

SETTLERS AND INDIANS

1. Listen to the audio document and take the quiz. Tick the correct answer.

- a. Native Americans have lived on the American continent for 300 30 000 300 000 years.
- b. Originally, they came from Asia Russia Mexico.
- c. The first settlers arrived in the 1500s the 1600s the 1900s.
- d. With the arrival of European settlers, many tribes were eliminated by killings discoveries diseases like small pox and tuberculosis.
- e. The settlers came into conflicts contact with the Indians when they purchased claimed gained Indian lands for themselves.
- f. In the late 1800s, the US government forced the surviving resisting remaining Indians to live on reservations in institutions [UW1] in suburban areas.
- g. Today, the number of tribes is 55 515 550 5050 in the US.

2. Listen again and fill in the blanks in the transcript of the audio document.

They were the first people ever to live in North America. Exactly when they came and how they arrived is still a mystery. But many scientists believe that as long as 15,000 years ago, some hunters from Asia walked or traveled along the coast of a land bridge that once connected North America to Alaska. When the first white explorers arrived in the Americas, about a century ago, Native Americans lived north of the Gulf of Mexico. But the outsiders brought everything new from Europe such as small pox and measles, which wiped out entire tribes. Settlers began to take Indian land for themselves. Some tribes resisted and fought. Others attempted to make peace. In the end, the result was the same. In the 1800s, the US government forced the remaining Indians to move to their new homelands and live on tracts of land called reservations. Today, there are 562 recognized tribes in the US.