

My name is: \_\_\_\_\_

## WORKSHEET

Day:.....

FFs4 – unit 6

Teacher's  
feedbacks**Task 1. Complete the sentence using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets.**

- 1 Jake's room is  than Larry's room. (*small*)
- 2 The blue car is  than the black car. (*nice*)
- 3 This exercise is  than that one. (*boring*)
- 4 His pullover is  than his jeans. (*dark*)
- 5 Susan's hair is  than my hair. (*long*)
- 6 George is  than Robert. (*funny*)
- 7 My result in the test was  than Harry's. (*good*)
- 8 Gold is  than silver. (*expensive*)
- 9 Christine is  than Alice. (*smart*)
- 10 Football is  than handball. (*popular*)

**Task 2. Read the text. Choose the right words and write them on the lines.**

### The Seasons



**Example** In ..... many ..... countries there are four seasons in the year. These are

1 called spring, summer, autumn and winter. .... season is

about three months long and then a new season comes.

2 In the north of our planet summer usually ..... in June. It

is the warmest time of the year and it sometimes does not get dark

3 ..... 10 o'clock at night. In September it gets colder and the

4 trees ..... their leaves. This season is called autumn. Winter

5 comes in December ..... it is usually very cold and a lot of

countries have snow. On some winter days, it gets dark at about

6 4 o'clock ..... the afternoon so the days are very

7 ..... and the nights are long.

In March the weather gets warmer and plants and flowers start to

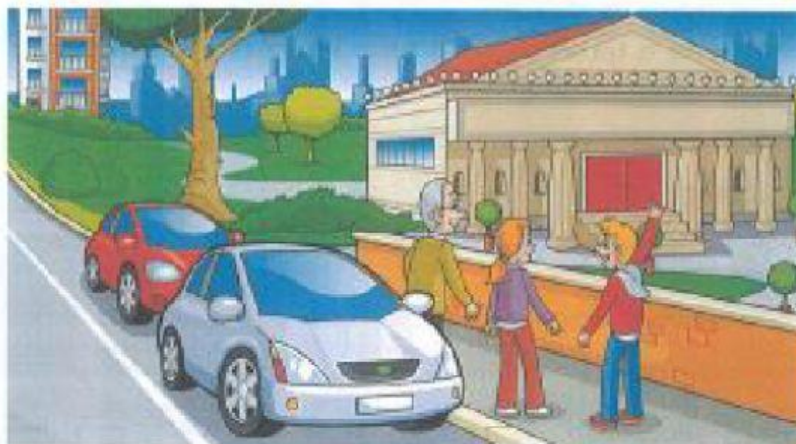
8 grow ..... This season is called spring.

9 In the south of the planet the countries have the ..... seasons,

10 but they happen at different times ..... the year. They have

summer in December and winter in June.

|                |         |        |           |
|----------------|---------|--------|-----------|
| <b>Example</b> | many    | much   | any       |
| 1              | Each    | Other  | All       |
| 2              | began   | begins | beginning |
| 3              | until   | for    | during    |
| 4              | lost    | loses  | lose      |
| 5              | which   | when   | where     |
| 6              | at      | in     | on        |
| 7              | shorter | short  | shortest  |
| 8              | after   | again  | already   |
| 9              | both    | same   | more      |
| 10             | of      | up     | with      |

**Task 3. Listen and write. There is one example.****Visiting Grandpa**

- When: ..... next weekend .....
- 1 Other child at Grandpa's: Emma, his .....
- 2 Meet Grandpa in car park outside the: .....
- 3 Animals they will see at the museum: some .....
- 4 Name of museum: The ..... Museum
- 5 Day to visit museum: .....