



Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

Вы услышите четыре коротких текста, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D**.

В заданиях **1–4** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

1. The reason of speed restrictions is _____.

- 1) heavy snow.
- 2) long journeys.
- 3) the Internet connection.

Ответ:

2. The customer does not like the shoes as they are _____.

- 1) with laces.
- 2) dark.
- 3) shiny.

Ответ:

3. The passenger buys _____.

- 1) a full ticket.
- 2) a half ticket.
- 3) a monthly student's pass.

Ответ:

4. There are only _____ available on the ground floor.

- 1) double.
- 2) deluxe.
- 3) single.

Ответ:

5. Вы готовите тематическую радиопередачу с высказываниями пяти разных людей, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D, E. Подберите к каждому высказыванию соответствующую его содержанию рубрику из списка **1–6**. Используйте каждую рубрику из списка только один раз.**

*В списке есть **одна лишняя рубрика**. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

- 1. A favourite school subject
- 2. Hard to learn
- 3. Important skills
- 4. A year off
- 5. The best teacher
- 6. A member of the family

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Рубрика					

6 - 11. Вы помогаете своему другу, юному радиожурналисту, проанализировать подготовленное им для передачи интервью. Прослушайте аудиозапись интервью и занесите данные в таблицу.

Вы можете вписать **не более одного слова** (без артиклей) из прозвучавшего текста.

Числа необходимо записывать буквами.

6	The number of New Year holidays Ella is going to celebrate	
7	The country Ella is going to visit	
8	The time when friends wait to set off fireworks	
9	The thing people focus on	
10	The place in the USA where Ella is going to celebrate New Year	
11	The moment Ella and David are going to turn the TV on	

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

- 12.** Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов **A–F** содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы **1–7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. Period of instability

2. A job for life

3. Two Brothers

4. Regular Duties

5. Struggle for the crown

6. Difficult choice

7. Early years of the Queen

- A.** For more than a thousand years Britain has always had kings or queens except for the ten years between 1649 and 1659. Elizabeth II calls the Windsor family a 'firm'. She thinks of it as a business rather than a family. And the main business of the royal family is... well, probably being royal. And they are paid for it. The Queen is one of the richest women in the world and yet she gets about 8 million pounds a year to be queen. But many people agree that she does her job well and she deserves her salary.
- B.** There are hundreds of traditional ceremonies which the Queen has to keep — the Queen's Speech at the State Opening of Parliament, 'Maundy money' (the tradition which is almost seven hundred years old) on the Thursday before Easter Sunday, Royal garden parties at Buckingham Palace. Besides, every day the Queen reads official papers from the government and once a week has a meeting with the Prime Minister.
- C.** When Elizabeth was born nobody knew she would be a queen. Her grandfather, King George V, had six children. His eldest son, Edward, was the next in line to be king and Elizabeth's father, Albert, was only second child. Edward lived a good time. He enjoyed women, drank a lot, spent money, liked fashionable clothes. Albert, or Bertie, as his friends called him, was shy, he stammered, and all his life it was difficult for him to make speeches.
- D.** As Albert did not expect to become king, he chose the Navy. He married Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon and they had two daughters, Elizabeth and Margaret. The family lived in a house on Piccadilly with twenty-five bedrooms, a library and a room for dances and parties. The girls had a private teacher; they also studied music, dancing, and art. As a child Elizabeth was nicknamed Lilibet — because that was the way she pronounced her name.
- E.** In 1936 King George died. When his coffin with the crown on the top of it was carried through the streets on a horse-drawn carriage, the crown fell. Many people thought it was a bad sign. Indeed, 1936 became the 'year of three kings'. In January, after his father's death, Edward became king. In December he refused from the throne and his younger brother, Bertie took his place.
- F.** Many people think that this is one of the most romantic love stories of our century. Handsome and popular king Edward was in love with an American woman Wallis Simpson and he wanted to marry her. But Wallis divorced — twice! The royal family did not like her, the government was against this marriage, so was the Church. And Edward preferred Wallis to the crown. They got married and lived in Paris for most of their lives.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **13–19** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

The Mystery of Learning Languages

Can a new language be learnt in six weeks as some courses promise? Learning a language is not an easy task, though the reason why it is so difficult cannot be explained without an understanding of how human language is acquired, and unfortunately, no-one knows exactly how it is done. Linguists have many theories, but it is still a mystery and one that may never be fully solved. Since hard and fast facts about first language acquisition are in short supply, it is not surprising to find that there are numerous competing theories on how best to learn a second or third language. One thing is certain, though, it doesn't happen overnight. Or does it?

One theory that has been promoted for some years now is that of subliminal language learning - taking words into your mind while not consciously aware of them. Play a cassette tape of words and phrases you wish to learn while you are asleep or perhaps while driving a car. It doesn't matter if you listen to them or not, or even if the words are within your normal range of hearing. Your brain will 'hear' the words and store them deep within your mind, ready for easier extraction when you practice certain exercises containing those words and phrases.

The argument goes like this: when you learnt your own language, you had been spoken to and were constantly exposed to words in that language from the day you were born and possibly even before you were born. Yes, babies react to words spoken to them inside the mother's womb. This constant exposure ensured that the words were already planted in your mind before you actually learnt them. The subliminal method, then, is based on similar principles. Even having the TV or radio on all day in another language serves the same purpose.

Recent surveys seem to indicate that early success in learning a foreign language requires at least two other conditions to be met. First of all, the range of vocabulary you need to learn should be restricted. It has been known for decades now that most of what one needs to say every day in the English language can be effectively communicated with a vocabulary of just 760 words. Secondly, the practice you do needs to focus on manipulations of those very same words. When starting to learn a language, reading the newspaper in that language is largely waste of time - there are far too many new words to learn. Later, of course, reading all kind of material in the new language is essential.

Remember that learning a language is something you have already managed. All of us are constantly, if not always consciously, engaged in increasing the knowledge of our own language and the language itself is changing slowly every day. Language learning is a part of everyone's daily life. No wonder students are suspicious of six-week courses that promise the earth!

13. No-one actually knows how one's first language is learnt.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

14. Subliminal language learning can only take place overnight.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

15. You do not need to listen closely to the words on the tape.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

16. You learnt your first language quickly because you were exposed daily to new words.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

17. The words on the subliminal tape must be spoken softly and slowly.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

18. You should restrict the number of new words when starting to learn a language.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

19. Reading a foreign newspaper is never a waste of time.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ:**

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **20-28**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **20-28**.

20	A young man had to go to be medically examined because he _____ up for army service.	CALL	20
21	The doctor _____ at a desk when he went in.	SIT	
22	He said to the man, 'Take _____ coat and shirt off, loosen the belt and sit on that chair.'	YOU	21
	The young man did so.		22
23	The doctor _____ at him for a moment without getting up from his chair and then said, "All right. Put your clothes on again."	LOOK	23
24	"But you _____ me at all!" the young man said in a troubled voice.	NOT/EXAMINE	24
25	"It isn't necessary," the doctor said gently. "You have done everything the _____ you could."	GOOD	25

26	"When I told you to take your coat and shirt off, you _____ me all right, so you aren't deaf.	HEAR	26
27	You _____ the chair I pointed to, so your eyesight is good enough for the army. You managed to take your clothes off and to sit on the chair, so your body must be healthy.	SEE	27
28	And you _____ what I told you to do and did it without a mistake, so you must possess enough intelligence for the army."	UNDERSTAND	28

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **29–34** так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **29–34**.

29	This week's Beauty Battle features two gorgeous rising stars: songstress Rita Ora and _____ Lily Collins. Though the two have very different styles, they	ACT	
30	happened to sport similar _____ looks to two NYC events celebrating the same brand -renown French jewelry house Cartier.	BEAUTY	
31	Rita performed at the brand's Juste Un Clou party while Lily attended their exhibit _____ earlier that same evening. Both of them had us enraptured with	OPEN	29
32	their _____ bold makeup!	GLAMOROUS	30
33	Rita played up the sultry factor with striking, subtly _____ eyes, superlong lashes, and polished brows. Her matte bright pink lips colorfully	SMOKE	31
34	complemented her long black dress. Lily's eyes were also accentuated with black _____ and full, feathery lashes. Those famous eyebrows of hers were ultra-groomed (and gorgeous!), of course, and she chose a dark cherry matte lip.	LINE	32
			33
			34

Click FINISH below

