

TEST 2

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differ from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

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|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>suggestion</u> | B. <u>action</u> | C. <u>creation</u> | D. <u>invention</u> |
| 2. A. <u>honest</u> | B. <u>house</u> | C. <u>hour</u> | D. <u>honor</u> |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

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|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 3. A. <u>repetitive</u> | B. <u>electrical</u> | C. <u>priority</u> | D. <u>energetic</u> |
| 4. A. <u>refugee</u> | B. <u>trainee</u> | C. <u>Japanese</u> | D. <u>engineer</u> |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

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| 5. At 8 a.m. tomorrow, he <u>will chatting with</u> his friends in <u>America</u> . | |
| A. At | B. will chatting C. with D. America |
| 6. It <u>was</u> guessed that the fish <u>died because</u> a powerful toxin in the <u>sea water</u> . | |
| A. was | B. died C. because D. sea water |
| 7. <u>Before</u> the meeting <u>finished</u> , they had <u>arranged</u> when <u>meeting</u> next. | |
| A. Before | B. finished C. arranged D. meeting |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

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| 8. The tornado caused a massive _____ to the town. | |
| A. destruction | B. extension C. danger D. mishap |
| 9. Global warming _____ if there weren't too much carbon dioxide in the atmosphere. | |
| A. won't happen | B. didn't happen C. wouldn't happen D. happened |
| 10. Passengers _____ to smoke in the train. | |
| A. are not allowed | B. had not allowed C. has not allowed D. will not allow |
| 11. I _____ a cup of tea before I left for my office. | |
| A. have | B. have had C. had had D. will have |
| 12. Some documents say that people _____ the Glastonbury Festival since the beginning of the 19th century. | |
| A. celebrated | B. have celebrated C. were celebrating D. celebrate |
| 13. The flight number 781 to Melbourne _____ at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. | |
| A. arrives | B. is arriving C. has arrived D. will arrive |
| 14. All the villages _____ to safe areas before midnight last night. | |
| A. evacuated | B. were evacuated C. had evacuated D. had been evacuated |
| 15. I'd be over the moon if I _____ a chance to go to Disneyland in California. | |
| A. have | B. had C. will have D. would have |
| 16. I don't know how we can _____ with her. She's too far away. | |
| A. keep in touch | B. cope C. catch up D. keep pace |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

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| 17. – "How is your holiday in New Zealand?" – "_____." | |
| A. Really | B. Awesome C. Absolutely right D. Sure |
| 18. – "Would you mind if I took a photo?" – "_____." | |
| A. I hope so. | B. Don't forget. C. Yes, I'd love to D. I'd rather you didn't |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

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| 19. Temporary accommodation will be <u>provided</u> for the victims of the flood. | |
| A. deprived | B. refused C. supplied D. withheld |
| 20. Some people often dress up in <u>strange</u> costumes on Halloween. | |
| A. puzzling | B. ordinary C. conventional D. weird |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

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| 21. All of the buildings in my neighbourhood were <u>destroyed</u> by the hurricane. | |
| A. demolished | B. crushed C. built D. fell |
| 22. He <u>refused</u> her invitation to dinner. | |
| A. rejected | B. accepted C. turned down D. spurn |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

New Zealand is a small country in the southern Pacific Ocean. There are two main islands, the North Island and the South Island, as (23) _____ as many smaller islands. New Zealand is 268,000 square kilometres, about the same size as the United Kingdom. There are four main cities. Auckland, in the north, is the largest city with a population (24) _____ over one million people. Auckland's population includes many different nationalities. For example, there are large groups of European, Maori, Pacific Island, Chinese and Indian people. Together with other smaller groups, they make Auckland an interesting and (25) _____ place to live.

Although Wellington is the capital, the centre of government, it is smaller and (26) _____ than Auckland with a population of 350,000. The main cities in the South Island are Christchurch, known as the Garden City, and Dunedin, which is often (27) _____ to a small Scottish city.

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| 23. A. good | B. well | C. better | D. same |
| 24. A. of | B. with | C. to | D. from |
| 25. A. excitement | B. excited | C. exciting | D. excite |
| 26. A. more quieter | B. quietly | C. most quiet | D. quieter |
| 27. A. compared | B. to compare | C. been compared | D. comparing |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Telephones help people speak to one another when they are apart. For more than a hundred years, nearly every telephone was a landline. A landline telephone is one that needs to be connected by a wire to a network of other telephones. Because of the wires, people could not take those telephones with them when they left their homes or offices. What if you had to make a call while you were away from home? You had to find a pay phone. Pay phones are landlines found in public places. Many pay phones are on the street. You can make a call from inside a glass or metal space called a phone booth. Once you are inside the booth, you put coins into a slot in the phone to make a call. Telephones have seen a lot of progress. Today, many people carry cell phones. Cell phones do not need to be connected with wires. **They** can be used almost anywhere and can fit in an adult's hand. Many cell phones sold today are smart phones. A smart phone is a cell phone that has lots of computer-style features. For example, people use smart phones to check e-mail and go on the Internet. And all that can be done using something small enough to carry in a pocket!

28. **A landline phone need to be connected by a _____ to a network of other telephones?**
 A. coin B. wire C. hand D. computer
29. **Why weren't people able to take the landline with them to work?**
 A. Because of the weather B. Because of the cost C. Because of the wires D. Because of the traffic
30. **What are payphones?**
 A. Pay phones are landlines found in the sky. B. Pay phones are landlines found in the sea.
 C. Pay phones are landlines found in home. D. Pay phones are landlines found in public places.
31. **What does "they" in paragraph 3 refer to?**
 A. landline phones B. cellphones C. payphones D. mails
32. **What is the difference between smart phone and cellphone?**
 A. It has more features B. It is cheaper C. It weighs heavier D. It needs restoring

Mark letter A, B C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions

33. **"I'll give you your money back tomorrow.", she said to me.**
 A. She promised me to give the money back the next day.
 B. She promised to give me back my money the next day.
 C. She promised to give me back your money the next day.
 D. She promised to give you back your money the next day.
34. **The car is very beautiful. It is made in Japan.**
 A. The car is very beautiful made in Japan. B. The car making in Japan is very beautiful.
 C. The car made in Japan is very beautiful. D. The car is made beautiful in Japan.
35. **They haven't seen their uncle for ten years.**
 A. The last time they saw their uncle was ten years ago. B. Ten years ago they first saw their uncle.
 C. Ten years is a long time for them to see their uncle. D. It's ten years when their uncle first saw them.
36. **Nobody will solve this hard problem.**
 A. This hard problem will be solved. B. This hard problem won't be solved.
 C. This hard problem isn't solved. D. All are correct.

Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the given words

37. I can't understand him because he speaks so quickly.
 ⇒ If _____
38. Talking to your family members every day is very important.
 ⇒ It is _____
39. "Is your uncle working as a pilot for NASA?" Julia asked me.
 ⇒ Julia asked me _____
40. They will widen the gate to let the cars run into the yard easily.
 ⇒ The gate _____