



3. Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

Calendar	notes	folders	colour
	pages	subject	

1. The speaker uses \_\_\_\_\_ coding to organise her homework.
2. She suggests buying coloured pens, \_\_\_\_\_ and other stationery.
3. She chooses a colour for each \_\_\_\_\_.
4. History is blue so her folder is blue and her history \_\_\_\_\_ are on blue sticky notes.
5. Then she uses blue page markers to mark the \_\_\_\_\_ she needs to read for history homework.
6. She uses coloured stars on a \_\_\_\_\_ to organise each subject's homework.

## TALKING ABOUT FILMS

Listen to Charlie talking about different kinds of movies. Choose the statement that is NOT true about each kind of film.

### 1. SCI-FI films

- a. He chooses this kind of film most often.
- b. He finds them imaginative and interesting.
- c. He has never watched a terrible sci-fi movie.
- d. He finds some sci-fi movies funny.

### 2. Romantic comedies (romcoms)

- a. He does not like romcoms.
- b. His girlfriend loves romcoms.
- c. Romcoms are predictable.
- d. They are often funny.

### 3. Horror films

- a. He usually knows what is going to happen.
- b. He prefers to watch them when he is alone.
- c. He is interested in the special effects and make-up.
- d. He doesn't find them scary now.

#### 4. Animated films

- a.Children's cartoons are his favourite kind of animated film.
- b.He finds Japanese anime beautiful and imaginative.
- c.He watches cartoons with a young family member.
- d.Children's cartoons can be fun for both adults and children.

#### 5. Action films

- a.He thinks action films are better now than in the past.
- b.He likes big-budget films.
- c.He likes movies with real stunts.
- d.He dislikes films with lots of computer graphics.

#### 6. Documentaries

- a.He rarely watches documentaries.
- b.He finds them depressing.
- c.He thinks they talk about things that are not important.
- d.He doesn't find them enjoyable or relaxing.

#### 7. Musicals

- a.He feels that the characters aren't realistic.
- b.He doesn't understand the stories.
- c.He is glad that they are not popular.
- d.He sometimes watches them with his friends.

## READING

1. Circle True or False for these sentences.

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1. A mind map is a picture of useful information.                 | T | F |
| 2. Mind maps are only for learning languages.                     | T | F |
| 3. You start by drawing a circle.                                 | T | F |
| 4. Mind maps are so easy you don't have to think.                 | T | F |
| 5. When you learn a new word, you should add it to your mind map. | T | F |
| 6. It is better to make a simple mind map, with no colour.        | T | F |

2. Write numbers (1–5) to put these instructions for making a mind map in order.

- ..... Draw a circle in the middle of the page.
- ..... Add new circles and write the group words 'sea', 'road' and 'air' in them.
- ..... Write 'transport' in the middle of the circle.
- ..... Brainstorm some word groups for 'transport'. For example, 'sea', 'road' and 'air'.
- ..... Add lines to the group words. For example, to the 'road' group, add 'car', 'bus' and 'bike'.

3. Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

Write	show	start	learn	add	brainstorm
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- Mind maps \_\_\_\_\_ information as a picture.
- They can help you \_\_\_\_\_ a new language.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ with a circle in the middle of the page.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ groups of words.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ the words on lines or inside circles.
- You can \_\_\_\_\_ more words to the mind map as you learn them.