

EVALUATION SECTION 1

READ AND WRITE ASPECTS ABOUT EACH ANIMAL.

THE ANIMAL WORLD

We do not know how many species of animal there are, as people are discovering new ones all the time; but most scientists think that there are about ten million different animal species in the world.

Giraffes are the tallest animals on Earth. A large adult male giraffe can be up to 6 metres tall. Thanks to its long legs and neck, it can eat the leaves from the tops of trees.

The smallest animals are called protozoa, which have only one cell, and are so small that we cannot see them without a powerful microscope.

The smallest mammal is Savi's pygmy shrew - it is only 6 centimetres long, including its tail.

The goliath frog (*Rana Goliath*) of West Africa can be up to 75 centimetres long, and weighs about 3 kilograms.

The goliath beetle is probably the world's largest beetle it weighs more than 100 grams - about the same as two eggs.

The ostrich is the world's largest bird. An adult ostrich is more than 2.5 metres tall, but it cannot fly.

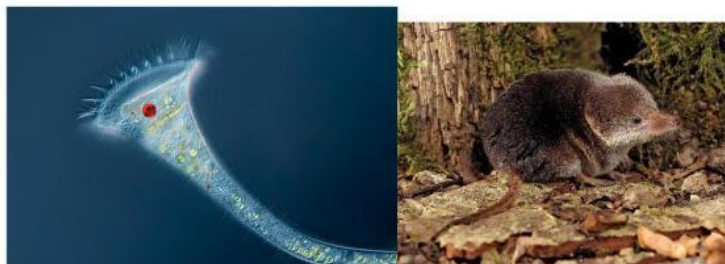
The bee hummingbird is probably the world's smallest bird -it is just 5 centimetres long and weighs less than 2 grams: it can stay still in the air by moving its wings twenty to fifty times a second.

One of the largest birds which can fly is the South American condor: its wings are three metres from end to end.

There are more than fifty different types of kangaroo in Australia.

When it is born, kangaroo is baby less than 2.5 centimetres long: but an adult kangaroo can grow to more than 2 metres in height.

In the mid-1860s, there were about 13 million bison living in North America. By the mid-1880s, there were only a few hundred. Today there are about 50,000 bison in America, living in special Parks





PROTZA:

SHEREW:

BISON:

OSTRICH:

HUMMINGBIRD:
