

Test 5

GRAMMAR

I. Underline the correct form:

- a) I read an article about corruption in last *Sunday's/Sunday* newspaper.
- b) He said he'd wait for me at the *bottom of the stairs/stairs' bottom*.
- c) I've just *drunk/broken* a wine bottle.
- d) The *post man/postman* has just arrived.
- e) Please close the *garden gate/gardengate*.
- f) The *last night's/last night* match was exciting.
- g) We had an *hour delay/hour's delay*.

II. Choose the correct modal verb:

- a) You _____ take an umbrella – it's not going to rain.
can't needn't mustn't
- b) I think we _____ to call Marta and ask her if she wants to come.
can should ought
- c) The best thing about my job is that I _____ to get up early. I start at 10am.
needn't don't have am not supposed
- d) My parents won't _____ me go horse-riding. They think it's too dangerous.
make have let
- e) You _____ better hurry up!
would need had

III. Complete the sentences with a modal verb:

ought / allowed / 'd better / let / made / made / supposed / must

- 1. We weren't _____ to drink water in the classroom.
- 2. She was _____ to take her nose stud out.
- 3. I'd love to come but I don't think my boss will _____ me have a day off.
- 4. I hate spinach but my mum _____ me eat it.
- 5. _____ you wear that horrible dress?
- 6. You _____ to see a doctor.
- 7. It's 10 o'clock – you're _____ be in bed!
- 8. I _____ not eat that, it looks stale.

- IV. For questions 1–6, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given. Write the missing words in CAPITAL LETTERS. Here is an example (0).

Example:

0 It's impossible to find someone to fix my bike today.

GET

I CAN'T GET ANYONE TO fix my bike today.

1. We had to stay behind after class today.

MADE

We _____ after class today.

2. They should have turned left at the last junction.

SUPPOSED

They _____ at the last junction.

3. My parents said I couldn't go to the concert with my friends.

ALLOW

My parents _____ go to the concert with my friends.

4. I think we should tidy up before Mum gets home.

BETTER

We _____ before Mum gets home.

LANGUAGE FOCUS

- V. For questions 1–8, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the space in the same line. There is an example at the beginning (0). Write your answers in CAPITAL LETTERS.

Example: 0 HIGHLY

House sharing

Sharing a house or flat while studying away from home is an experience

I would recommend to anyone. It teaches you (0) _____ important life skills and can be great fun! But living together successfully is (1) _____ and it's important that everyone does their fair share of the housework.

When I first shared a house with two friends, we loved the (2) _____ ,

but we were rather (3) _____ to begin with and didn't really make any

(4) _____ about who should tidy, clean or wash up. We were also very

(5) _____ and had lots of friends round and parties whenever we felt

like it. However, the need to be (6) _____ hit us pretty soon. We then

sorted out a system whereby we took turns at cooking and cleaning,

even organizing our rubbish into different containers. Surprisingly, this

actually helped to (7) _____ the relationship between us. We became

more of a team and our house-sharing days were more (8) ____.

ENJOY

VI. LISTENING

You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

1 You hear two young people talking. What is the boy doing?

A reminding the girl about something

B offering to do something

C recommending something

2 You hear a message on a telephone answering machine. How is the woman feeling?

A She is sad.

B She is angry.

C She is worried.

3 You hear two people talking about a parking problem. Why did the boy's father get a fine?

A He arrived back too late.

B He parked incorrectly.

C He didn't display the ticket.

4 You hear a voicemail message. Why is Tim phoning?

A to explain something that has happened

B to apologize for doing something

C to describe something

5 You hear a woman talking on the radio. What does she say about being an only child?

A She regrets it now that she is an adult.

B She disliked it a lot when she was younger.

C She used to be envious of her friends' families

6 You hear two students talking on the phone. What does the boy think?

A The girl should get some help.

B The girl ought to have a break.

C The girl does not need to do so much work.

7 You overhear two people talking on a station platform. What does the man point out?

A The woman was on the wrong train.

B The woman did something that was not permitted.

C The woman spoke too loudly on her phone.

8 You hear a shop supervisor talking to some new staff. What does he want them to do?

A make sure they keep to their working times

B report any problems with customers immediately

C choose smart clothes to wear every day

VII. VOCABULARY

1. Kate ____ a good living working as a manager in an IT company.

A gains B takes C earns

2. Many people were made ____ last month because of the drop in orders this year.

A flexible B redundant C resigned

3. I've eaten so much I need to ____ my belt!

A widen B loosen C fatten

4. Was Jim asked to leave the company or was it his own decision to ____

A sack B make redundant C resign

5. She has her own business now – she ____ it up a year ago.

A set B ran C made

6. He has got a university ____ in Maths.

A career B application C degree

VIII. WORD FORMATION

Make verbs and nouns out of the given adjectives:

Adjective	Verb	Noun
weak		
strong		
sad		
long		
high		

