



EXERCISES

8.1 Completa el texto a continuación utilizando las partículas correctas de los verbos frasales de la sección A.

I was going (1) some old letters the other day when I found one from my friend Nancy. After school she had gone (2) to train as a doctor and ended up in Africa. She had to go (3) years of very hard study before she qualified. Life in Africa was not as comfortable as it was in our hometown, and there were many things she had to go (4) which the rest of us think of as necessities in our daily lives. But despite all the hardships, she went (5) working and helping people less fortunate than herself. I admire her so much. I wondered how I might go (6) making contact with her again, as I have no idea where she is living now.

8.2 Reescribe estas oraciones utilizando verbos frasales con go para que mantengan su mismo significado.

- 1) I´m thinking of competing in the New York Marathon next year.
- 2) There were some difficult times in my father´s life.
- 3) Unemployment and high crime levels often exist side by side.
- 4) He decided to undergo the operation even though there were risks.
- 5) I refused to support their decision to close the youth club.



- 6) I didn't realise how late it was and I didn't stop studying till after midnight.
- 7) We had to survive with no hot water for 24 hours while they were repairing the pipes.
- 8) Do you think I should try the advanced level exam? It might be too difficult.
- 9) She just left without saying goodbye. I wonder if I offended her?
- 10) What was happening in the staffroom at lunchtime?

8.3 En estas oraciones, algunos de los verbos frasales vistos en esta lección se usan con un nuevo significado. Escoge las parafrasis correctas. Utiliza un diccionario de ser necesario.

1. We had to throw the fish away as it had **gone off**.
 - a) Someone had switched off the oven.
 - b) The fish had become bad because we kept it too long.
 - c) The fish had fallen off the table onto the floor.
2. I wish you wouldn't **go on** about your problems all the time! I have problems too, you know!
 - a) I wish you wouldn't think obsessively.
 - b) I wish you wouldn't be very secretive.
 - c) I wish you wouldn't talk constantly.



Suddenly the light went out leaving George and Jasmine in complete darkness.



3. She's been **going about** her daily activities despite the tragic news.
 - a) She's been avoiding her usual activities.
 - b) She's been thinking of carrying on with her routine.
 - c) She's been carrying on with her routine.
4. Ask her to dance with you. **Go on!**
 - a) Continue doing what you're doing.
 - b) Step onto the dance floor.
 - c) Do it now, don't hesitate.

Over to you

The verb go on has a noun and an adjective associated with it: goings-on (noun) and ongoing (adjective). Look in a good dictionary to find out how they are used and make a sentence with each one in your vocabulary notebook.