ĐÁNH GIÁ NĂNG LỰC NGOẠI NGỮ TIẾNG ANH
ĐỀ THI VÀO THPT CHUYÊN NGOẠI NGỮ

ĐỀ SỐ 19 (Phần 01)

Phần 1. Cách phát âm của âm vị trong từ

Chọn 01 trong 04 lựa chọn có phần gạch chân có cách phát âm khác với những từ còn lại.

1. A. <u>s</u>urplus	B. <u>s</u>urety	C. <u>s</u>upreme	D. <u>s</u>uspicion
2. A. <u>ch</u>ameleon	B. <u>ch</u>aos	C. <u>ch</u>aracter	D. <u>ch</u>arity
3. A. h<u>o</u>me	B. c<u>o</u>mb	C. t<u>o</u>mb	D. d<u>o</u>me
4. A. <u>ex</u>change	B. <u>ex</u>clusion	C. <u>ex</u>clamation	D. <u>ex</u>cursion
5. A. ab<u>o</u>ve	B. an<u>o</u>ther	C. <u>o</u>besity	D. c<u>o</u>ver

Phần 2. Trọng âm

Chọn 01 trong 04 lựa chọn có cấu trúc trọng âm khác với những từ còn lại.

6. A. destroy	B. appear	C. delay	D. detox
7. A. extreme	B. giant	C. windmill	D. software
8. A. disposition	B. expedition	C. development	D. scientific
9. A. product	B. convert	C. fulfil	D. dispose
10. A. general	B. subcription	C. potential	D. pollution

Phần 3. Từ hoặc cụm từ đồng nghĩa

Chọn 01 từ/cụm từ trong 04 lựa chọn có nghĩa gần nhất với từ/cụm từ được gạch chân.

11. She is always <u>diplomatic</u> when she deals with angry students.

A. outspoken B. tactful C. strict D. firm

12. The newlyweds agreed to be very <u>frugal</u> in their shopping because they wanted to save enough money to buy a house.

A. extravagant B. economical C. mean D. meagre

13. A nurse practitioner has training in a <u>specialized</u> area of medicine.

A. honorable B. commonplace C. prescribed D. distinct

Phần 4. Từ hoặc cụm từ trái nghĩa

Chọn 01 từ/cụm từ trong 04 lựa chọn trái nghĩa với từ/cụm từ được gạch chân.

14. Travel insurance is sometimes mistaken for temporary health insurance, but the two are actually different.

A. transitory B. passing

C. mutable D. permanent

15. Although they hold similar political views, their religious beliefs present a striking contrast.

A. interesting resemblance B. complete coincidence

C. significant difference D. minor comparison

16. Mr. Smith's new neighbors appear to be very friendly.

A. hostile B. cordial

C. amiable D. benevolent

Phần 5. Tìm lỗi sai

Chọn 01 trong 04 từ/cụm từ được gạch chân có chứa lỗi sai.

17. Joel (A) giving up smoking has (B) caused him to gain (C) weight and become irritable (D) with his acquaintances.

18. Stephen Crane's story (A) is a (B) clinical portrayal of man as an animal (C) trapped by the fear (D) and hunger.

19. Sally must have called (A) her sister last night, but she arrived (B) home too late (C) to call her (D).

20. The bus was plenty of (A) people who had spent many a happy hour (B) in the stores doing (C) their (D) Christmas shopping.

21. Weather (A) and geography (B) conditions may determine the type (C) of transportation used (D) in a region.

22. When you talk to (A) the old man, please remember to speak out (B) as (C) he's hard of (D) hearing.

Phần 6. Hoàn thành câu

Chọn 01 lựa chọn đúng trong 04 lựa chọn cho sẵn để điền vào chỗ trống trong mỗi câu hỏi.

23. Theatre censorship has been _____ in Britain.

A. done down B. done away with

C. made up for D. made off with

24. It is _____ certain whether the plan will go ahead.

A. altogether B. by no means

C. rather D. doubtfully

25. The police are _____ certain who the culprit is.

A. in some way B. more or less

C. here and there D. by and by

26. Surely it _____ Ann who told you.

A. couldn't have been B. mustn't have been

C. shouldn't have been D. mightn't have been

27. I'd prefer you _____ in here, if you don't mind.

A. didn't smoke B. not to smoke

C. don't smoke D. not smoking

28. What does your middle _____ stand for?

A. name B. letter C. abbreviation D. initial

29. Jenny was the _____ survivor of the air crash in the Brazilian jungle.

A. one B. sole C. unique D. sound

30. Police _____ the wanted man in the crowd outside football ground.

A. gazed at B. noted C. faced D. spotted

31. The drunken man was _____ crazily from one side of the street to the other.

A. marching B. racing

C. staggering D. scrambling

32. I left at 5.30, _____ they were still arguing.

A. at the time B. all the time

C. just in time D. at which time

Phần 7. Điền từ

Chọn 01 lựa chọn đúng trong 04 lựa chọn cho sẵn để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn.

It appears that a rainy day is defined as one that includes four hours of rain between 9 in the morning and 5 in the evening. Being nine-tenths water, I am not bothered when a drop (33) _____ falls on me from the skies. That is if it's pure sky-distilled water, of course, and not one of the acid brews though even from a stiff acid downpour near the Danube in Hungary, I've never yet (34) _____ my clothes dissolve. The occasional shower is more than welcome and when it comes down cats and dogs, it stirs one's Viking blood.

Those who feel this way are fortunate (35) _____ travelers. When rain falls, then so do prices. Cultivate the rainy seasons for cheap, independent travelling. Heavy relentless rain is a perfect excuse not to climb a mountain or cross a rope bridge above a swollen river. Besides, after the rain the world is brilliant. It seems (36) _____ from the anecdotal evidence that all over the world rain is failing at times when it shouldn't, and I often find local citizens apologizing to me for these solecisms of the climate. No offence (37) _____ I reply, it reminds me of home.

Not everybody shares this view of rain, and with a row of sodden offspring trailing in my (38) _____, grumbling about the low grade of entertainment, I too might class the episode as a marred holiday. People in this sort of predicament persecuted by mischievous rain gods, prompted the revelation this week of a wheeze called Holiday Rain Insurance, (39) _____ to be the first of its kind. Now there's nothing new about insurance against the havoc caused by robust weather to public events. I remember (40)

_____ a legal umbrella against the showers that might drive away my audience for an open-air theatre production. The document was called a Pluvius Policy: no doubt Plautus and Terence had the same worry – though not Seneca, because his plays were meant for reading indoors!

33. A. again	B. other	C. more	D. also
34. A. been	B. gone	C. suffered	D. had
35. A. as	B. for	C. being	D. such
36. A. likely	B. bound	C. probably	D. liable
37. A. believed	B. suffered	C. understood	D. taken
38. A. queue	B. waves	C. wake	D. row
39. A. challenged	B. claimed	C. demanded	D. insisted
40. A. rising	B. arousing	C. raising	D. arising

Phần 8. Bài đọc 1

Đọc đoạn văn và trả lời 08 câu hỏi kèm theo.

Certainly no creature in the sea is odder than the common sea cucumber. All living creature, especially human beings, have their peculiarities, but everything about the little sea cucumber seems unusual. What else can be said about a bizarre animal that, among other eccentricities, eats mud, feeds almost continuously day and night but can live without eating for long periods, and can be poisonous but is considered supremely edible by gourmets?

For some fifty million years, despite all its eccentricities, the sea cucumber has subsisted on its diet of mud. It is adaptable enough to live attached to rocks by its tube feet, under rocks in shallow water, or on the surface of mud flats. Common in cool water on both Atlantic and Pacific shores, it has the ability to suck up mud or sand and digest whatever nutrients are present.

Sea cucumbers come in a variety of colors, ranging from black to reddish brown to sand color and nearly white. One form even has vivid purple tentacle. Usually the creatures are cucumber-shaped - hence their name - and because they are typically rock habitants, this shape, combine with flexibility, enables them to squeeze into crevices where they are safe from predators and ocean currents.

Although they have voracious appetites, eating day and night, sea cucumbers have the capacity to become quiescent and live at a low metabolic rate feeding sparingly or not at all for long periods, so that the marine organisms that provide their food have a chance to multiply. If it were not for **this faculty**, they would devour all the food available in a short time and would probably starve themselves out of existence.

But the most spectacular thing about the sea cucumber is the way it defends itself. Its major enemies are fish and crabs, when attacked, it squirts all its internal organs into the water. It also casts off attached structures such as tentacles. The sea cucumber will eviscerate and regenerate itself if it is attacked or even touched; it will do the same if the surrounding water temperature is too high or if the water becomes too polluted.

41. What does the passage mainly discuss?

A. The reason for the sea cucumber's name.

B. What makes the sea cucumber unusual.

C. How to identify the sea cucumber.

D. Places where the sea cucumber can be found.

42. According to the passage, why is the shape of sea cucumbers important?

A. It helps them to digest their food.

B. It helps them to protect themselves from danger.

C. It makes it easier for them to move through the mud.

D. It makes them attractive to fish.

43. The words "**this faculty**" refer to the sea cucumber's ability to _____.

A. squeeze into crevices

B. devour all available food in a short time

C. suck up mud or sand

D. live at a low metabolic rate

44. The fourth paragraph of the passage primarily discusses _____.

A. the reproduction of sea cucumbers

B. the food sources of sea cucumbers

C. the eating habits of sea cucumbers

D. threats to sea cucumbers' existence

45. Of all the characteristics of the sea cucumber, which of the following seems to fascinate the author most?

A. What it does when threatened B. Where it lives

C. How it hides from predators D. What it eats

46. What can be inferred about the defense mechanisms of the sea cucumber?

A. They are very sensitive to surrounding stimuli.

B. They are almost useless.

C. They require group cooperation.

D. They are similar to those of most sea creatures.

47. Which of the following would NOT cause a sea cucumber to release its internal organs into the water?

A. A touch B. Food

C. Unusually warm water D. Pollution

48. Which of the following is an example of behavior comparable with the sea cucumber living at a low metabolic rate?

A. An octopus defending itself with its tentacles

B. A bear hibernating in the winter

C. A pig eating constantly

D. A parasite living on its host's blood

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