

PŘEDLOŽKY A PŘEDPONY

Urči, kdy se jedná o předložku a kdy o předponu. Slova přepiš správně:

(pod)chod, (před)stava, (před)domem, (od)maminky,
(od)stoupit, (nad)stolem, (pod)židlí, (od)jezd, (nad)běhnout,
(od)vás, (od)lepit, (před)ložka, (nad)chod, (nad)střechou,
(od)stavit, (pod)kova, (pod)postelí

Přepiš do políčka věty správně:

Žácičekalipředškolouopůlosmé.

Odpolednípředstavenízačalovpěthodin.

Koupilijsmevstupenkyvpředprodeji.

Vrátilijsmeseodbabičkyažvneděli.

Napodzimpadálistí.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995 (Department of Health 1996).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector, and to ensure that the public sector is able to deliver the services that are required by the public. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of competition, the restructuring of public sector organisations, and the introduction of performance measures. The aim of these initiatives is to ensure that the public sector is able to deliver the services that are required by the public, in a cost-effective and efficient manner.

One of the key challenges facing the public sector is the need to improve the efficiency of the services that it provides. This is a complex task, as it involves a number of factors, including the need to improve the quality of the services, the need to reduce the costs of the services, and the need to ensure that the services are delivered in a timely and efficient manner.

One of the key factors that can affect the efficiency of the public sector is the quality of the services that it provides. If the services are of poor quality, then the public sector will be unable to deliver the services that are required by the public, in a cost-effective and efficient manner.

Another key factor that can affect the efficiency of the public sector is the costs of the services. If the costs of the services are too high, then the public sector will be unable to deliver the services that are required by the public, in a cost-effective and efficient manner.

Finally, another key factor that can affect the efficiency of the public sector is the timing of the services. If the services are not delivered in a timely and efficient manner, then the public sector will be unable to deliver the services that are required by the public, in a cost-effective and efficient manner.

There are a number of ways in which the public sector can improve the efficiency of the services that it provides. One way is to improve the quality of the services. Another way is to reduce the costs of the services. Finally, another way is to ensure that the services are delivered in a timely and efficient manner.

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