

TEST 4

I. PHONETICS

(1-3). Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

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|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. a. <u>p</u> roud | b. <u>y</u> oung | c. <u>f</u> ound | d. <u>o</u> ut |
| 2. a. <u>s</u> chool | b. <u>C</u> hristmas | c. <u>s</u> cholarship | d. <u>ch</u> opsticks |
| 3. a. <u>d</u> eaf | b. <u>h</u> ead | c. <u>br</u> ead | d. <u>m</u> eat |

(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

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|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 4. a. common | b. rubbish | c. machine | d. cyclone |
| 5. a. animal | b. bacteria | c. dynamite | d. pyramid |

II. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

(6-20). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.

6. I had no money _____ me when I came across a nice shirt.
a. by b. at c. on d. over
7. Look _____! There's a big hole in front of you.
a. on b. over c. off d. out
8. She often goes swimming _____ Sunday mornings.
a. on b. over c. in d. at
9. Jack insisted that he didn't need any help, _____ I helped him anyway.
a. and b. so c. for d. but
10. Thousands of people took part in a _____ of support for free higher education.
a. march c. demonstration
b. gathering d. crowd
11. It is estimated that four million _____ watched the show on television.
a. observers c. viewers
b. onlookers d. spectators
12. Some English words have the same pronunciation _____ they are spelled differently, for example, *dear* and *deer*.
a. unless b. since c. even though d. only if
13. If the engine gets too hot, it _____ to smoke.
a. starts b. is starting c. would start d. will be started
14. Do you know the man _____ over there?

- a. stands b. who stand c. stood d. standing

15. I hope the children soon got used _____ in much smaller house.

- a. live b. to live c. living d. to living

16. Help is needed for families _____ homes were destroyed in the storm.

- a. who's b. whose c. which d. whom

17. The seeds _____ into flour which is used for pancakes, noodles and breads.

- a. grinded b. are ground c. are grounded d. ground

18. _____ the gold medal, he will have to do better than that.

- a. To win c. That he wins
b. So he wins d. Winning

19. When I first met him, he wore _____.

- a. a brown nice leather jacket c. a leather nice brown jacket
b. a nice leather brown jacket d. a nice brown leather jacket

20. 'Won't you have something to drink?' ' _____ '

- a. I'm sorry, I won't. c. I'm afraid I can't.
b. Not for me, thank you. d. I've no idea.

(21 -25). Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

21. She cried very hardly when she heard the news of the accident.

- A B C D

22. It has been a long time when I last wrote to you.

- A B C D

23. The food that my mother is cooking in the kitchen is smelling delicious.

- A B C D

24. We found some garden furnitures in that old house we bought.

- A B C D

25. I know little English, so I'll have this letter to translate into Vietnamese.

- A B C D

(26-30). Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

26. The heating switches off _____. (*automatic*)

27. Malaysia has _____ climate. (*tropic*)

28. You should do what the _____ told if you want to pass the driving test. (*instruct*)

29. He is a tourist guide so we all take his _____. (*guide*)

30. Your exam results are rather _____. I expect you to do better. (*disappoint*)

III. READING

(31 -38). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

A 9.0 - 9.1 magnitude (31) _____ followed by a tsunami hit the east coast of Japan in March 11, 2011. With an underwater depth of 29 km, this was the largest earthquake to ever (32) _____ Japan in recorded history. Documented as the 4th most powerful earthquake in the world, it was (33) _____ for the death of 15,894 people with 6,152 injured and 2,562 people (34) _____. It also affected 20 prefectures, with over 127,000 buildings (35) _____ destroyed and over 272,000 buildings “half collapsed”. The earthquake also caused a near nuclear (36) _____ when there was a partial meltdown in 3 (37) _____ of the Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant, (38) is the 2nd largest nuclear disaster after Chernobyl.

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|---------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 31. a. hurricane | b. earthquake | c. typhoon | d. cyclone |
| 32. a. occur | b. shake | c. strike | d. destroy |
| 33. a. resulted | b. sensible | c. reliable | d. responsible |
| 34. a. missing | b. crossing | c. passing | d. including |
| 35. a. strongly | b. fully | c. completely | d. frequently |
| 36. a. energy | b. disaster | c. weapon | d. waste |
| 37. a. contributors | b. controllers | c. stationers | d. reactors |
| 38. a. which | b. that | c. where | d. it |

(39-43). Read the passage. Decide if the statements that follow are True or False and choose the correct answer.

The word *ecotourism* is a combination of *ecology* and *tourism*. The International Ecotourism Society defines ecotourism as “responsible travel to natural areas that conserves the environment and improves the well-being of the local people.” This means that walking through a rain forest isn’t really ecotourism unless it benefits the area, perhaps by providing jobs to the local residents or by conserving the wildlife. Countries are slowly recognizing that it is possible to make money while preserving their natural resources.

Costa Rica has been leading the ecotourism movement for some time, and was voted the most popular ecotourism destination by TripAdvisor.com in April 2012. It developed the Certification for Sustainable Tourism (CST) program in 1999, which was then used by the United Nations World Tourism Organization as the model for the rest of Latin America. Thanks to its conservation efforts, over 25 percent of Costa Rica’s land is covered in lush national parks. Its ecotourism industry generates over a billion dollars annually and provides jobs to thousands of people.

39. What is the main purpose of the first paragraph?
- To encourage people to protect the environment
 - To define the term 'ecotourism'
 - To explain how to promote ecotourism
 - To judge the environmental impact of tourism
40. The word 'ecology' means
- the natural world in which animals and plants live
 - the study of the life of plants and animals
 - the relationship between living things and their environment
 - all the plants and living creatures in a particular area
41. According to the passage, ecotourism.
- promotes development in poor countries
 - has a negative impact on local economy
 - attracts visitors to promote areas
 - contributes to the conservation of natural resources
42. The word 'It' in line 10 refers to
- Ecotourism Movement
 - International Ecotourism Society
 - Costa Rica
 - TripAdvisor.com
43. Which of the following about Costa Rica is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- It is a member of the United Nations World Tourism Organization.
 - More than 25% of its land is protected national parks.
 - It was voted the most popular spot for eco-tourism.
 - It has an ecotourism industry worth over one billion dollars yearly

IV. WRITING

(44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given.

44. You would like London if you visited it.
- You're unlikely to visit London.
 - You've never visited London.
 - You're going to visit London soon.
 - You've already visited London.
45. Unlike his sister, Bob exercises every day.
- Bob and his sister exercise every day.

- b. Bob exercises every day, but his sister doesn't.
- c. Bob's sister exercises every day, but he doesn't.
- d. Bob's sister doesn't exercise every day, and neither does he.

46. The bread was so stale to eat.

- a. It was stale to eat the bread
- b. We cannot eat the bread because it was burn.
- c. Eating the bread was stale.
- d. The bread was not fresh enough to eat.

(47-50). Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them.

47. Who will take care of the children when you are away?

Who will look _____.

48. John could not find the way to the hotel.

John was not _____.

49. The door was so heavy that the child could not push it open.

The door was too _____.

50. It's ages since Matthew last visited his hometown.

Matthew _____.