

Test 1 (Lessons 1-3)

1. Reading

Read the text and find if the sentences are True (T) or False (F).

What was life in ancient Egypt like? Scientists have found writing and drawings on walls that tell us many things about the customs and traditions of the people who lived in the area around the river Nile. Let's go back a bit in time and see what Tipi, a young girl, has to say:

"Egyptian homes are very often built of bricks made of mud that we dry in the sun. In this way, they become very hard. Our houses are usually white to offer shelter from the heat of the sun. There are columns in the front and small windows and doors that also keep the homes cool. The roof is flat and sometimes my family and I sleep there. We eat many things like vegetables, bread and tasty seafood that fishermen catch in the Nile with nets. They must be careful though! The Nile is full of crocodiles! My parents drink wine and a different kind of beer that we make with bread!

I play a lot with my friends. A very popular game among children is one with small balls made of wood or cloth. We also have religious festivals in honour of the many Gods we worship. During these celebrations we wear traditional costumes".

1. Scientists found books with information about ancient Egypt. ☐
2. Scientists' findings tell us about the Egyptian culture. ☐
3. Tipi is a modern Egyptian girl. ☐
4. Egyptians make their houses out of hard stone and mud. ☐
5. The white colour protects their houses from the heat. ☐
6. Egyptians can't fish in the river Nile because of the crocodiles. ☐
7. They like eating fish more than vegetables. ☐
8. Beer and wine are popular drinks. ☐
9. They have celebrations to worship their Gods. ☐
10. They wear special clothes at festivals. ☐

2. Vocabulary

2.1 Fill in the blanks in the text below using the words given. Be careful! There is one extra word you do not need to use.

religions	cultures	belong	gestures	worship
crowded	features	languages	people	

(e.g.) People all over the world belong to many different (1) The colour of their skin and the (2) of their faces may be different. They may also speak different (3)..... The gods they (4) differ among them and this means that their (5) are also different. They may live in (6) cities or places where nothing grows. No matter what their names are though, they truly (7) to one big 'family': The human 'family'.

2.2 Circle the **correct** word.

1. The Japanese **remove** / **greet** their shoes when they go home.
2. National **celebrations** / **admirations** are part of a culture.
3. Greek people are proud of their **greetings** / **ancestors**.
4. A large, hot, dry area of land is called a **marsh** / **desert**.
5. Going to the cinema or the theatre are common ways of **ties** / **entertainment**.

2.3 Match the words in list A with their opposites in list B.

A		B
1. tall		a. short
2. elderly		b. thin
3. polite		c. dark
4. generous		d. lazy
5. hardworking		e. mean
6. plump		f. rude
7. straight		g. young
8. fair		h. curly

3. Language focus

3.1 Complete the text with the correct form of the Simple Present or the Present Continuous.

What (e.g.) **do you know** (you / know) about Brazil? Brazil is a very big country in South America. About 150 million people (1) (live) there. They speak Portuguese. Brazil is one of the world's largest producers of coffee. It (2) (not / only / export) coffee but it also (3) (sell) sugar, cocoa, wood and fruit. What (4) (happen) in Brazil at the moment? Brazilians (5) (get) ready for their popular Carnival in Rio.

3.2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

e.g. *Paris is one of **the most beautiful** (beautiful) European capitals.*

1. Timothy is almost (tall) as his father.
2. The Parthenon is (very / old) than the Taj Mahal.
3. Football is (popular) sport in the world.
4. I think French cuisine is (good) than British cuisine.
5. Some languages are (easy) to learn than others.

4. Everyday English

Complete the short dialogues with the right expressions.

(1)..... Larry?

All right. Thanks Mary. And you?

(2).....

Hi, Peter. This is my cousin Brian.

Hi Brian. (3)

(4)....., too, Peter.

See you later.

(5).....