READING

1) Read the text and write T (true) or F (false) in the sentences below.

Sherlock Holmes



Sherlock Holmes is a fictional detective of the late 19th and early 20th century, created by British author and physician Arthur Conan Doyle. He is famous for his prowess at using logic and careful observation to solve cases.

Holmes was said to have lived at 221B Baker Street, London (an upper-storey flat at 221 Baker Street; in early notes it was described as Upper Baker Street), where he spent many of his professional years with his friend and colleague Dr. Watson while the residence was maintained by Mrs. Hudson.

Sherlock Holmes describes himself as a "consulting detective", which means that he is brought into cases that have proven too difficult for other investigators; we are told that he is often able to solve a problem without leaving home (although this aspect is somewhat lost in the stories themselves, which focus on the more interesting cases which often do require him to do actual legwork). He specializes in solving unusual cases using his extraordinary powers of observation and "deduction".

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle credits the inception of Holmes on his teacher at the medical school of Edinburgh University, the gifted surgeon and forensic detective Joseph Bell, forensic science being a new type of science at the time. However, some years later Bell wrote to Conan Doyle: "you are yourself Sherlock Holmes and well you know it" (Baring-Gould, p. 8). The 'Sherlock Holmes' name was derived from a pair of cricketers – however some early notes give his name as Sherrinford Holmes.

It is a popular myth that Sherlock Holmes gave rise to the entire genre of murder mystery fiction; in reality, the detective genre was alive before Holmes, if not one which followed a logical progression to the solution. Many fictional detectives have imitated Holmes' logical methods and followed in his footsteps, in many different ways.

Some of the more popular fictional detectives to continue Holmes' legacy include Agatha Christie's Hercule Poirot, Ellery Queen, Perry Mason, Columbo, Dick Tracy, and even the comic book superhero Batman. Modern variants might be the NBC series TV show Law and Order: Criminal Intent and the USA Networks show Monk. Monk even replicates the Holmesian style of "quiet analysis", during which no one speaks to the character while he works. Also, Monk has an older brother, who, like Holmes, is a bit more able but less interested in crime.

	Sherlock Holme					
b)	The residence v	vas mainta	ained by Dr. W	atson		
c)	He's usually cal	led to solv	e difficult case	s		
d)	Sir Arthur Cona	n Doyle sa	aid he created	the charact	er based on or	ne of his
	teachers					
e)	Holmes usually	solves the	crimes using	fingerprint p	owder and an	alysing the
	crime scene					
f)	Sherlock Holme	s gave rise	e to murder m	istery fiction	l	
g)	g) Hercule Poirot was created before Sherlock Holmes					
) Rea	ad the sentence	s and con	nplete them v	with words	from the box	below.
fin	e burgl	ar	vandals	judge	e la	w
priso	on	lawyer		shoplifting		
		V 2		,	11 11111	
	A b					
b)	The police caug	ht three	W	hen they w	ere damaging	public property
	Now they have					
	A woman was a	ccused of				
		ccused of				
d)	A woman was a	ccused of	ned the bank	robbers to s		
d) e)	A woman was a A The death pena	ccused of codem Ity is agair	ned the bank	robbers to s		
d) e)	A woman was a	ccused of codem Ity is agair	ned the bank	robbers to s		
d) e)	A woman was a A The death pena	ccused of codem Ity is agair	ned the bank nst the	robbers to s	seven years of	
d) e)	A woman was a A The death pena	ccused of codem Ity is agair	ned the bank nst the	robbers to s	seven years of	
d) e) OCA	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND c	ccused of codem Ity is agair	ned the bank nst the	robbers to s	seven years of	
d) e) OCA) Mat	A woman was a A The death pena ABULARY AND o tch the negative	ccused of codem Ity is agair GRAMMA form of t	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA Mat	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND e tch the negative	ccused of codem Ity is again GRAMMA form of t legal: silly	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA) Mat Corre a) b)	A woman was a A The death pena ABULARY AND o tch the negative	ccused of codem Ity is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA) Mat Corre a) b) c)	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND c tch the negative ect happy	GRAMMA form of t legal : silly: not nor: not right	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) COCA (A) (B) (Correction) (Correctio	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND c tch the negative ect happy	ccused of codem lty is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor: not righ: sad	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) COCA () Mat (a) b) c) d) e)	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND o tch the negative ect happy	ccused of codem lty is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor: not righ: sad: rude	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA) Mat Corre a) b) c) d) e) f)	A woman was a A The death pena ABULARY AND o tch the negative ect happy	ccused of codem lty is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor: not righ: sad: rude: boring	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual rmal	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA) Mat Corre a) b) c) d) e) f)	A woman was a A The death pena BULARY AND o tch the negative ect happy	ccused of codem lty is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor: not righ: sad: rude: boring	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual rmal	s below wit	even years of	ons.
d) e) OCA) Mat Corre a) b) c) d) e) f)	A woman was a A The death pena ABULARY AND o tch the negative ect happy	ccused of codem lty is agair GRAMMA form of t legal: silly: not nor: not righ: sad: rude: boring	ned the bank nst the R the adjectives usual rmal	s below wit	even years of	ons.

4) Pas	ssive voice. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in
brack	ets.
a)	My purse (steal) by a pickpocket last week.
b)	Sometimes ordinary people (ask) to help the police with
	information.
c)	When (your car/steal)?
d)	Sherlock Holmes (write) by Arthur Conan Doyle.
e)	Christmas (celebrate) each year.
5) Ord	der the word to make sentences.
a)	get / your eyes / you / should / tested / regularly
a)	last week / had / my house / painted / I
b)	often / how / cleaned / the windows / you / do / get / ?
c)	the sofa / can / you / delivered / have / to your house
d)	getting / dress / a / she's / for her wedding / made
6) Rea	ad the sentences and choose the correct option.
a)	The police caught the witness / suspect because he stole the same shop twice.
b)	A detective usually looks for clues / magnifying glass in the crime scene.
c)	The robbers managed to trip / scape through the window.
d)	The police jumped / chased the thieves down the street.
e)	She was hurt because someone pulled / pushed her down the stairs.
f)	A witness is usually inteviewed / chased by the police.

g) The police is solving / searching the area.

WRITING

- 7) Write an email to your friend telling him/her about a crime you saw or that happened to you. Use the following questions to guide you.
 - · When did it happen?
 - · What did the thief/thieves steal?
 - · How many were the thieves?
 - Did the police catch them?
 - Was there somebody injured?