E. "I can't be bothered with your troubles."

34. Which region has a higher estimated percentage of people affected by Internet Gaming Disorder (IGD), Europe, or North America?

A. Europe C. They have the same percentage E. Asia
B. North America D. Data is not provided

35. When seeking information, it is essential to ...

A. Insist on getting an immediate response.
B. Use demanding language to ensure a quick answer.
C. Respectfully inquire and phrase your request appropriately.
D. Avoid asking questions and make assumptions.
E. Make the other person feel uncomfortable while asking for information.

36. "A sentence has only full prediction". This represents a description of ...

A. Simple sentence D. Compound-Complex Sentence
B. Complex sentence E. Declarative sentence
C. Compound sentence

37. Example of simple sentence is ...

A. The survey shows that videos featuring children were viewed three times more than comparable videos not featuring children on YouTube
B. Approximately 266,000 viewers had seen the general content that featured children
C. Children played together outdoor and they had a lot of physical activity
D. Chat jargon did not exist and people knew their spelling well.
E. The survey defines a popular channel as one with at least 250,000

38. What is the theme of a narrative text?

- A. The lesson or message conveyed by the story
- B. The main problem faced by the characters
- C. The resolution of the conflict
- D. The climax of the story
- E. The setting of the story

39. "A sentence has two or more full predictions, it is connected by and, or, but, so, for." This definition of ...

- A. Simple sentence
- B. Complex sentence
- C. Compound sentence
- D. Compound-complex sentence
- E. Declarative sentence

40. The example of compound sentence is ...

- A. I'm going to the doctor this evening.
- B. I looked for apples and avocados at the supermarket
- C. Julian, Dick, Anne and Georgina, and their dog Timmy kept getting into troubles
- D. I really need to go to work but I am too sick to drive.
- E. She returned the computer after she noticed it was damaged

41. "A sentence has two or more full predictions. One of them is an independent clause". This represents a definition of ...

- A. Simple sentence
- B. Complex sentence
- C. Compound sentence
- D. Compound-complex sentence
- E. Declarative sentence

42. The example of complex sentence is ...

- A. Children's content that did not feature children had fewer viewers than general content that featured children.
- B. Approximately 266,000 viewers had seen the general content that featured children
- C. Children played together outdoor and they had a lot of physical activity
- D. The survey defines a popular channel as one with at least 250,000
- E. Because I had to catch the train, and as we were short on time, I forgot to pack my toothbrush for our vacation

43. "Keep the class clean". What does the notice above mean?

- A. Do not speak in the class
- B. Do not sleep in the class
- C. Do not destroy everything in the room
- D. Do not throw rubbish in the class
- E. Do not run in the class

44. The caution above means ...

- A. We must keep the place silent
- B. We must keep the place clean
- C. We enter the place
- D. We may read aloud
- E. We must borrow the book

45. What is the main purpose of a narrative text?

- A. To persuade
- B. To inform
- C. To entertain
- D. To describe
- E. To explain

46. What is the setting of a narrative story?

- A. The problem faced by the characters
- B. The time and place where the story happens
- C. The climax of the story
- D. The resolution of the conflict
- E. The characters in the story

47. Who is the protagonist in a narrative story?

- A. The main character
- B. The character who opposes the main character
- C. The character who helps the main character
- D. The narrator
- E. The side character

48. Which of the following is an example of foreshadowing in a narrative text?

- A. A sudden twist in the plot
- B. A flashback
- C. A hint or clue about future events
- D. The resolution of the conflict
- E. The introduction of the characters

49. What makes Mount Rinjani a popular destination for adventurous travelers in Southeast Asia?

- A. Its peak is hidden from sight most of the time.
- B. It is the tallest volcano in Indonesia.
- C. It is located on Bali Island.
- D. The island of Lombok is circular in shape.
- E. It is known for its waterfalls and breathtaking mountain top scenery.

50. What is the purpose of the rising action in a narrative text?

- A. To introduce the characters
- B. To build suspense and develop the plot
- C. To conclude the story
- D. To resolve the conflict
- E. To describe the setting