INFINITIVE OR GERUND?

The gerund

The gerund or -ing form of a verb apart from being used in continuous tenses can also be used in the following cases:

- ← After certain verbs: I like meeting people.
- ← After prepositions. She was thinking about going on holiday to the Caribbean.
- ← After certain expressions: I'm fed up with doing the same every day.
- As the subject of a sentence: Eating fruit is good for your health.

Some expressions that are followed by a gerund are:

▶ be fed up with ▶ can't help ▶ can't stand

▶ be used to / get used to ▶ feel like ▶ give up

▶ it's no use ▶ look forward to ▶ would mind/don't mind

▶ can't help ▶ be keen on/ be fond of ▶ be worth

The infinitive is the verb form that is preceded

The infinitive is the verb form that is preceded It is used:

- After some adjectives and adverbs:
- He was willing to help me. She's getting ready to go.

She was walking too fast to see me.

- After some verbs like:
- Pafford Pagree Pappear Pask Pchoose Pdecide
 Pexpect Phope Pintend Plearn Pmanage Pneed
 Poffer Pplan Ppretend Ppromise Prefuse Pteach
 Pwant Pwish
- Certain verbs are followed by an object + infinitive:
- Ex. My parents want me to go to university.

Some of these verbs are:

Verbstimiimidive or

▶ begin ▶ start → itend ▶ continue ▶ bother are verbs that can be followed by an infinitive or gerund with little or no difference in meaning:

It has started to rain/ raining.

But after continuous tenses we use an infinitive rather than a gerund:

It's starting to rain.

Some other verbs are followed by an infinitive or a gerund with a difference in meaning. Some of these verbs are:

FORGET + GERUND means to forget that you have done something. Ex: I forgot calling Ann.

FORGET + INFINITIVE means that you forget to do something. Ex: I forgot to call Ann.

REMEMBER + GERUND means that you remember that you have done something. Ex: I remember seeing you there.

REMEMBER + INFINITIVE means that you remember to do something. Ex: I remembered to lock the door before leaving.

STOP + GERUND means not to continue to do an activity.

Ex: I stopped working because I was too tired.

STOP + INFINITIVE means you pause in an activity, in order to do something before you continue. Ex: I stopped to tie my shoe.

TRY + GERUND means to experiment with different methods to see it something works. Ex: If you want to lose weight, try eating less sweets.

1 Complete with the infinitive or gerund of the verbs in brackets.

- She stopped at Smith's (buy) the newspaper.
- 2. They suggested (have) a pizza for dinner.
- 3. I can't afford (buy) a house till I get a job.
- 4. She is used (speak) in public.
- 5. Ben promised his parents (study) harder.
- **6.** Stop (make) so much noise or you'll wake up the baby.
- 7. She denied (break) the window but I knew she was guilty.
- 8. My parents don't allow me (stay) out late at night.
- 9. Would you mind (lend) me your dictionary?
- 10. I managed (find) the place with the help of a
- 11. My mobile doesn't work.-Try (change) the batteries.
- **12.** Please remember (study) for the test on Monday.
- 13. I don't feel like(go) out. I'd rather stay at
- 14. She hit the child and made her (cry).

- **2** Complete with the infinitive or gerund of the verbs in brackets and match to the pictures.
- It started(rain) when they were going home.
- 2. He couldn't help.....(laugh) when he saw his sleepers.
- 3. He decided(buy) the armchair as it was very comfortable.
- 4. His mum ordered him.....(go) to bed immediately.
- 5. Bob is very keen on.....(eat) hamburgers.
- **6.** He learnt(play) the piano when he was a bov.
- 7. Ted told me the book was worth.....(read).
- 8. His grandfather taught him.....(play) baseball.
- **9.** She apologised for.....(not tell) me the truth.
- **10.** He asked Mary.....(marry) him and she accepted.
- 11. He is looking forward to(go) fishing.
- 12. You should avoid......(eat) chocolates if you want(lose) weight.
- 13. He can't get used to.....(get) up early.
- 14. His teacher advised him.....(study) harder.