

## pH and pOH

The pH of a solution indicates how acidic or basic that solution is.

pH range 0 to-7 acidic  
7 neutral  
7-14 basic

Since  $[H^+] [OH^-] = 10^{-14}$  at 25 °C, if  $[H^+]$  is known, the  $[OH^-]$  can be calculated and vice versa.

$$\begin{aligned} pH &= -\log [H^+] & \text{So if } [H^+] = 10^{-6} \text{ M, pH} &= 6. \\ pOH &= -\log [OH^-] & \text{So if } [OH^-] = 10^{-8} \text{ M, pOH} &= 8. \end{aligned}$$

Together,  $pH + pOH = 14$ .

Complete the following chart.

	$[H^+]$	pH	$[OH^-]$	pOH	Acidic or Basic
1.	$10^{-5}$ M	5	$10^{-9}$ M	9	Acidic
2.		7			
3.			$10^{-4}$ M		
4.	$10^{-2}$ M				
5.				11	
6.		12			
7.			$10^{-5}$ M		
8.	$10^{-11}$ M				
9.				13	
10.		6			