

Singular and Plural Count Nouns

It's	an	ID card.		Count nouns have singular (= one thing) and plural (= two or more things) forms.
I'm	a	student.		
There are ten		students	here.	Use <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> before singular count nouns only.

When the singular noun begins with a consonant sound, use *a*.

When the singular noun begins with a vowel sound, use *an*.

Spelling Rules for Forming Plural Nouns

Most plural nouns are formed by adding <i>s</i> :	camera → cameras	pen → pens
For nouns ending in a <u>vowel</u> + <i>y</i> add <i>s</i> :	boy → boys	
but For nouns ending in a <u>consonant</u> + <i>y</i> , drop the <i>y</i> and add <i>ies</i> :	dictionary → dictionaries	
For nouns ending in a <u>vowel</u> + <i>o</i> add <i>s</i> :	radio → radios	
but For nouns ending in a <u>consonant</u> + <i>o</i> , add <i>s</i> with some nouns and <i>es</i> with others:	photo → photos	potato → potatoes
For nouns ending in the <i>ch</i> , <i>sh</i> , <i>ss</i> , or <i>x</i> sounds, add <i>es</i> :	class → classes	
For nouns ending in <i>f</i> or <i>fe</i> , change it to <i>ve</i> + <i>s</i> :	knife → knives	leaf → leaves

A Write A/An before the nouns, then write the nouns in plural

Singular

Plural

backpack
knife
potato
cell phone
city
credit card
dictionary
email address
gift card
student ID
key
laptop
notebook
pen
photo
student
teacher
umbrella
wallet
watch