

GRAMMAR

Modals of obligation & permission	Prohibitions & Lack of obligation
<p>Have to Something obligatory or necessary. It is an order or a rule. <i>Students have to wear uniform at school.</i></p> <p>Must It's used with personal obligations. It is important or necessary for you. Nobody orders to do it. <i>I must phone my dad. It's his birthday today.</i></p> <p>Can / Can't It's used for permissions and for refusing permissions. <i>You can use the library, but you can't eat there.</i></p>	<p>Mustn't It's used to talk about prohibitions or something illegal. It's the negative for have to and must. <i>You mustn't smoke in non-smoking area.</i></p> <p>Don't have to/ Doesn't have to It's used to talk about things which are not obligatory or necessary. <i>Students don't have to clean the school.</i></p>

A) Rewrite these sentences by filling the gaps with have to, don't have to, must, mustn't, can, can't.

1. It's not necessary for you to arrive before 9.30.	You arrive before 9.30.
2. It's prohibited to bring food into the classrooms.	Students bring food into the classrooms.
3. It is obligatory to wear a helmet when you ride a motorbike.	You wear a helmet when you ride a motorbike.
4. I have permission to have a party.	I have a party.
5. It's obligatory for employers to work from 8:00 to 5:30.	Employers work from 8:00 to 5:30.
6. You don't have permission to go out today.	You go out today.
7. It's important for students to have good grades.	Students have good grades. They want to be the best.

B) Complete with mustn't or don't/doesn't have to

1. I don't want anyone to know about our plan. You **mustn't** tell anyone.
2. Richard **doesn't have to** wear a suit to work, but he usually does.
3. I can sleep late tomorrow morning because I _____ go to work. It's my free day.
4. Whatever you do, you _____ touch that switch. It's very dangerous.
5. There is an elevator in the building, so we _____ go up the stairs.
6. You _____ forget what I told you. It's very important.
7. Silvia _____ get up early, but she usually does.
8. Don't make so much noise. We _____ wake the children.
9. You _____ be a good player to enjoy a game of tennis.

C) Complete with must or have/has to

1. Students _____ hand over their final project on Monday.
2. Daniel _____ go to the bank. He doesn't have any money.
3. Mary _____ arrive home early. Her parents don't let her stay until late.
4. You _____ pay to park here. It's \$5 per hour.
5. We really _____ hurry up, Vicky. We don't want to be late.
6. I _____ help my parents with the housework. I think is necessary.
7. Peter can't see very well. He _____ wear glasses. The doctor ordered it.