

# THE PRAGUE SPRING (1968)

2 Write a narrative account analysing the key events of the Prague Spring (1968).

You may use the following in your answer:

- Alexander Dubček
- Soviet control

You **must** also use information of your own.

A student has planned their answer to this question.

Help them put the events in chronological order. However, one of the events is not relevant to the question put a cross next to the incorrect event.

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 500,000 troops invaded Czechoslovakia and ended the 'Prague Spring'. The people couldn't do much to fight this massive army.                                                                                                      |    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Brezhnev gave a speech which was published in the Soviet newspaper, Pravda. In it he outlined the Brezhnev Doctrine                                                                                                               |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The "Prague Spring" was the name given to a series of reforms introduced by Dubček. They included a relaxation of censorship, allowing people to criticise the government and allowing people a greater freedom to travel abroad. |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | By 1966, standards of living were so low that students held demonstrations in the capital, Prague.                                                                                                                                |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dubček thought that communism shouldn't be oppressive and that it was possible to enjoy life in a communist state. He called this "communism with a human face".                                                                  |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Alexander Dubček became leader of Czechoslovakia in 1968. Brezhnev liked and trusted him.                                                                                                                                         |  |

