

English Grammar Test

Part 1: Write sentences using the Present Perfect.

1. How long / you / live here?
2. They / celebrate this day / hundreds of years
3. I / not see them / last Tuesday
4. We / just / see / the firework display
5. I / never / eat / pancakes
6. You / ever / hear / reggae music?
7. He / finish that book / yet?
8. I / already / make / some baked potatoes to eat

Part 2: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Put the verbs in present perfect.

take / work / find / see / speak / know / begin
do / learn / eat / have / write / give / live / buy / be

1. I met Barbara when we were in elementary school. We _____ each other for over twenty years.
2. We _____ many new words since we started this course.
3. That's a wonderful movie. I _____ it three times.
4. Mr. and Mrs. Tonner _____ married for 10 years.
5. You are late! The class _____ already _____.
6. Robert is my neighbor. He _____ next door to me for five years.
7. Mary _____ several letters to her parents since she left home.
8. We _____ in that restaurant several times.
9. Our teacher _____ us a lot of help with the homework assignment.
10. She _____ to her landlord many times about the broken window.

Part 3: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple or the Present Perfect Simple.

1. John..... (not call) me recently.
2. They..... (buy) a new car last month.
3. The teacher..... (not return) the tests yet.
4. How long she..... (know) about this problem?
5. you ever..... (hear) such an unbelievable story?
6. When I was a child, I..... (live) in England for two years.
7. He..... (buy) me a beautiful gift for my birthday.
8. I am so excited to have a dog. I..... (Always / want) one.

Part 4: Which tense is used with the following actions: Present Perfect or Simple Past

- 1 When you want to begin a conversation on a new subject without mentioning a definite time you often use _____
- 2 When you are talking about a definite finished time in the past you use _____
- 3 When both an action and its results are finished you normally use _____
- 4 When you are talking about people who are dead you normally use _____
- 5 When you are talking about experiences in the lives of living people, without mentioning a definite time, you often use _____

Part 5: Write since and for in each sentence.

1. It has been raining _____ lunchtime
2. Tom's father has been doing the same job _____ 20 years
3. Have you been learning English _____ a long time?
4. Sarah has lived in London _____ 1987.
5. _____ Christmas, the weather has been quite good.
6. Please hurry up!! We've been waiting _____ an hour
7. Kevin has been looking for a job _____ he left school.
8. The house is very dirty. We haven't cleaned it _____ ages.
9. I haven't had a good meal _____ last Tuesday.
10. Its three months _____ he wrote to me.

Part 6: Complete the sentences with the correct modals verb.

1. When you meet someone for the first time in Canada, you _____
 - A. have to introduce yourself
 - B. should introduce yourself.
 - C. must to introduce yourself.
 - D. have got to introduce yourself
2. A good sense of humor is important, even in business. You _____ serious all the time.
 - A. don't not have to be
 - B. don't have to be
 - C. mustn't be
 - D. Should be
3. You _____ a 15% tip after eating in a restaurant. It is the policy.
 - A. should leave
 - B. must leave
 - C. Have to leave
 - D. Need to leave
4. At my school, students _____ uniforms. We could wear whatever we wanted.
 - A. Need to wear
 - B. Should wear
 - C. Must wear
 - D. don't have to wear
5. There's no hurry. You _____ that report until Friday of next week.
 - A. Need to finish
 - B. Should finish
 - C. Don't have to finish
 - D. Have to finish
6. I'm really out of shape. I _____ going to the gym regularly.
 - A. Should start
 - B. must start

C. ? have to start

D. ? has to start

7. You _____ cigarettes in El Salvador unless you are 18 years of age. That is the law.

A. cannot buy

B. musn't not buy

C. shouldn't buy

D. don't have to buy

8. The sign says "No parking". That means you _____

A. Cannot leave your car here.

B. Should your car here.

C. Mustn't leave your car here.

D. Shouldn't have to leave your car here.

Part 7: Complete the sentence with the modals: must, have to, don't have to, should, had better, need to, mustn't and has to.

1. 've got an appointment at the doctor's at 7.00. I _____ go there. (obligation)

2. A: I've got a headache. B: You must You _____ take an aspirin. (advice)

4. I _____ to work tomorrow because it's Sunday and I'm free. (lack of necessity or obligation)

5. Tom had a horrible toothache yesterday, so he _____ go to the dentist. (necessity)

6. He _____ go to work by bus. He's got a car and he drives. (lack of necessity or negative)

7. My advice is that you _____ ask her to marry you. (advice)

8. It's non-smoking so you _____ smoke here. (prohibition)

9. He can't come to your party tomorrow evening. He _____ finish an important project at work.
(obligation)

10. I _____ eat healthier because my health is not okay! (personal obligation)

Part 8: Complete the chart with the correct form of the Comparative adjective according to the chart.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
fast		
cheap		
fresh		
big		
sad		

Part 9: Complete the chart with the correct form of the superlative adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
important		1
attractive		
embarrassed		

Part 10: Complete the sentences with the comparative and superlative adjectives.

1. My sister is _____ my brother. (intelligent)
2. - The blue whale is _____ animal. (big)
3. - Iceland is _____ Spain (cold)
4. - This is _____ book I've ever read. (good)
5. - My neighbor is _____ person I know (lucky)
6. - Friday is the _____ day of the week. (busy)
7. - These trainers are much _____ those. (cheap)
8. - Frank works _____ most people. (hard)
9. - I'm _____ at English than you. (good)
10. - Today has been _____ day of the year. (hot)