Jim: Hi, I'm Jim. I'll be your activity leader this week.

Matt: Good to meet you. I'm Matt and this is Sophie.

Sophie: Hi! I'm so excited!

Jim: OK, before we start, I want to say that safety is very important to us. So, I need to ask you some questions about which activities **you've tried** before. First of all, what's your experience with running and cycling? **Have you ever run** more than 10 km or **cycled** more than 30 km?

Sophie: Yes, **I have** . **I've run** and **cycled** in lots of long-distance races. But Matt **hasn't**.

Jim: When did you do these races?

Sophie: I ran in a 10 km race about a year ago, but then I hurt my knee last summer, so I started cycling. I completed a cycling race last month.

Jim: OK, that's good to know. And **have you ever climbed** a mountain over 1000 m?

Matt: I have! But, of course, I was much younger then. I loved it.

Sophie: I **haven't**, I'm afraid. But I want to try. Can I ask about the sea swimming? Are we going to swim with dolphins?

Jim: Yes! **Have you ever done** that?

Sophie: No, neither of us **have**. But we're really excited about that activity.

Jim: Well, the swimming is on Wednesday morning. And in the afternoon, we're going to jump out of a plane!

Matt: Cool! **I've never done** that.

Jim: Really? It's amazing! I did my first plane jump when I was 20, and I really loved it.

Sophie: **I've never jumped** out of a plane and **I've never wanted** to!

Jim: You can try it if you want to, but if you just want to watch, that's fine. Now, I have a few more questions....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Study these sentences and choose the best option to complete the information.

1.Have you ever **run** more than 10 km or **cycled** more than 30 km? Yes, I **have**. I'**ve run** and **cycled** in lots of long-distance races. But Matt **hasn't.**	• The sentences in number 1 use **past simple / present perfect**.
	• In number 1, we **say / don't say** exactly when the actions happened.
2. When **did** you **do** these races? I **ran** in a 10 km race about a year ago, but then I **hurt** my knee last summer, so I **started** cycling. I **completed** a cycling race last month.	• The sentences in number 2 use **past simple / present perfect.**
	• In number 2, we **say / don't say** exactly when the actions happened.

We use **present perfect and past simple** to talk about **completed past actions**, but we use them in different ways.

• We use **PAST SIMPLE / PRESENT PERFECT** to talk about life experiences. We often ask, **Have you ever...?** questions about life experiences and give short answers using present perfect (Yes, I have. / No, I haven't).

• We use **PAST SIMPLE / PRESENT PERFECT** when **we don't say exactly when these life experiences happened**. We use **never** to say we have not had this experience at any time **(have/has + never + past participle).**

• When we want to know more about specific past experiences, we use **PAST SIMPLE / PRESENT PERFECT**. We often say when these experiences happened **(a year ago, last month).**

Quick check: choose the best verb form to complete these sentences.

1. Matt **climbed / has climbed** a mountain over 1000 m.

2. He **climbed / has climbed** it when he was much younger.

3. Sophie and Matt **never jumped / have never jumped** out of a plane before.

4. Jim **jumped / has jumped** out of a plane when he was 20, and he **loved / has loved** it.

..which activities **you've tried** before.

Have you ever run more than 10 km or **cycled..**

LIVEWORKSHEETS

I have .

I've run and **cycled..**

But Matt **hasn't run or cycled** more than 30 km.

And **have you ever climbed…?**

I **haven't**..

Have you ever done that?

I've never done that.

I've never jumped…

I've never wanted…

How do you make present perfect?

Affirmative:

Negative:

Question and short answers:

infinitive	camp	climb	ride	jump	swim	throw	shoot	run
Past								
Present perfect	**camped**	**climbed**	**ridden**	**jumped**	**Swum**	**Thrown**	**shot**	**run**

1. They have _____ a mountain.

2. They have _____ with dolphins.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3. They have _____ more than 10 km.
4. They have _____ a bike for 50 km.
5. They have _____ spears.
6. They have _____ arrows.
7. They have _____ out of a plane.
8. They have _____ in the forest.

You're going to Paris next month? I've been to Paris.

• Did I go to Paris in the past? **YES / NO**

• Do we know/ care about when? **YES / NO**

• Does that experience have a connection to the present? **YES / NO**

(So I can recommend some good restaurants there!) My visit to Paris was in the past, but my experience is now relevant to the present moment/ conversation.

I've been to Paris.

• Did I go to Paris in the past? **YES / NO**

• Do we know when? **YES / NO**

• Is the focus on my experience of going to Paris **in general**, or **on one specific trip**?

My trip to Paris occurred at some point in the past, but I do not specify when I was there or for how long. The focus is on the fact that I've had this experience, not on any specific trip.

She has worked at this company for five years.

• Did she start working at the company in the past? **YES / NO**

• Does she still work there now? **YES / NO**

She started working at the company in the past (five years ago) and she is still currently employed there.

Have you spoken to your boss this morning?

• Is it still morning? **YES / NO**

• Is there a possibility of talking to the boss before the morning is over? **YES / NO**

**If the specified period of time (in this case, the morning) is already over, then we use the simple past: Did you speak to your boss this morning? (it's no longer morning)*

When we use the present perfect here, it means that it's still morning. There is still time to speak to the boss before the morning ends.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

I've just finished my report.

- Did I finish my report recently, or a long time ago? **YES / NO**
- Do I still have the report? **YES / NO**

(I finished it very recently, and I have the completed paper in front of me.) Note that I finished my report in the very recent past, and the result (the completed paper, in this case) is still present now.

You're going to Paris next month? I've been to Paris.

I've been to Paris.

She has worked at this company for five years.

Have you spoken to your boss this morning?

I've just finished my report.

FOR A RECENT PAST ACTION THAT HAS A PRESENT RESULT

FOR A PAST EXPERIENCE WHICH IS RELEVANT TO THE PRESENT SITUATION

TO TALK ABOUT GENERAL LIFE EXPERIENCES OR PAST EVENTS WHICH OCCURRED AT AN UNSPECIFIED TIME

FOR ACTIONS WHICH STARTED IN THE PAST AND ARE STILL TRUE NOW

FOR AN ACTION IN AN IDENTIFIED PERIOD OF TIME THAT IS NOT OVER YET

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Choose the best option to complete the conversation.

Jim: I also need to ask you about your medical history. **1 Did you ever break / Have you ever broken** any bones?

Matt: 2 I never broke / I've never broken a bone, but **3 I sprained / I've sprained** my ankle last year.

Jim: 4 How did you sprain / How have you sprained your ankle?

Matt: 5 I tripped / I've tripped on the pavement. But it's ok now.

Jim: 6 Did you ever have / Have you ever had a head injury?

Sophie: Yes, **7 I did / I have**. **8 I fell / 've fallen** off my bike last week and **9 hit / I've hit** my head. I **10 went / 've gone** to the hospital and they said it wasn't serious.

Jim: That's good.

Use the words/information in brackets to complete the sentences in the conversation, using present perfect or past simple forms.

Jim: OK, next question. We're going to do some sports activities tomorrow. *(ever/shoot/an arrow?)* 1

_____ ***Have you ever shot an arrow?*** _____

Sophie*: (positive answer)* 2 _____

Jim: Really? When?

Sophie: (go/an adventure holiday/2 years ago. learn/how to shoot arrows/then). 3

_____

_____

Matt: (be/really fun) 4 _____

Jim: Good. What about throwing a spear? (ever/do/that?) 5 _____

Matt: (negative answer) 6 _____

Jim: That's fine. Last question. (ever/camp/in the forest?) 7 _____

Sophie: (camp/lots of places) 8 _____: the forest, at the beach, in the mountains and in the desert. We're very experienced campers.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Let's talk!

Use **present perfect** and **past simple** in your questions and answers. When you answer your partner's questions, you can **tell the truth, or you can lie**. You must **lie at least once in this activity**. If you ask the right questions, it will help you decide if your partner is lying or telling the truth.

Example:

A: Have you ever ridden a horse?

B: Yes, I have.

A: Where and when did you ride a horse? Was it fun?

B: I rode a horse when I was on holiday in Australia. It was a bit boring, actually.

A: What was the name of the horse?

B: The horse was called Lucky.

A: That's a lie. You've never ridden a horse.

B: No, it's true! I have!

What other questions could you ask?

A

experience	**my partner said: yes/no**	**note**	**truth or lie?**
example: ride a horse	*yes*	*holiday, Australia, boring, Lucky*	*truth*
climb a mountain			
run a long distance			
throw a spear			
camp in the forest			
my own idea			

LIVEWORKSHEETS

B

experience	my partner said: yes/no	notes	truth or lie?
example: ride a horse	*yes*	*Australia, boring, Lucky*	*truth*
swim with dolphins			
ride a long distance on a bike			
shoot an arrow			
jump out of a plane			
my own idea			

I **have lived** in Canada **for** 3 years.
I **have lived** in Canada **since** 2012.
She **has studied** with me **for** 3 months.
She **has studied** with me **since** October.

- to measure time (usually with the present perfect sentences)

- to show how long the action (that is not finished) has happened

FOR

5 minutes

2 weeks

6 days

10 years

2 centuries

A while

A half-hour

A long-time

SINCE

6 o'clock

2nd June

Thursday

March

1995

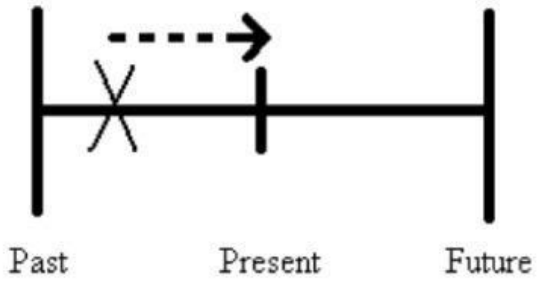
2017

I was young

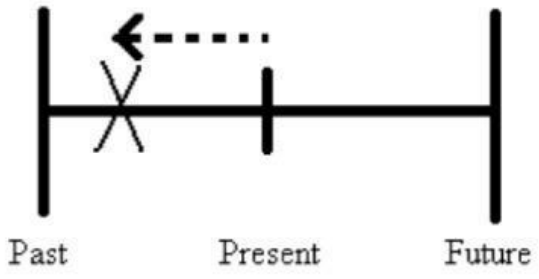
The beginning of time

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Since



For



Fill in the blanks in the sentences with either "for" or "since"

[1] I haven't seen my uncle _***since***__ last Christmas.

[2] We have been in the same class _____ 2 years.

[3] We have lived here _____ March of 2010.

[4] He has been my teacher _____ May.

[5] They have studied web design _____ 3 months.

[6] Facebook has been popular _____ 5 years.

[7] I have had my iPhone _____ February 14'th.

[8] My city has had a subway system _____ 3 decades.

[9] Humans have travelled in space _____ 1964.

[10] That song has been #1 on the charts _____ 3 weeks.

If the sentence uses "for" change it to "since" and finish the sentence. If the sentence uses "since" change it to "for" and finish the sentence.

[1] I've lived in Busan **for** 6 years. - I've lived in Busan **since** 2009.

[2] He's played soccer **since** he was 5. (He is 15 years old now.) - He's played soccer **for** 10 years.

[3] They've lived in Canada **since** June. - _____

[4] We've played Minecraft **for** 3 hours today. - _____

[5] You've sat in that seat **since** Tuesday. - _____

[6] His mom has driven us to school every day **for** 3 days. - _____

[7] I've gone jogging every morning **since** March. - _____

[8] I have boiled this pasta **for** 20 minutes. - _____

[9] He hasn't seen his family **for** 10 years. - _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

[10] It has smelt bad in this room **for** one hour. - _____

[11] I haven't seen you **since** 2013. - _____

[12] We haven't played computer games **for** 2 weeks. - _____

work	to be	study	have	use
know	practice	save	play	drive

Work	Know	To be	practice	study	save	have	play	use	Drive
worked	known	been							driven

[1] How long _____ you ___used___ your smart phone? _____

[2] How long _____ your mom _____ that car? _____

[3] How long _____ he _____ President of America? _____

[4] How long_____ have they _____ English at this school? _____

[5] How long _____ you _____ Candy Crush Saga phone game? _____

[6] How long _____ your little sister _____ her money for a new bike? _____

[7] How long _____ you _____ me? _____

[8] How long _____you _____ your pet dog? _____

[9] How long _____ he _____ Taekwondo (martial art)? _____

[10]How long _____ we _____ together at this job? _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS