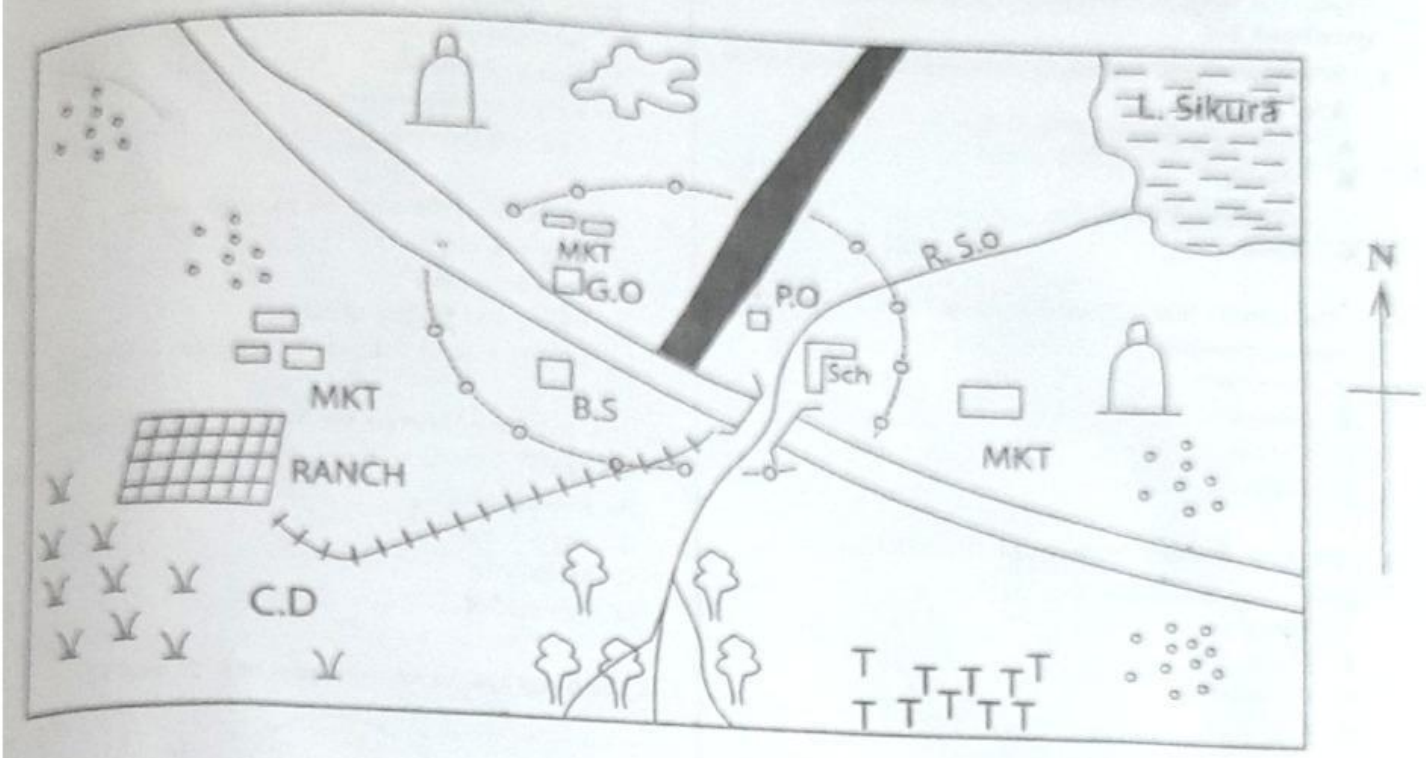
BWALIRO AREA



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Scale: 1 cm represents 1 km

KEY

▬▬	Tarmac Road		Mosque	— o — o —	District Boundary
SCH	School	MKT	Market	⊢⊢⊢⊢	Railway line
				B.S	Bible School
][	Bridge		Settlements	TTT	Tea Plantation
			Abandoned Quarry	C.D	Cattle Dip
	River			P.O	Post Office
	Forest		Scrubs		Settlement

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Study the map of Bwaliro area and answer the questions 1-7

1. Which economic activity is not carried out in Bwaliro Area
   A. Cash crop farming
   B. Mining
   C. Livestock keeping
   D. Trade

2. The railway line in Bwaliro area is MOST LIKELY used to transport
   A. Livestock
   B. Tourist
   C. Catton
   D. Minerals

3. People in Bwaliro town are MOST LIKELY to practice _____.
   A. Islam
   B. Hindu
   C. Christianity
   D. Paganism

4. Who is the administrative office in charge of Bwaliro area
   A. Governor
   B. County commission
   C. President
   D. Chief

5. The land in Bwaliro are rises from _____.
   A. North to south
   B. North East to south
   C. South to North west
   D. South to north east

6. River Sio in the map enters L. Sikura in a feature known as _____.
   A. Delta
   B. Tributary
   C. Confluence
   D. Estuary

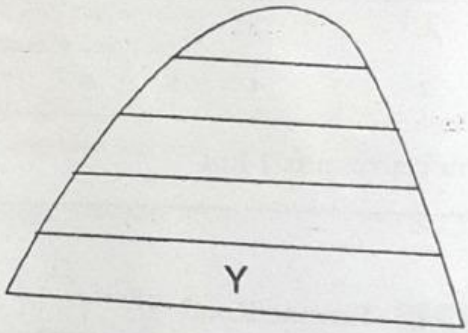
7. The settlement pattern in Bwaliro are can BEST be describe as
   A. Clustered
   B. Linear
   C. Scattered
   D. Dense

8. Which one of the following groups comprises of Bantu speakers in Eastern Africa?
   A. Akamba and Iteso
   B. Fipa and Duruma
   C. Keiyo and Basoga
   D. Luo and Sukuma

9. Movement of the earth on its orbits cause
   A. Day and night
   B. Four seasons
   C. Rising and falling of tides
   D. Differences in time along different longitudes

10. The following Islands are found in the Indian Ocean EXCEPT
    A. Madagascar
    B. Cape Verde
    C. Mauritius
    D. Seychelles

Use the diagram to answer question 11 and 12



11. Which economic activity is LEAST likely to be practiced in the region marked Y?
    A. Dairy farming
    B. Pastoralism
    C. Tourism
    D. Bee keeping

12. Vegetation on the above feature is MAINLY influenced by _____.
    A. Latitude
    B. Amount of rainfall
    C. Longitude
    D. Altitude

13. The largest country in Eastern Africa is _____.
    A. Algeria
    B. Madagascar
    C. Sudan
    D. Gambia

LIVEWORKSHEETS

14. One of the following countries in Africa is crossed by tropic of Capricorn, which one?
A. Mauritius
B. Cape Verde
C. Somalia
D. Mauritania

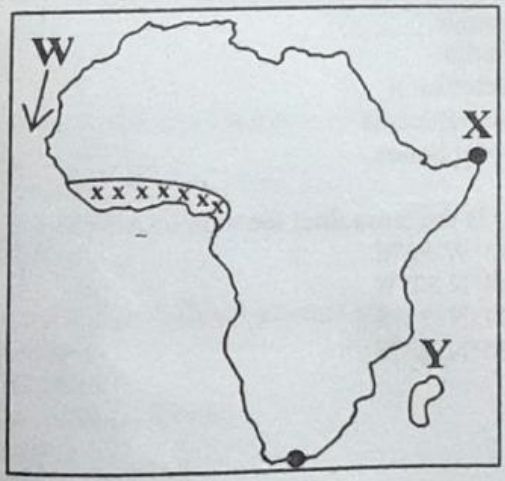
15. Who among the following early visitors was not a trader?
A. Seyyid Said
B. William Mackinon
C. Carl Peters
D. Vasco Da Gama

16. Which one of the following officials among the Buganda Kingdom is CORRECTLY matched with their duty?
A. Bataka — village elder
B. Omwanika — treasurer
C. Katikiri — chief Justice
D. Omulamuzi — Prime minister

17. Below is a description of a certain mineral.
i) It is mined through quarrying
ii) It is mined on the floor of the Rift Valley
iii) It is used in making water filters
The mineral described above is _____.
A. Fluorspar
B. Limestone
C. Soda ash
D. Diatomite

18. At independence in 1963, who was the head of government
A. President
B. Prime minister
C. Governor
D. Attorney General

Below is a map of Africa. Use it to answer questions 19-22



19. The climatic region marked xxx has all the following characteristics EXCEPT?
A. It experiences hot and wet seasons and cool and dry season
B. It experiences high temperatures throughout the years
C. It receive high rainfall throughout the year
D. The region has small diurnal range of temperature.

20. The Ocean current marked W is known as _____.
A. Somali current
B. Mozambique current
C. Guinea ocean current
D. Canary ocean current

21. The MOST Easterly point market X is _____.
A. Cape Verde
B. Cape Blanco
C. Ras Hafun
D. Cape Agulhas

22. What is the capital city of the Island country marked Y?
A. Madagascar
B. Khartoum
C. Pretoria
D. Antananarivo

23. Which of the following is NOT a relief feature?
A. Lake Victoria
B. Mt. Kenya
C. Lambwe valley
D. Shimba Hills.

24. Three of the following are arms of the government. Which one DID NOT?
A. Cabinet
B. Judiciary
C. Legislature
D. Executive

25. Who maintains law and order in a county?
A. Governor
B. Police
C. MCA
D. County commission

26. Who is in charge of elections at a polling station
A. I.E.B.C
B. Returning officer
C. Polling clerk
D. Presiding officer

27. The MAIN form interaction between the Agikuyu and the Maasai was before the coming of European was.
A. Intermarriages
B. Cattle rustling and raids
C. Trade
D. Wrestling

LIVEWORKSHEETS

28. Who among the following leaders was against the European settlement in their territory
A. Nabongo Mumia
B. Kabaka Mwanga
C. Lenana
D. Lewanika

29. Which right of passage marked the change from childhood to adulthood?
A. Circumcision
B. Marriage
C. Initiation
D. Naming

30. The MAIN reason for the establishment of Aswan High dam was to _____.
A. Provide hydro-electric power
B. To put more land under use
C. To settle the landless
D. To provide employment opportunities

31. Which one of the following is NOT a method of rearing poultry ?
A. Deep litter system
B. Backyard system
C. Fold system
D. Paddaocking system

32. The Ameru were traditionally led by a council of elders known as.....
A. Njuri Impere
B. Ntuiko
C. Kiruka
D. Njuri Njeke

33. The following are descriptions about an African leader.
i) He ruled a regent leader
ii) He was a founder member of O.A.U
iii) He abolished slave trade in his country
iv) He modernized education system in his country.
The above dscribe leader is.
A. Mzee Jomo Kenyatta
B. Nelson Mandela
C. Julius Nyerere
D. Haile Selassie

34. Which party led Tanganyika to independence?
A. Chama cha mapinduzi (CCM)
B. Tanganyika African National Union (TANU)
C. Tanganyika African Association (TAA)
D. United Tanganyika Party (UTP)

35. WHO WAS THE FIRST African to be elected to the legislative council ?
A. Elid Mathu
B. Mzee Jomo Kenyatta
C. Beniah Apollo Ohanga
D. Harry Thuku

36. Who is elected to represent a county in the National Assembly?
A. M.p
B. Senator
C. Governor
D. Women representative

37. Which of the following country is correctly matched with the year of independence?
A. Kenya-1964
B. Djibouti -1977
C. Uganda-1960
D. Ethiopia -1934

38. Which road connects Cape town to Cairo?
A. Trans African Highway
B. Great North road
C. West Africa Highway
D. Trans African Highway

39. Which of the following lakes were formed through downwarping, faulting and volcanicity respectively?
A. LakeVictoria, Tanganyika, Naivasha.
B. Lake Kyoga, Speke, Tana
C. Lake Bangweulu, Albert, Kivu
D. Lake victoria , Chad, Tana

40. Flowers can be BEST transported from the farm for export by?
A. Road
B. Air
C. Railway
D. Water

41. The MAIN form of interaction among the youth today is through _____.
A. Radio
B. Television
C. Social media
D. Telephones

42. What is the latitudinal location of Africa?
A. 18°W 52°E
B. 18°N 52°W
C. 37°N 35°S
D. 35°N 37°S

LIVEWORKSHEETS

43. Traffic rules are found in a book known as
A. Constitution
B. Highway code
C. Traffic rules
D. Manifesto

44. The MAIN reason that led to the migration of the Bantus from Shungwaya was _____.
A. Hostile community
B. Look for posture and water.
C. Overpopulation
D. Look for fertile land for cultivation

45. The MAIN reason why dairy farming is pracised in highlands is because of..
A. Availability of pasture
B. Adequate rainfall.
C. Cool temperature
D. Availability of fertile soil

46. Which of the following crops requires slightly acidic soil for its growth
A. Tea
B. Coffee
C. Pyrethrum
D. Cotton

47. Which one of the following is NOT a type of marriage in Kenya?
A. Come we stay marriage
B. Civil marriage
C. Customary marriage
D. Religious marriage

48. Which river in Africa has the largest estuary ?
A. R. Tana
B. R. Niger
C. R. Congo
D. R. Nile

49. The basic unity of society is
A. School
B. Family
C. Clan
D. Society

50. Which method is used in the mining of soda Ash ?
A. Open cast
B. Dredging
C. Deep shaft
D. Drilling

51. Which one of the following factor influences vegetation distribution?
A. Longitude
B. The number of trees
C. Climate
D. Electricity

52. The instrument used in measuring strength of wind is
A. Raingauge
B. Windvane
C. Thermometer
D. Windsock

53. The following are examples of ox-bow lakes. Which one is NOT?
A. L.Kanyaboli
B. L.Utange
C. L.Tana
D. L.Shaka bobo

54. The following are duties of the headteacher. Which one is NOT?
A. He is the secretary during staff meetings.
B. He is incharge of admission of new pupils
C. He is a representative of the Ministry of Eduction
D. He teaches some subjects in the school

55. Which of the following trees is NOT found in pig peak forest ?
A. Pine
B. Ceder
C. Obeche
D. Cypress

56. The headquater of EAC are found in
A. Addis Ababa
B. Dar es Salaam
C. Khartoum
D. Arusha

57. Who is the head of judiciary in Kenya?
A.Attorney General
B.Chief Justice
C.Speaker
D.President

58. Which one of the following DOES NOT fall under manufacturing industries?
A. Making plastics
B. Making blankets
C. Leather turning
D. Making motor vehicles

59. The sun is overhead the Tropic of Capricon in month of
A. June
B. September
C. March
D. December

60. Which of the following country is NOT a member of East African Community?
A. Djibouti
B. Rwanda
C. Uganda
D. Kenya

LIVEWORKSHEETS