

Persons	Subject pronouns (who)	Object Pronouns (to whom)	Possessive adjectives (whose +noun)	Possessive pronouns (whose)	Reflexive pronouns
1 st person	I	me	my +(noun)	mine	myself
2 nd person	You	you	your+(noun)	yours	yourself
3 rd person (male) 	He	him	his+ (noun)	his	himself
3 rd person (female) 	She	her	her+ (noun)	hers	herself
3 rd person 	It	it	its +(noun)	its	itself
1 st person (plural)	We	us	our+ (noun)	ours	ourselves
2 nd person (plural)	You	you	your+ (noun)	yours	yourselves
3 rd person (plural)	They	them	their+(noun)	theirs	themselves

A Fill in the possessives referring to the person or thing mentioned before to complete the following sentences.

- I want to change my/ your/ our job.
- As you make your/ their/ her bed, so you must lie in it.
- Mark claims this book to be hers/ his.

- Peter cleaned your/ his teeth and went to bed.
- She is so fat. their/ her figure is awful.
- I don't think this umbrella is mine/ yours.
- The two countries have recently exchanged theirs / their ambassadors.
- We are going to spend ours/ our holidays at the seaside.

9. This can't be Stella's signature. Her / Hers/ His is quite different.
10. He beat my/ his/ their brains about the incident.
11. Everything is in it/ its/ your place, I hope?
12. The Molds' sold his / her/ their house in January.
13. 'Milan, don't use this towel, please. It isn't his/ your/ yours.'
14. They've broken your/ their/ theirs engagement.
15. They say that the picture is theirs/ their.
16. He got the trouble off hers/ his chest.
17. Every dog has it/ its/ his/ her day.
18. Our dog didn't like your/ his/ its new collar.
19. A bad workman always blames his/ their/ your tools.
20. Is it possible you've said anything like that? Is the statement in today's press really yours/ your?

B Choose the correct alternative.

- I went with (she/ her) to see (they/ them).
- (We/ Us) will all come together with (he/ him).
- Some letters have come

- from (she/ her)
for (I/ me).
- (They, Them) told (I/ me) many things about (he / him).
 - (I/ Me) thought it was (he/ him) coming to see (I/ me).
 - Mr Smith and (he, him) are great friends.
 - (I/ me) must see (she/ her).
 - (She/ Her) wants to see (I/ me).
 - (He/Him) came here with (we/ us).
 - He took (she/ her) to the pictures

C Choose the correct alternative

- It was (she, her) who said this, not (I, me).
- (He, Him) knows much more English than me.
- Are you talking about (we, us) or about (they, them)?
- Between, you and (I, me), (I, me) am more afraid of (she, her) than of (he, him).

5. It was (he, him) I was talking to, not (she, her).
6. Let (we, us) all go to the pictures except (she, her), since (she, her) is so tired.
7. Why should (I, me) do it for (they, them)? (I, me) don't even speak to (they, them).
8. (I, me) don't know if (he, him) is stronger than me.
9. Nobody could answer (he, him) except (I, me).
10. Please help (we, us) to carry (she, her), (she, he r) has had an accident.

5. You like painting. Your/ yours paintings are beautiful.
6. She speaks English very well because her/ hers mother is English.
7. Our car is red and your/ yours is blue.
8. My friends love gardening. Their/ Theirs garden is fantastic.
9. Kate and Mary, don't play with these balls, they are not your/ yours.
10. We don't like their house, we prefer our/ ours.
11. Is that your hat? No, it isn't my/ mine.

D Choose the correct alternative

1. Jack has two sisters.
 Their/ Theirs names are Jane and Judy.
2. Look at this lovely bird! Its/ It head is red !
3. Kate is not in my bedroom. She is in her/ hers.
4. This rabbit is not in the right hutch. Please put it in its/ it.