BIAS

Cognitive biases are flaws in logical thinking that clear the path to bad decisions, so learning about these ideas can reduce errors in your thought process, leading to a more successful life. These biases are very closely related to logical fallacies, which may help you win an argument or present information better.

1- WATCH THE YOUTUBE VIDEO
2- MATCH THE TYPES OF BIAS WITH THEIR DESCRIPTION

ANCHORING BIAS	We defend our decisions only because it was our choice, ignoring its downfalls or faults.
AVAILABILITY HEURISTIC BIAS	We don't make decisions based on facts or statistics, but on news that are shown to us and stories we hear from other people.
BANDWAGON BIAS	We tend to ignore negative information that does not confirm our point of view.
CHOICE SUPPORTIVE BIAS	We rely on the first information that we receive, no matter how reliable that piece of information is.
CONFIRMATION BIAS	We act according to what other people do. It is connected to group thinking and social pressure.
OSTRICH BIAS	We only search for proofs that confirm our point of view.
OUTCOME BIAS	We believe that something will have an effect on us, so it actually causes that effect.
OVERCONFIDENCE	We make decisions based on the results or outcome, ignoring other factors, such as facts and statistics.
PLACEBO BIAS	We judge something based on the surviving information.
SURVIVORSHIP BIAS	Also known as "biased bias": we tend to think that we are less biased than everyone else!
SELECTIVE PERCEPTION BIAS	We perceive messages and actions according to our frame of reference: it means we overlook and forget what contradicts our beliefs.
BLINDSPOT BIAS	After a series of successes, we stop making decisions based on facts and we trust our opinion more.