CGE Practice | Task 933

Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

*Вы услышите четыре коротких текста, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D.***
*В заданиях **1–4** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

1. The child does not want _____. **Ответ:**
1) to stay in bed.
2) to take pills.
3) to have an injection.

2. The speakers are going to be late as _____. **Ответ:**
1) they missed a bus.
2) they have forgotten something at home.
3) they missed a taxi.

3. The electric devices must be _____. **Ответ:**
1) taken away in the baggage.
2) put on the tray.
3) switched off.

4. Paul and Susan are going to Hawaii for _____. **Ответ:**
1) their wedding.
2) their Honeymoon.
3) their holidays.

***5.** Вы готовите тематическую радиопередачу с высказываниями пяти разных людей, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D, E.** Подберите к каждому высказыванию соответствующую его содержанию рубрику из списка **1–6.** Используйте каждую рубрику из списка только один раз.*
*В списке есть **одна лишняя рубрика**. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

1. An appealing comfort
2. A better option
3. Professional usage
4. A constant dislike
5. A favourite photo
6. Several difficulties

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Рубрика					

***6 - 11.** Вы помогаете своему другу, юному радиожурналисту, проанализировать подготовленное им для передачи интервью. Прослушайте аудиозапись интервью и занесите данные в таблицу. Вы можете вписать **не более одного слова** (без артиклей) из прозвучавшего текста. Числа необходимо записывать буквами.*

6	The number of countries the girl has travelled to	_____
7	Popular food in Spain	_____
8	The temperature in Spain in summer	_____ degrees
9	The reason the girl went to Belize	_____ trip
10	The duration of the trip to Indonesia	_____
11	Famous and beautiful places in Bali	_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

12. *Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов **A–F** содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы **1–7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши ответы в таблицу.*

1. What do meerkats cat?
2. How do meerkats protect themselves?
3. How do meerkats look after their kids.
4. What is meerkats' upright posture for?
5. Why are meerkats endangered animals?
6. Where do meerkats live?
7. What do meerkats look like?

A. There are few animals on Earth who work as well together as meerkats. These squirrel-size members of the mongoose family live in groups of different sizes, from as little as three to as big as 50 members. Everyone in the group participates in gathering food, keeping a look out for predators and taking care of the babies. They are super cute, with bushy, brown-striped fur, a small, pointed face and large eyes surrounded by dark patches. They average about 50 centimetres long, including their tail.

B. Meerkats live in the deserts and grasslands of the southern tip of Africa. These extremely social animals live together in burrows, which they dig with their long, sharp claws. Living underground keeps them safe from predators and out of the harsh African heat. These burrows can be 5 metres long and contain multiple entrances, tunnels, and rooms. A group will use up to five separate burrows at a time.

C. Meerkats only go outside during the daytime. Each morning as the sun comes up, they emerge and begin looking for food. They use their keen sense of smell to locate their favourite foods, which include beetles, caterpillars, spiders and scorpions They'll also eat small reptiles, birds, eggs fruit and plants. Back at the burrow, several babysitters stay behind to watch over newborn pups.

D. Squirrel-sized meerkats are mongooses famed for their upright posture. While the rest of the group forages for food, one of the meerkats (or sometimes more), called a sentry, will find a high point, like a termite mound and perch on its back legs. From here it scans the sky and desert for predators such as eagles, hawks and jackals.

E. Meerkats dig safe places called bolt holes throughout their foraging area, where they can hide in an emergency. But if caught in the open by a predator, a meerkat will try to look fierce, lying on its back and showing its teeth and claws. If a group is confronted, the meerkats will stand together, arching their backs, raising their hair and hissing.

F. Meerkats are not considered endangered. But they live a very difficult life in the African desert, constantly threatened by hungry predators, and burrow-flooding rainstorms. Meerkats are very attentive to their pups. Pups do not go out of the den for several weeks. During this period, at least one helper keeps the pups inside the den and defends them against neighboring meerkats, which would kill them. Once allowed out of the den, pups follow the pack.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	**A**	**B**	**C**	**D**	**E**	**F**
Вопрос						

*Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **13–19** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

If you've been watching the news lately, chances are you'll have heard lots about an illness that's affecting people around the world, called coronavirus.

Coronaviruses are a family of viruses that affect animals. Occasionally, coronaviruses have been known to move from animals to humans. The coronavirus we're talking about today is a new virus, which causes an illness called COVID-19.

It's not completely clear how the outbreak started, but it's thought it's likely to have begun in Wuhan, China, at a local market known to sell wild animal meat.

We still don't know for sure which animal sparked the outbreak but it's thought that the new virus could have originated in bats. Bats weren't sold at the market, but they may have come into contact with the animals that were.

As we haven't encountered this virus before, scientists are still working hard to discover exactly how it spreads. Similar viruses, like colds and flu, spread through water droplets in coughs and sneezes. These droplets can live on surfaces and spread when someone touches them with their hands. People become infected when they then touch their hands to their mouth, nose or eyes.

For the most people, including kids, this coronavirus isn't dangerous. It will make them feel poorly for a short time, before they make a full recovery. For a few people, like the elderly and people who have long-term health conditions such as diabetes, heart disease or asthma, the risk of becoming very ill is more serious. That's why these people are making extra efforts to have less face-to-face contact with others at the moment There are plenty of small, easy things you can do. (You probably some of them already, but at this time, we all just need to be extra sensible and cautious as we go about our daily lives and activities.

Wash your hands more regularly, for at least 20 seconds. If you can't wash your hands with soap and water, then use hand-sanitiser. Avoid touching your face. especially your eyes, nose and mouth. Cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze.

Thankfully; there are lots of people like scientists, government officials and medical professionals working extremely hard to learn how to prevent, control and treat this virus better.

Scientists arc working with speed to create a vaccine, which will give people protection from the virus. It's hoped that they'll have a vaccine ready.

In the meantime, there are lots of changes being made to help slow the spread of coronavirus. People who feel unwell, and the people they live with, arc being asked to self-isolate. This basically means slaying at home for 14 days so that you don't pass the virus on to others. People can't come to visit you during this time, but you can go outside if you have a private garden or balcony.

People in some countries or cities are being asked to practise 'social distancing'. This basically means keeping your distance from others, avoiding social gatherings like meeting with friends, going to sporting events or gigs. This is to help prevent the virus from passing from person to person.

13. COVID-19 outbreak started in China.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

14. COVID-19 spread is different from other viruses.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

15. Some groups of people are especially at risk.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

16. Hand-sanitisers are more effective than soap against COVID-19.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

17. It is a good idea to wash your hands every two hours.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

18. You must not go out for two weeks if the epidemic starts.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

19. Sporting and music events should be limited.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated **Ответ**:

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **20–28**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **20–28**.*

	The day when the jobs were handed out was one of the most exciting for all the children in the class. It		
20	took place during the _____ week of the term. On	ONE	
21	that day, every boy and girl _____ a job for which they would be responsible for the rest of that school year.	GIVE	
22	As with everything, some jobs were _____ than others, and the children were eager to be given one of the best ones. When giving them out, the teacher took	INTERESTING	
23	into account which pupils _____ the most responsible during the previous year, and those children were the ones who most looked forward to this day. Among them Rita stood out.	BE	**20** **21** **22**
24	She was a kind and quiet girl; and during the previous year she _____out the teacher's instructions perfectly. All the children knew Rita was the favourite	CARRY	**23** **24**
25	to be given the _____ job of all: to look after the class dog.	GOOD	**25**
	But that year there was a big surprise. Each child received one of the normal jobs. But Rita's job was very different. The teacher gave her a little box containing some sand and one ant. Most of her classmates felt		**26** **27**
26	sorry for _____.	SHE	**28**
27	"I _____ this little task into something great,"	TURN	
28	Rita said to _____.	SHE	
	So it was that Rita started investigating ill about her little ant. She learned about the different species, and studied everything about their habitats and behaviour.		

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **29–34** так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **29–34**.*

	Pompeii was an ancient Roman city located near present-day Naples in Italy, Pompeii was settled in the 7th century BC by the Oscan people and later taken over by the Romans, in the 4th century BC. The		
29	Romans considered Pompeii to be a popular _____ and many had summer homes there.	DESTINATE	**29**
30	Pompeii had an amphitheater large enough to hold 20,000 people, and Pompeii _____ inhabitants even had running water in their homes. In 62 AD a huge earthquake caused major damage to the city's	WEALTH	**30** **31**
31	buildings, and people began to _____ them. On August 24th, 79 AD, 17 years after the earthquake, Mount Vesuvius erupted.	BUILD	**32** **33**
32	It is estimated that _____ 16,000 people were killed. Pompeii was buried under 20 feet of ash. There	APPROXIMATE	**34**
33	had been earthquakes to warn of the _____ of Mount Vesuvius erupting. However, Roman science	POSSIBLE	
34	did not yet know about the _____ between volcanoes and earthquakes.	CONNECT	

LIVEWORKSHEETS

You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Polly.

> ***…My friend has decided to become a model and has just gone on a diet. I told her that it could be dangerous but she wouldn't listen. Besides, she is a vegetarian, so there are not many products she can let herself eat now…***
>
> ***…Why do people become vegetarians? What do you do to keep fit? What food do you try to avoid? …***

Write her a letter and answer her **3** questions.

Write **100**–**120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВНИМАНИЕ! **Все бланки и листы с контрольными измерительными материалами рассматриваются в комплекте.**

LIVEWORKSHEETS