Computer Parts

- There are many parts that work together to make a computer work.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Hardware

- Physical parts of the computer, including processor and memory chips, input/output devices, tapes, disks, modems, cable, etc.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CPU

- The Central Processing Unit

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Processor

- The CPU – The chip or chips that interpret and execute program instructions and manage the functions of input, output, and storage devices.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Computer Case

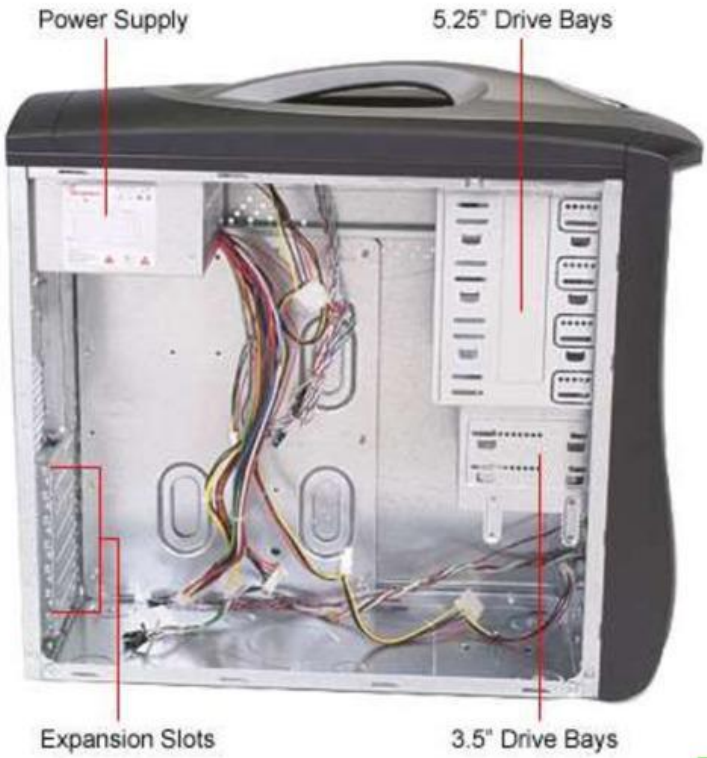
- Contains the major components of the computer. It helps protect them.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Front of the Computer Case

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Inside the Computer Case



LIVEWORKSHEETS

Monitor

- A display screen to provide "output" to the user. It is where you view the information your are working on.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Video Card

- Connects the computer to the monitor. It is a circuit board attached to the motherboard that contains the memory and other circuitry necessary to send information to the monitor for display on screen.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Keyboard

- Used to enter information into the computer and for giving commands.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Mouse

- An input device operated by rolling its ball across a flat surface. The mouse is used to control the on-screen pointer by pointing and clicking, double-clicking, or dragging objects on the screen.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Touchpad

- A pressure-sensitive and motion sensitive device used in place of a mouse.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CD Rom Drive

- The drive that plays CDs and reads data that has been stored on the CD.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CD

- Compact Disk – A type of optical storage device.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Floppy Disk Drive

- A device that holds a removable floppy disk when in use; read/write heads read and write data to the diskette.

LIVEWORKSHEETS