ADJECTIVES ENDING IN – ED OR – ING

An **adjective** that ends in **-ING** is used to describe: the characteristic of a person, a thing or a situation.

An **adjective** that ends in **-ED** is used to describe: a feeling (or how a person feels) or an emotion. It is used to describe a temporary thing.

Un adjetivo que termina en -ING se usa para describir: características de una persona, una cosa o una situación.

Un adjetivo que termina en -ED se usa para describir: un sentimiento (o cómo se siente una persona) o una emoción. Se usa para describir algo temporal.

1) CHOOSE THE CORRECT ADJECTIVES. THEN LISTEN AND CHECK:

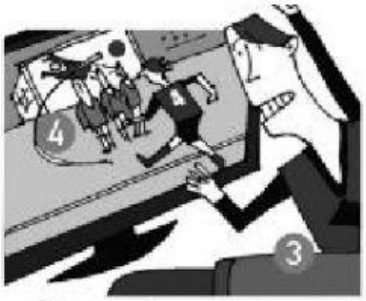
1. John is **bored / boring** because the film is **bored / boring**.
2. The results of the experiments are very **surprised / surprising**. The scientists are **worried / worrying**.
3. I'm **annoyed / annoying** because my friend is late again! It's very **annoyed / annoying** when people are always late.
4. We're **tired / tiring** because it's very late but the documentary is **interested / interesting**.
5. They are **frightened / frightening** of spiders. They think spiders are **frightened / frightening**.

2) USE THE WORDS FROM THE LIST TO COMPLETE THE SENTENCES:

1. I'm sorry, sir. I'm not ... in buying anything now.
2. This film is not very good. I'm getting very ... . I think I'm going back home.
3. What's the matter? Are you ... about your marks?
4. Tom feels ... . He was studying all weekend and did not pass his exam.
5. I painted my bedroom on Saturday. I got very ... and went to bed early.
6. Sheila was ... when she heard the news about the avalanche in the mountains.

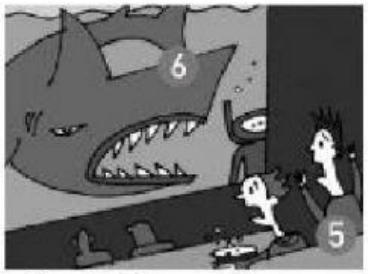
worried	surprised	tired	interested	depressed	bored

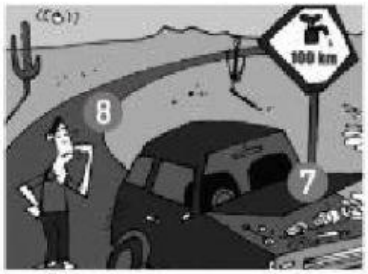
3) COMPLETE USING –ED OR -ING



1. bor*ing*
2. bor_____

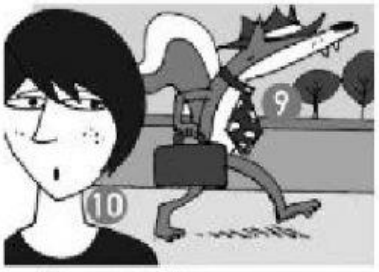
3. excit_____
4. excit_____

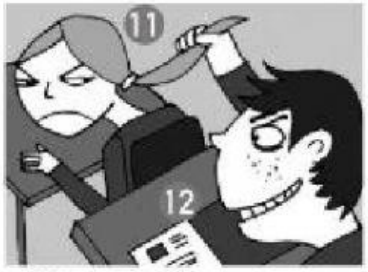




5. frighten_____
6. frighten_____

7. worr_____
8. worr_____



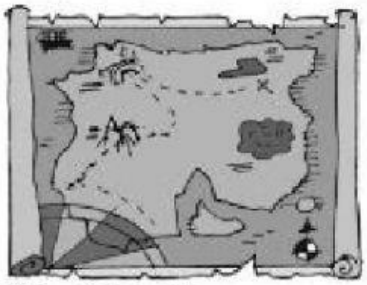


9. surpris_____
10. surpris_____

11. annoy_____
12. annoy_____

13. tir_____

14. tir_____



15. interest_____

16. interest_____

4) **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:**

She borrows my things and doesn't give them back. It's very **annoyed** / **annoying.**

1. He travels a lot and tells great stories. He's a very **interested** / **interesting** person.
2. We're going on holiday tomorrow. I'm really **excited** / **exciting**.
3. I'm very **worried** / **worrying** because I can't find my passport anywhere.
4. I didn't expect to get a good mark. I was very **surprised** / **surprising**.
5. The waves were really big and I'm not a good swimmer. It was **frightened** / **frightening**.