

Have got

1. Rewrite the sentences using short forms. Prepiši povedi tako, da uporabiš kratke oblike.

Example: She has got two pencils. *She's got two pencils.*

We have got a puppy. *we've got a puppy.*

- 1) They have three children. _____
- 2) Peter has got a blue bike. _____
- 3) He has got a big nose. _____
- 4) I have got brown eyes. _____

2. Complete the sentences with HAVE GOT or HAS GOT. Dopolni povedi s »HAVE GOT« ali »HAS GOT«.

Example: My grandma has got short grey hair.

- 1) They _____ a dog.
- 2) Susan _____ red curly hair.
- 3) We _____ a big house.
- 4) My brother _____ long hair.
- 5) I _____ a new computer.
- 6) Tim and Sophie _____ a lot of friends.
- 7) Grandpa John _____ glasses.
- 8) The children _____ blue jumpers.
- 9) Rabbits _____ long ears.
- 10) A parrot _____ a beak.

3. Make negative and interrogative sentences. Trdilne povedi spremeni v nikalne in vprašalne.

Example: Mia has got freckles.

(-) Mia hasn't got freckles.

(?) Has Mia got freckles?

You have got a blue rucksack.

(-) You haven't got a blue rucksack.

(?) Have you got a blue rucksack?

Simon has got a guitar.

(-) _____

(?) _____

The dog has got a long tail.

(-) _____

(?) _____

We have got two cats.

(-) _____

(?) _____

My friends have got rollerblades.

(-) _____

(?) _____

4. Look at the picture and complete the sentences with HAVE GOT, HAVEN'T GOT, HAS GOT or HASN'T GOT. Oglej si sliko in dopolni povedi s *HAVE GOT*, *HAVEN'T GOT*, *HAS GOT* ali *HASN'T GOT*.



This is Zoe. Mark and Lucy are her brother and sister. They have got brown hair. Zoe and Lucy _____ long hair but Mark _____ long hair – he _____ short hair. Mark _____ blue eyes, but Zoe and Lucy _____ blue eyes. They _____ brown eyes. Zoe _____ a ponytail. Lucy _____ a ponytail. She _____ two plaits. Mark _____ a purple cap. Lucy and Zoe _____ caps.